

# Screening and Immunotyping Monoclonal Antibody using the V8 Nexus

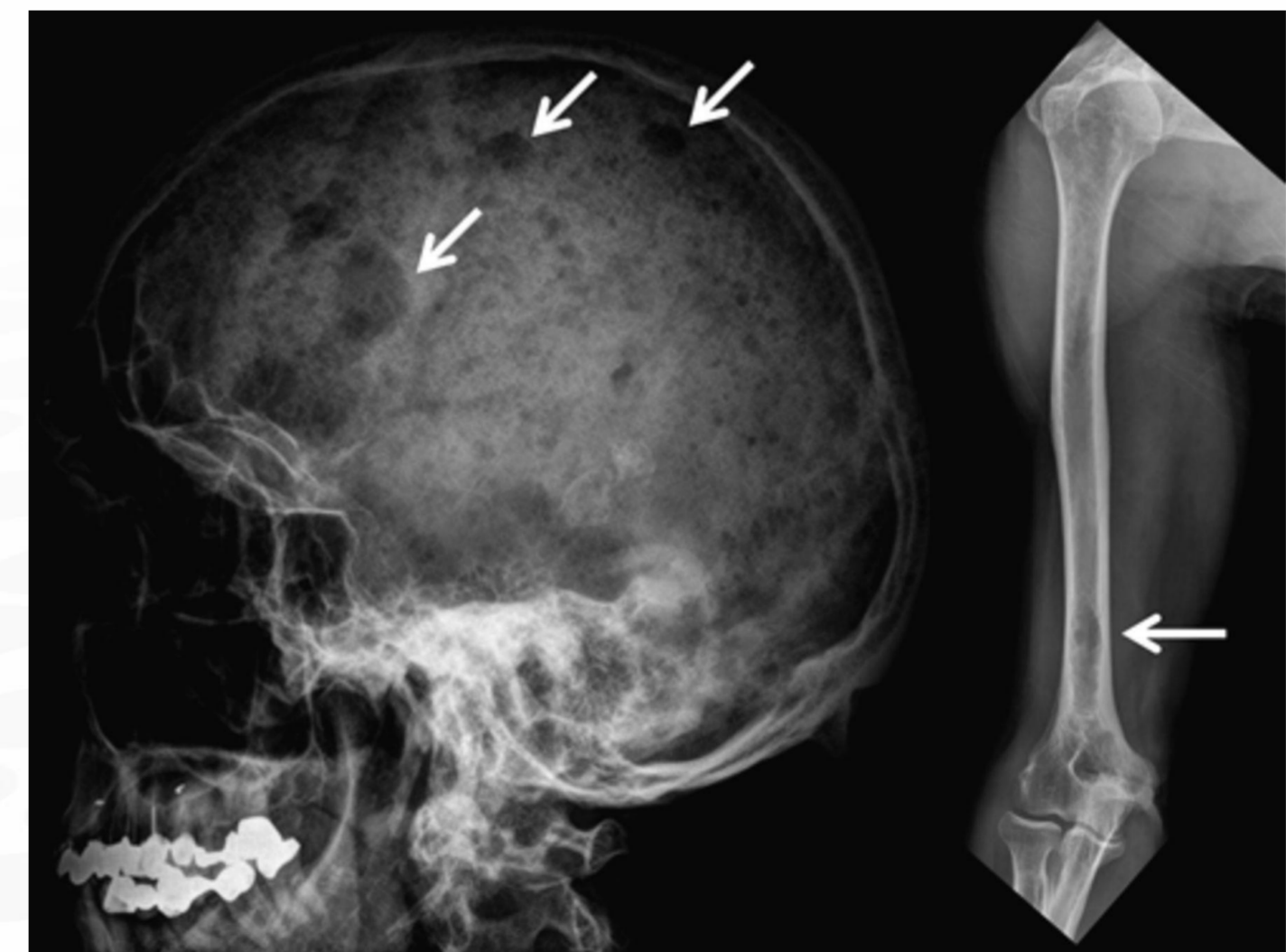
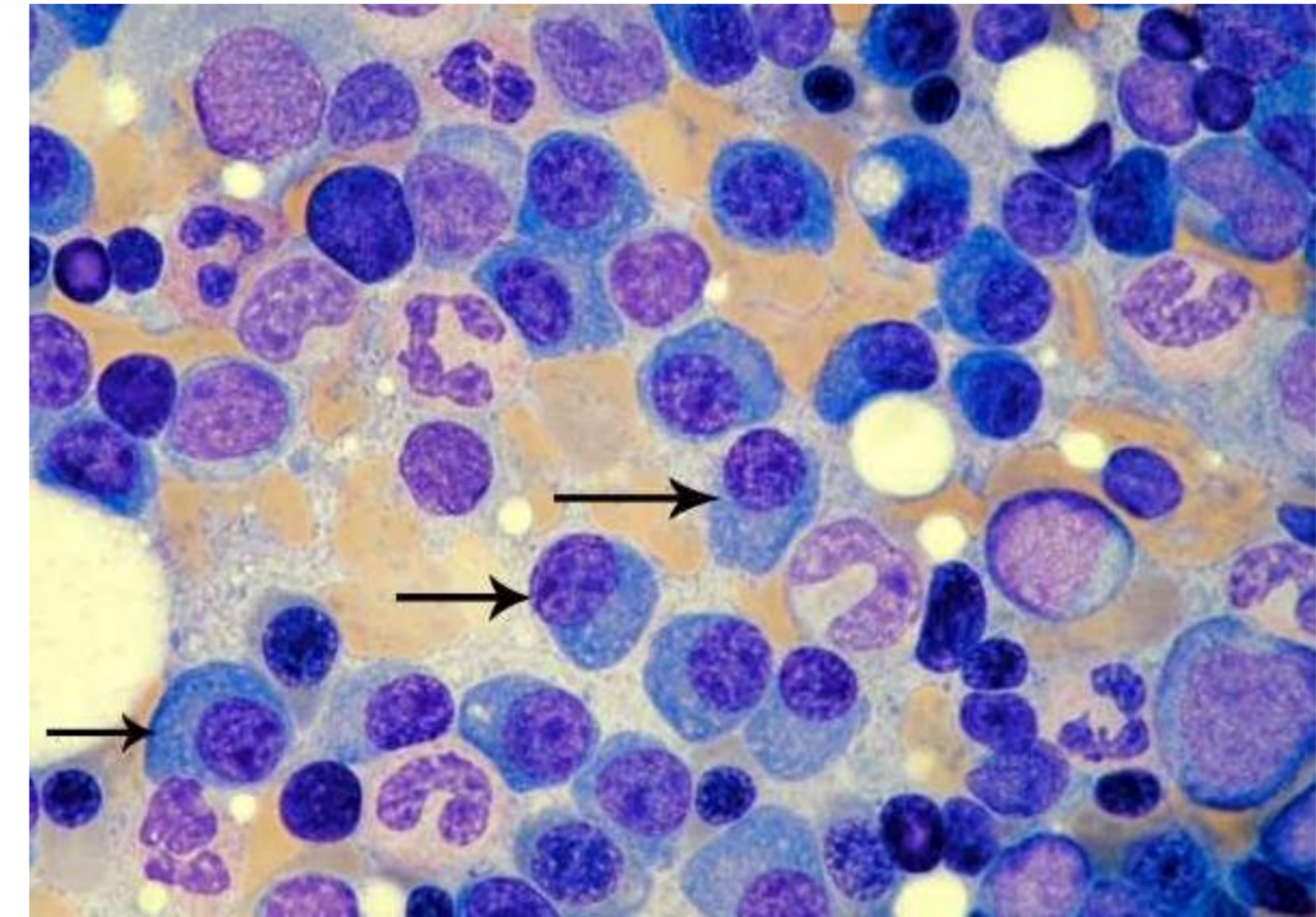


Ankara – July 2019

Tony Aitchison – Helena Biosciences

# Multiple Myeloma

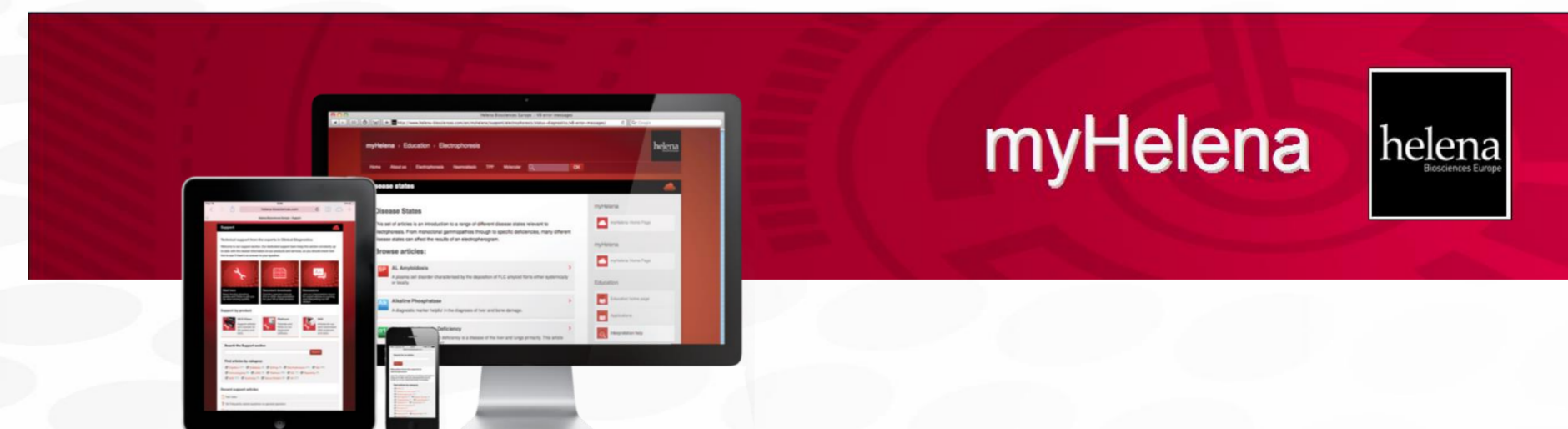
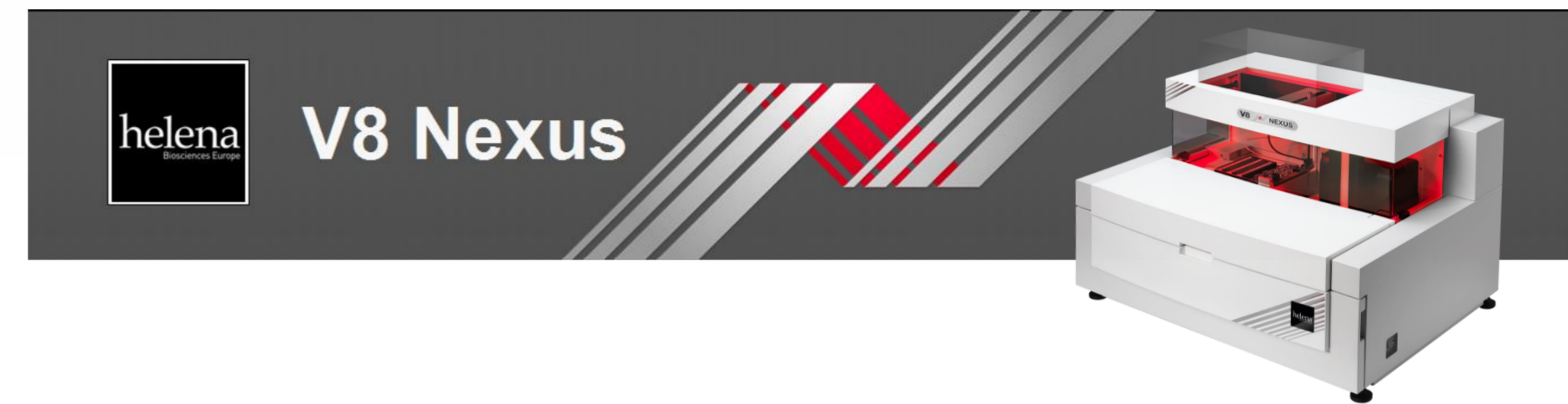
- Cancerous plasma cell tumour mass
- Clonal expansion of Plasma & B Cells
- Monoclonal antibody production
- Serum monoclonal antibody level indirectly proportional to tumour mass
- Serum Protein Electrophoresis



# Serum Protein Screening using Helena

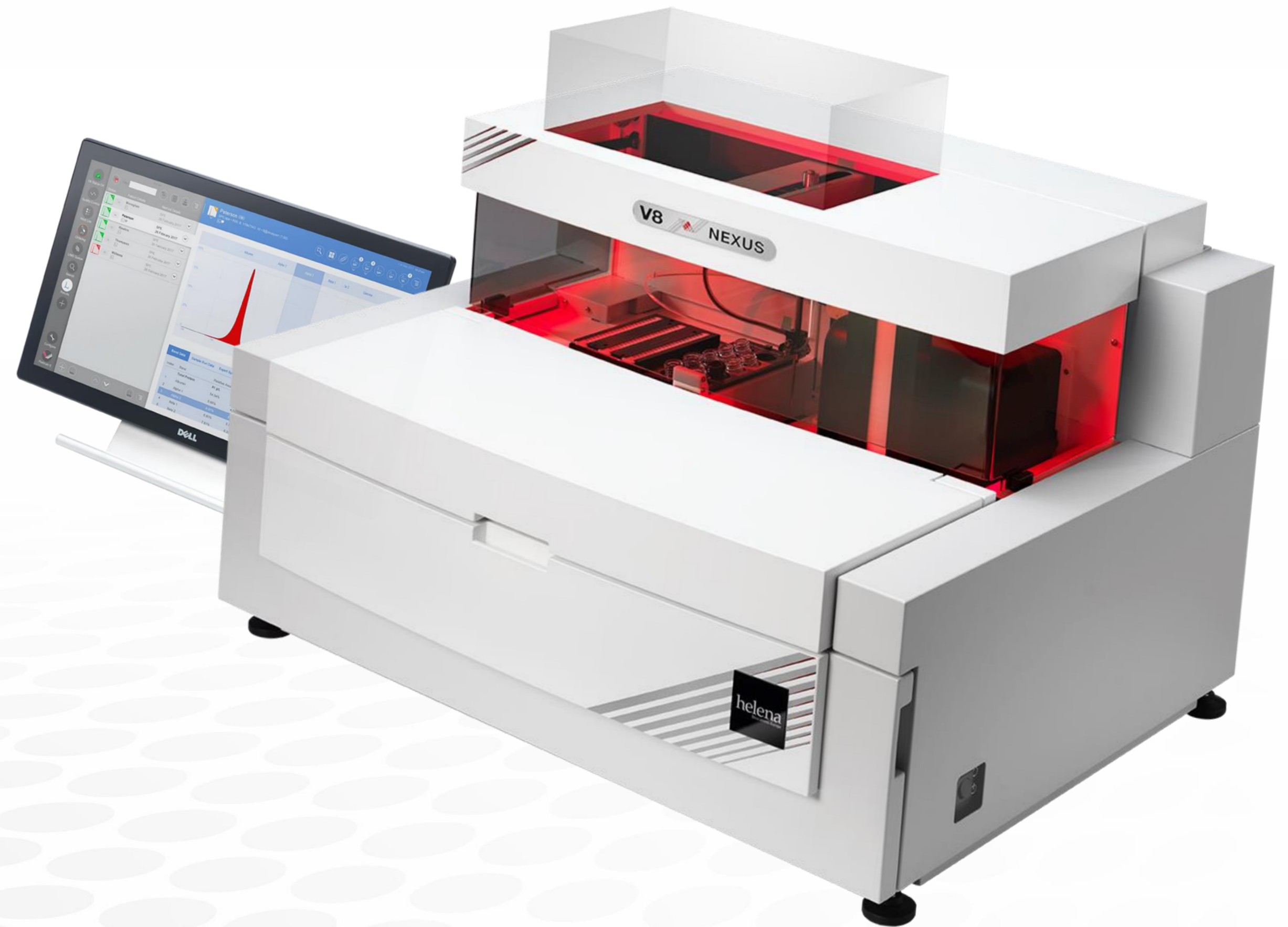
Helena platform can address entire serum protein screening requirements:

- High throughput CZE screening
- Sensitive immunotyping
- Powerful integration
- Comprehensive training

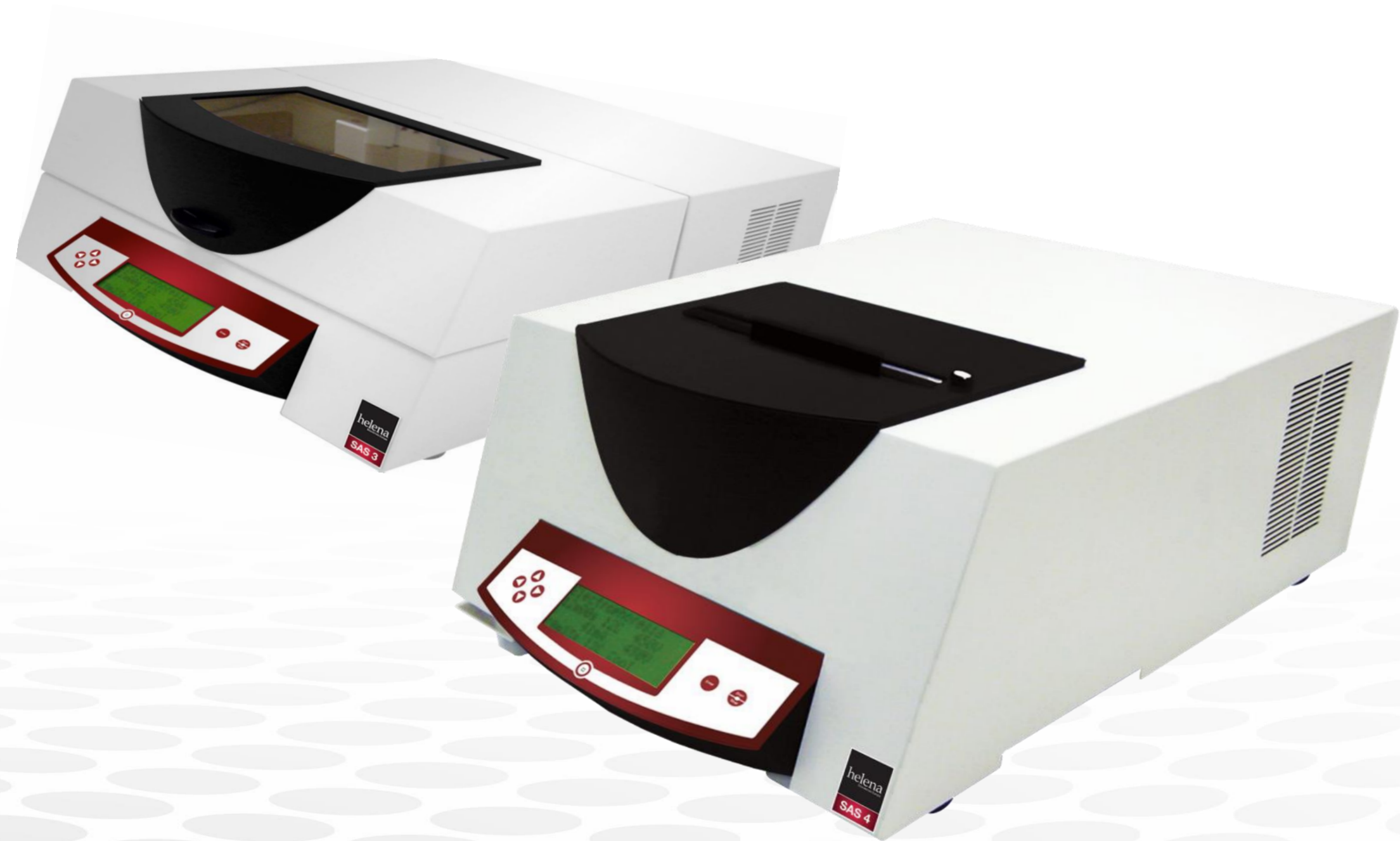


# V8 Nexus

- Capillary electrophoresis
- 8 Channel
- Full walk away automation
- Multi test analyser
- Automated maintenance
- Gel integration
- Track and network integration

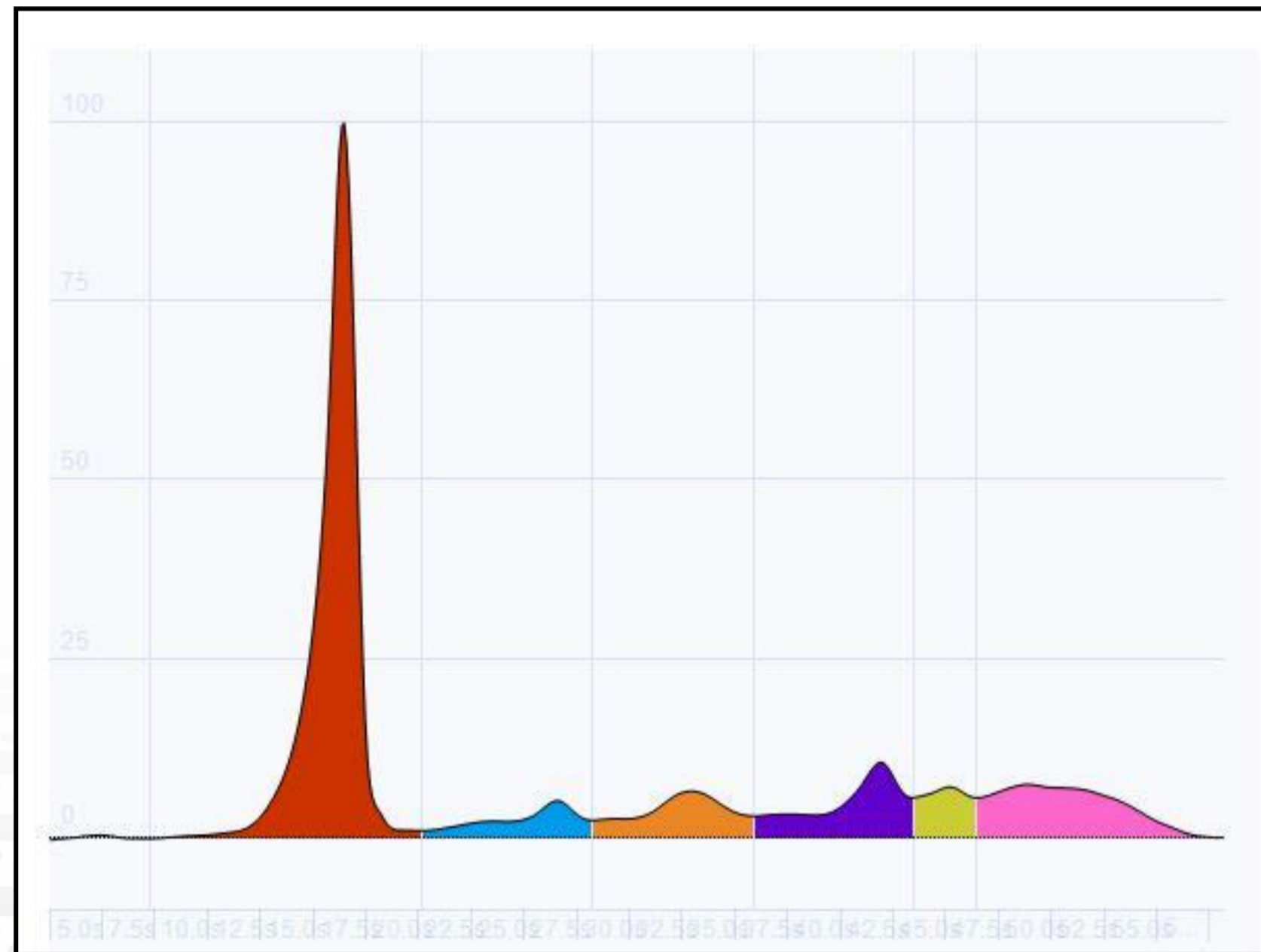


# SAS Gel Electrophoresis



- Semi automated
- SAS-3 Electrophoresis
- SAS-4 Stainer
- Automated sample prep  
using V8 Nexus
- Common database for Gel  
and CZE results

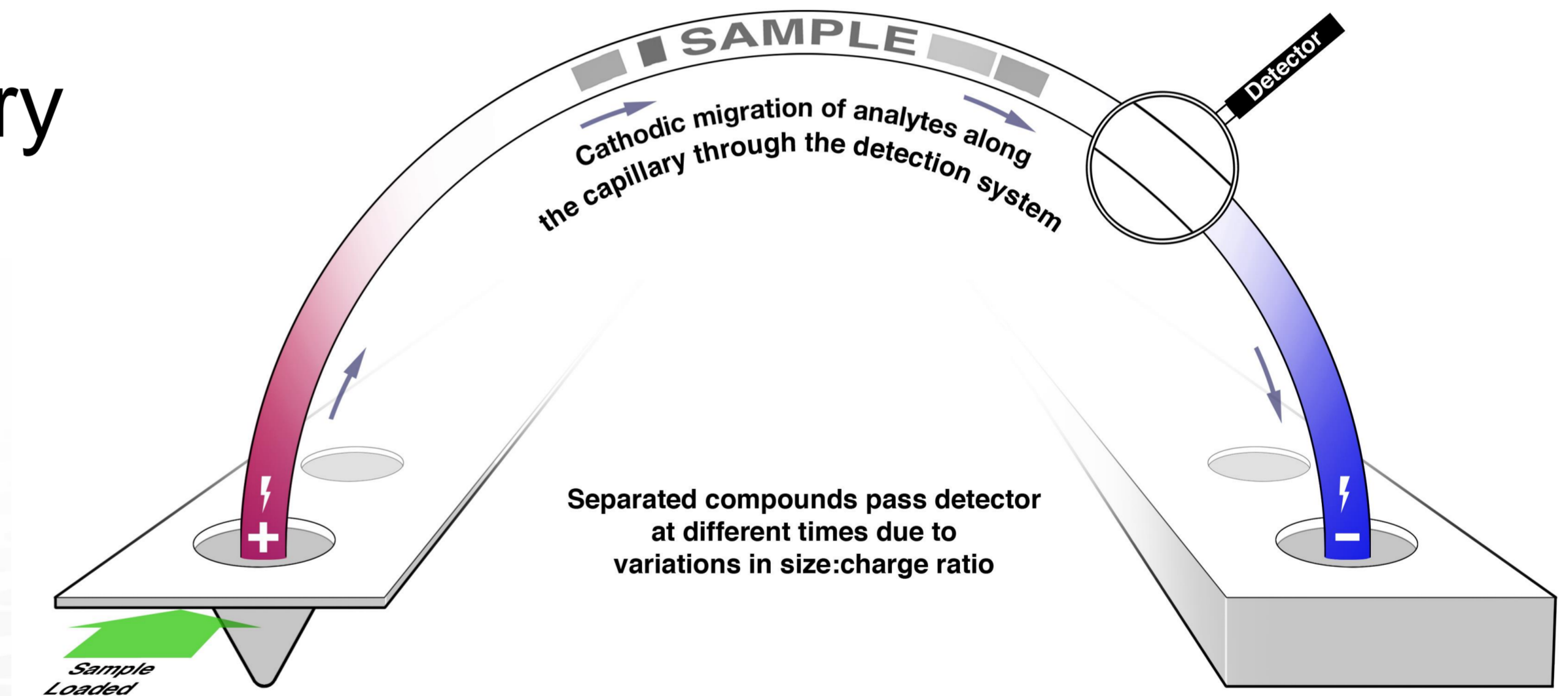
# Serum Protein Screening



- CZE separation on the V8
- Split beta separation
- High throughput
- Accurate monoclonal measurement
- Easily compare to historic results

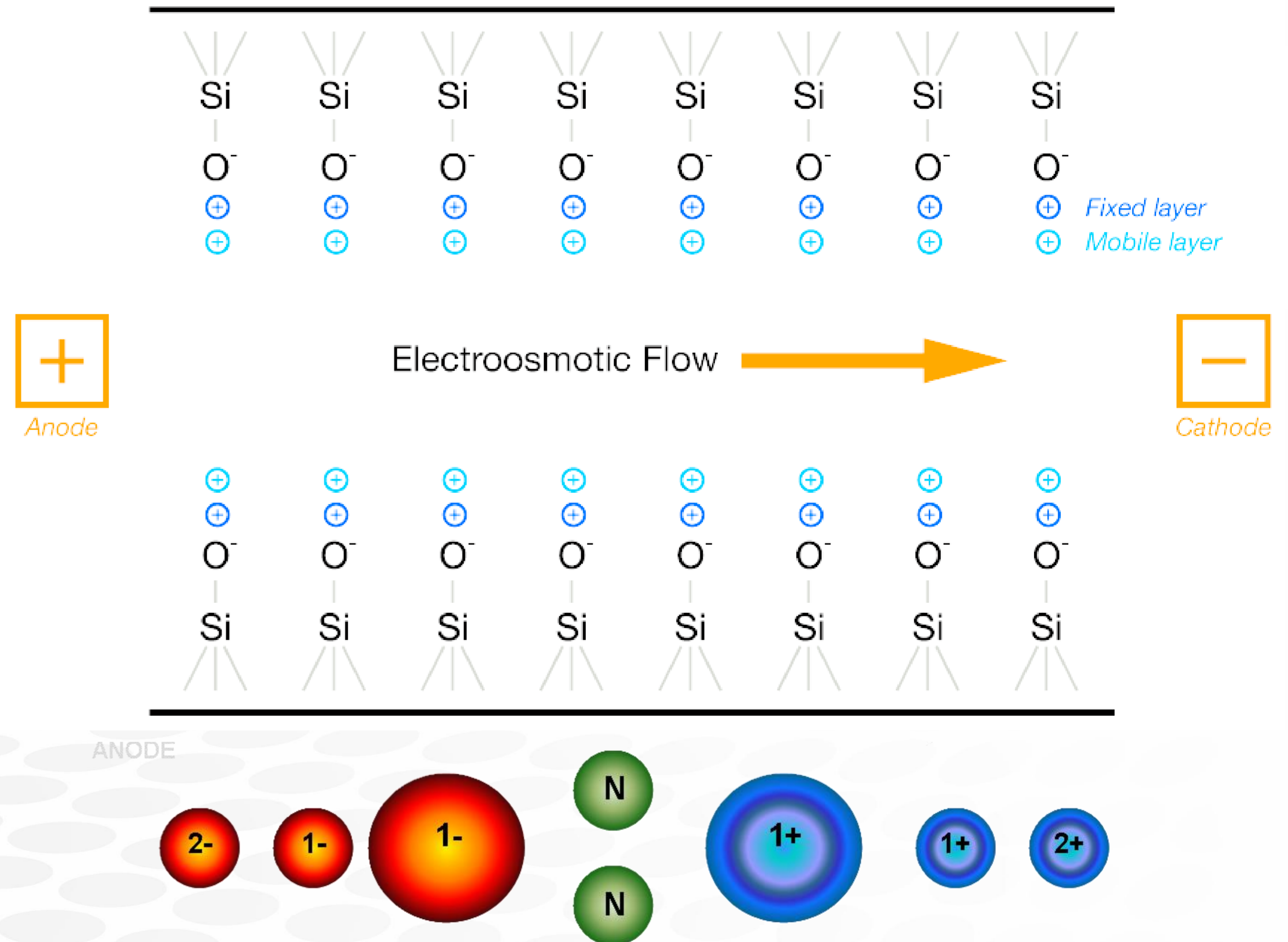
# Capillary Electrophoresis

- Sample cups loaded at anode
- Vacuum applied to load capillary
- Current applied to facilitate separation
- Absorbance measured as protein passes the detector



# Electro-Osmotic Flow (EOF)

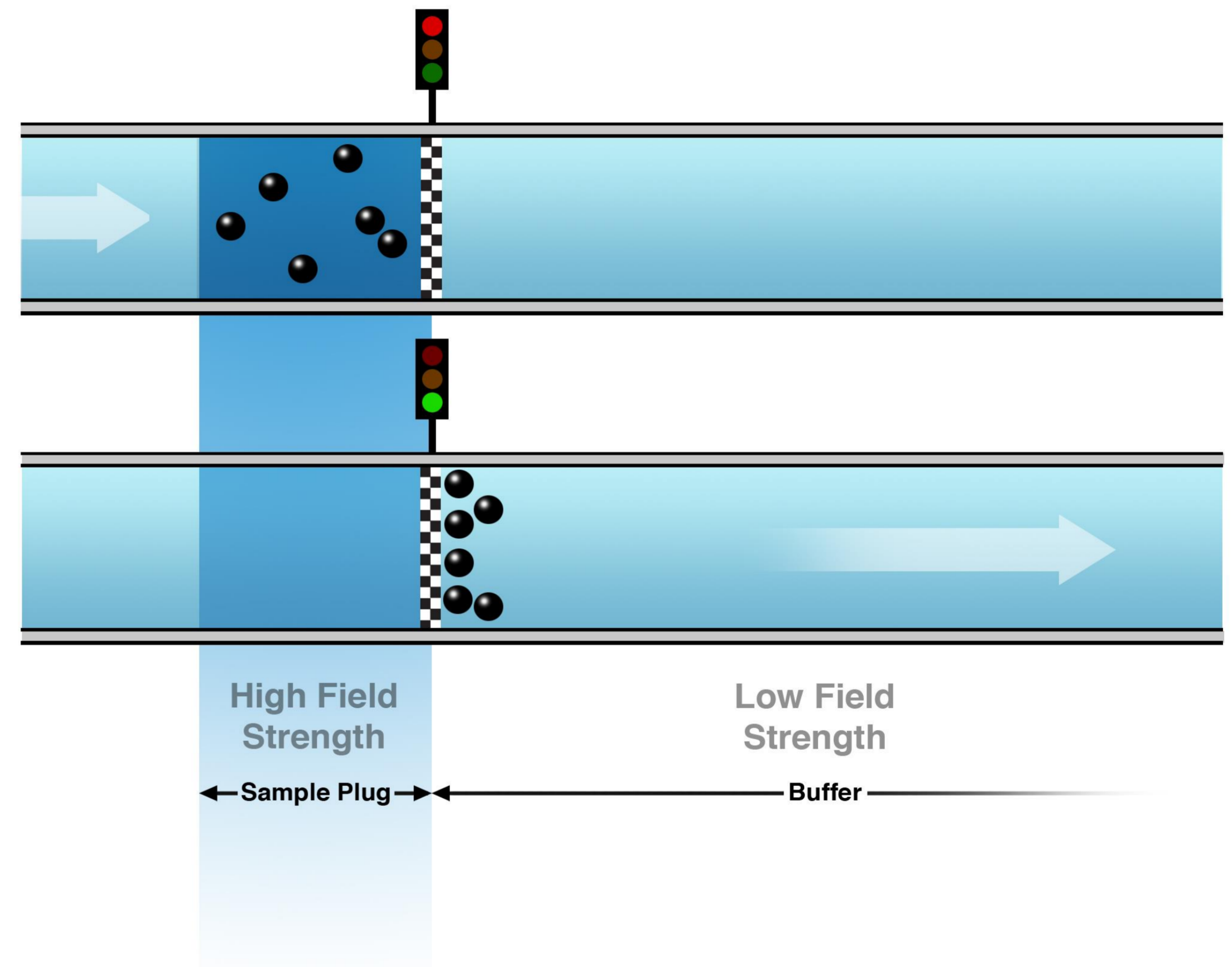
- Silica capillaries have negative charge
- Run buffer coats capillary neutralising charge
- Remaining buffer flows through capillary



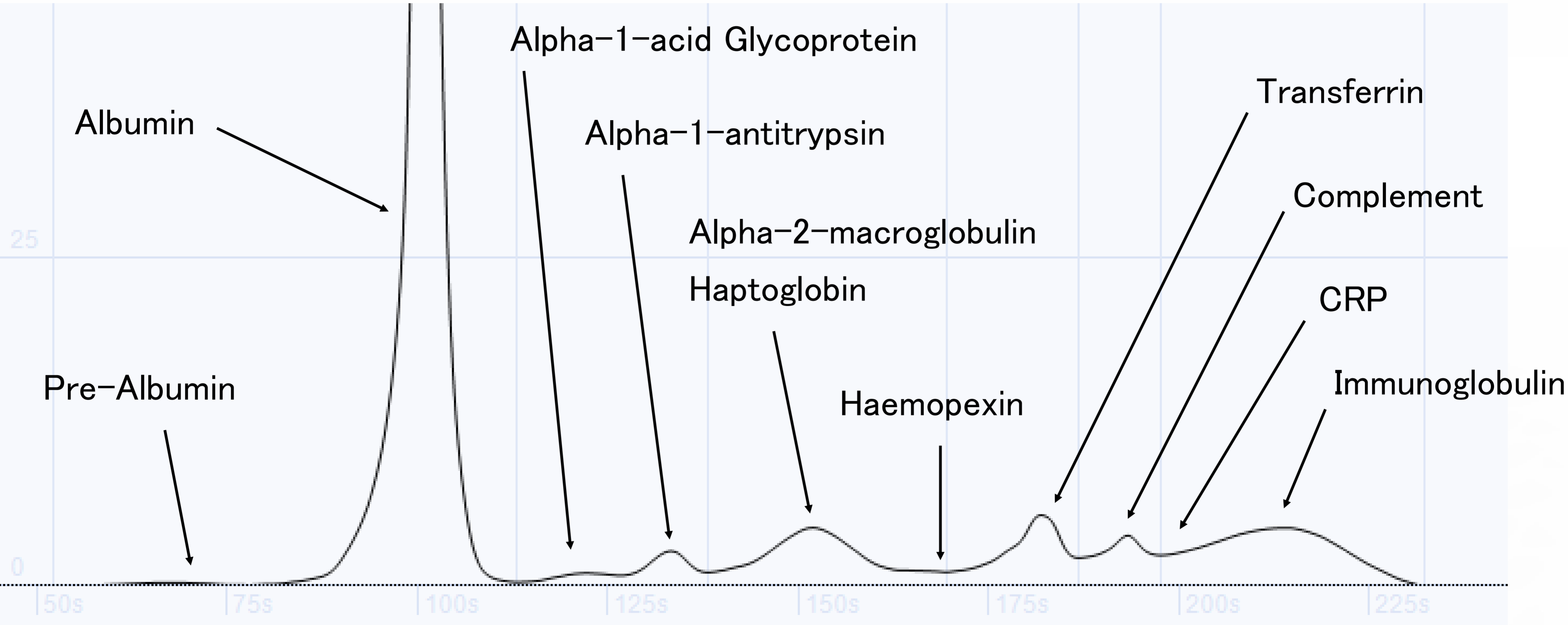


# Sample Stacking

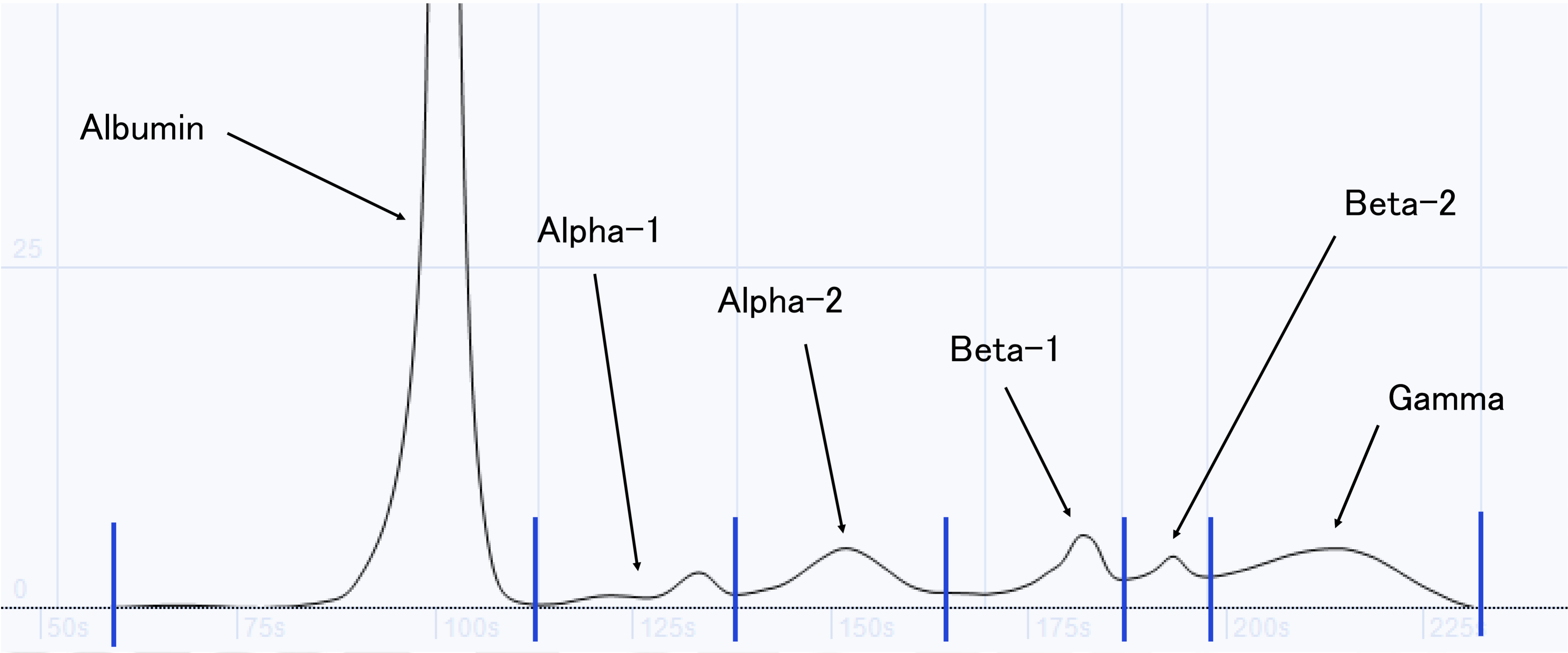
- Differences in protein mobility between diluent and buffer stack protein prior to separation
- Diluent – fast mobility
- Run buffer – slow mobility



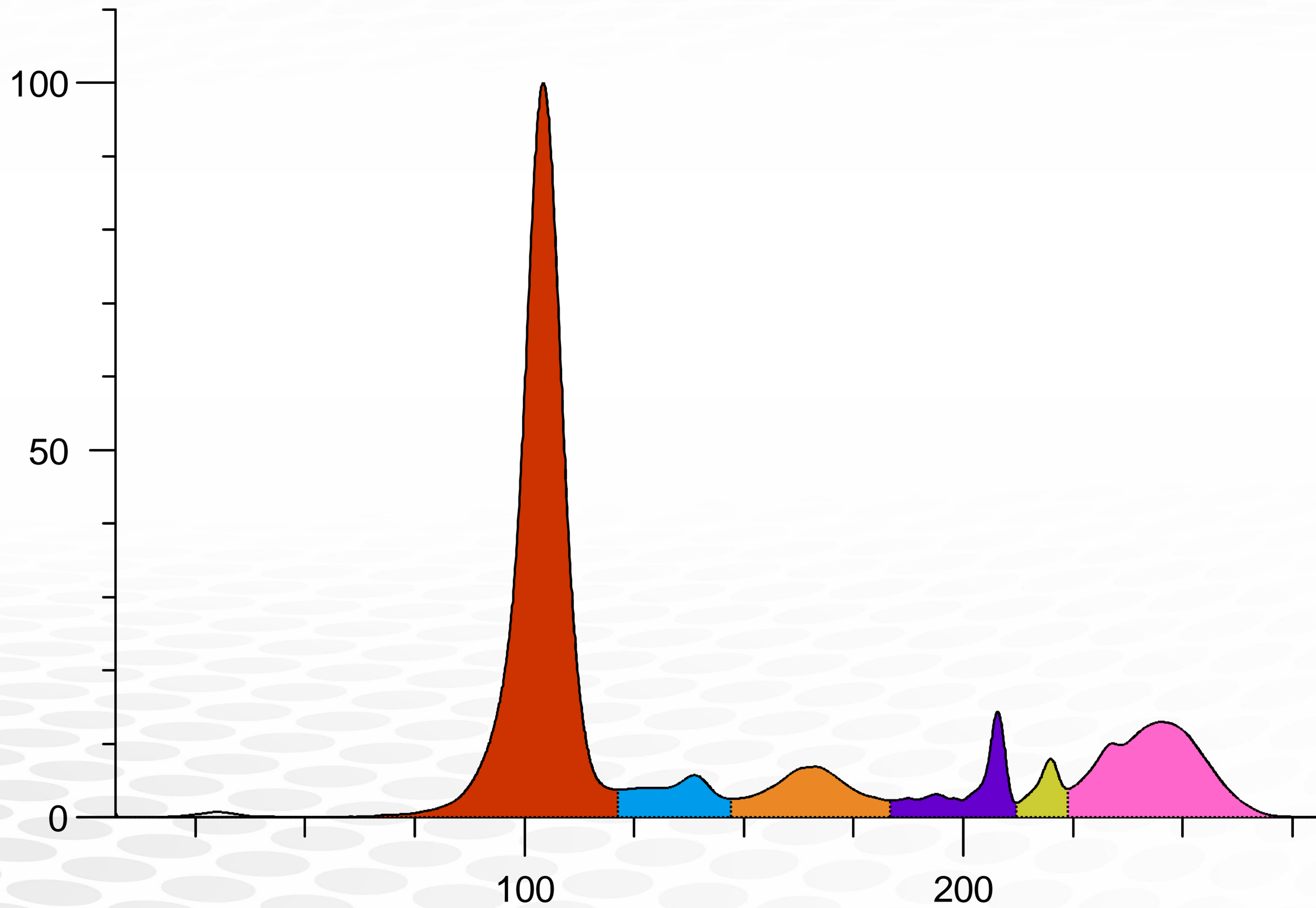
# Serum Protein Electropherogram



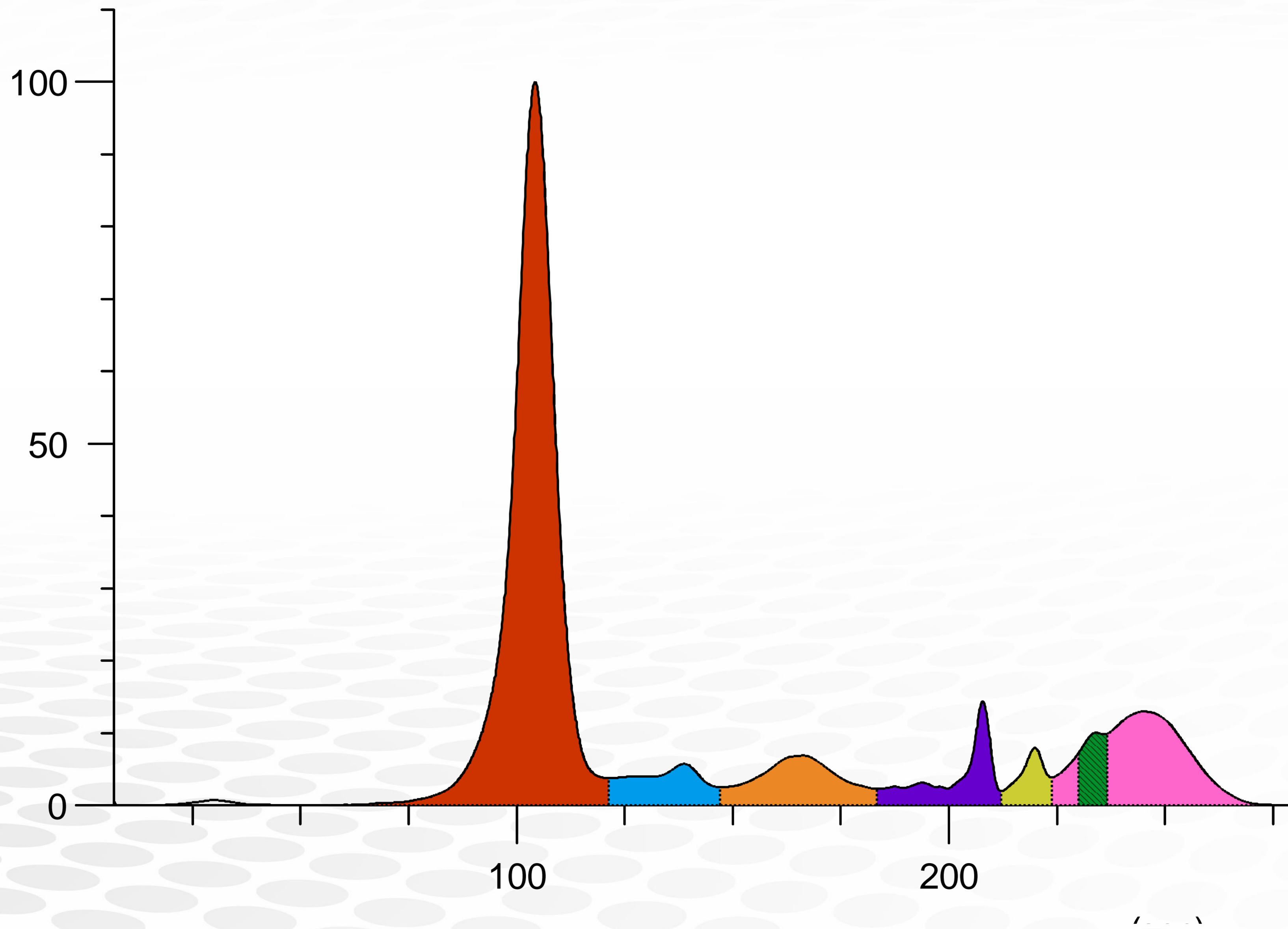
# Six Band Serum Protein Trace



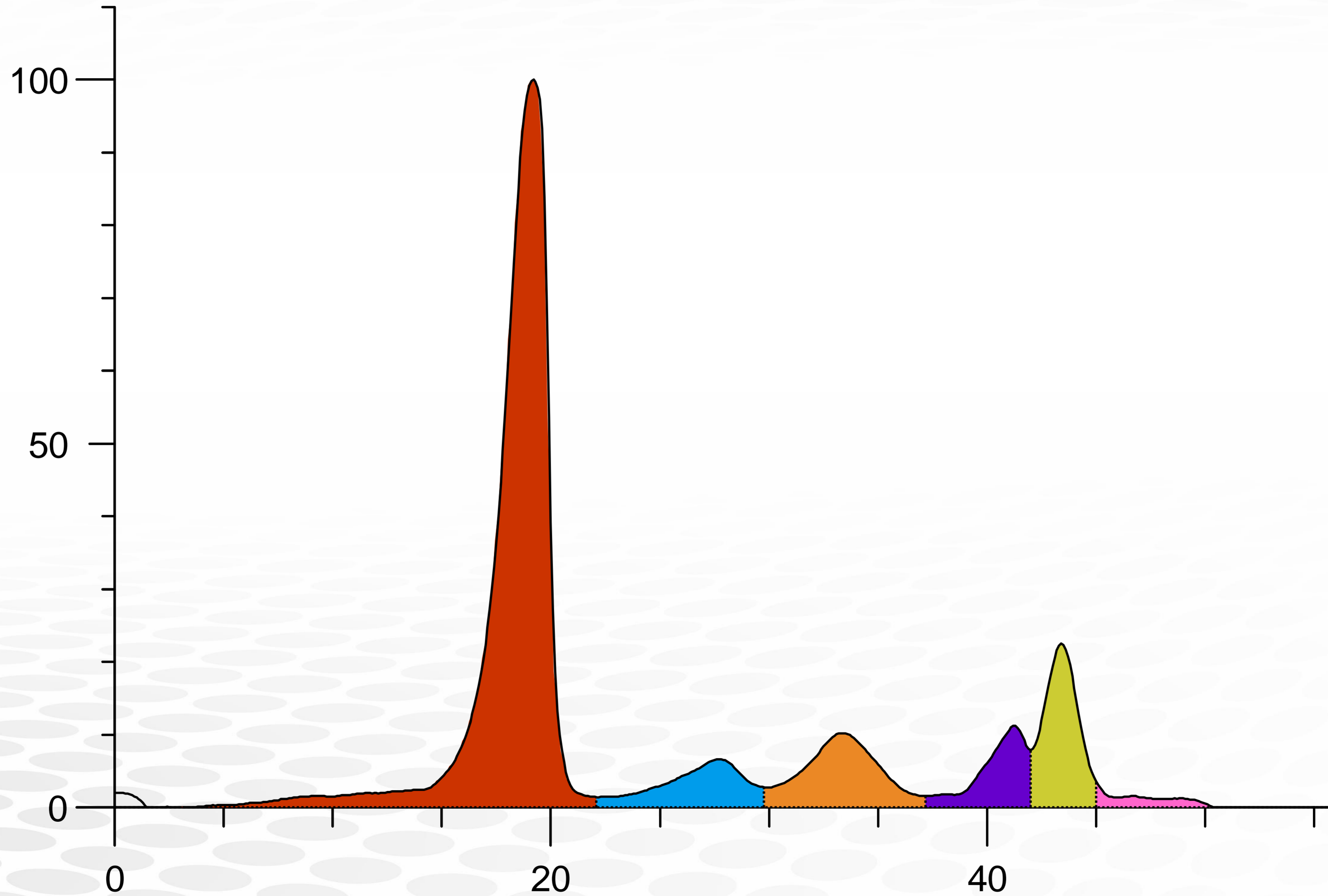
# Additional Peak



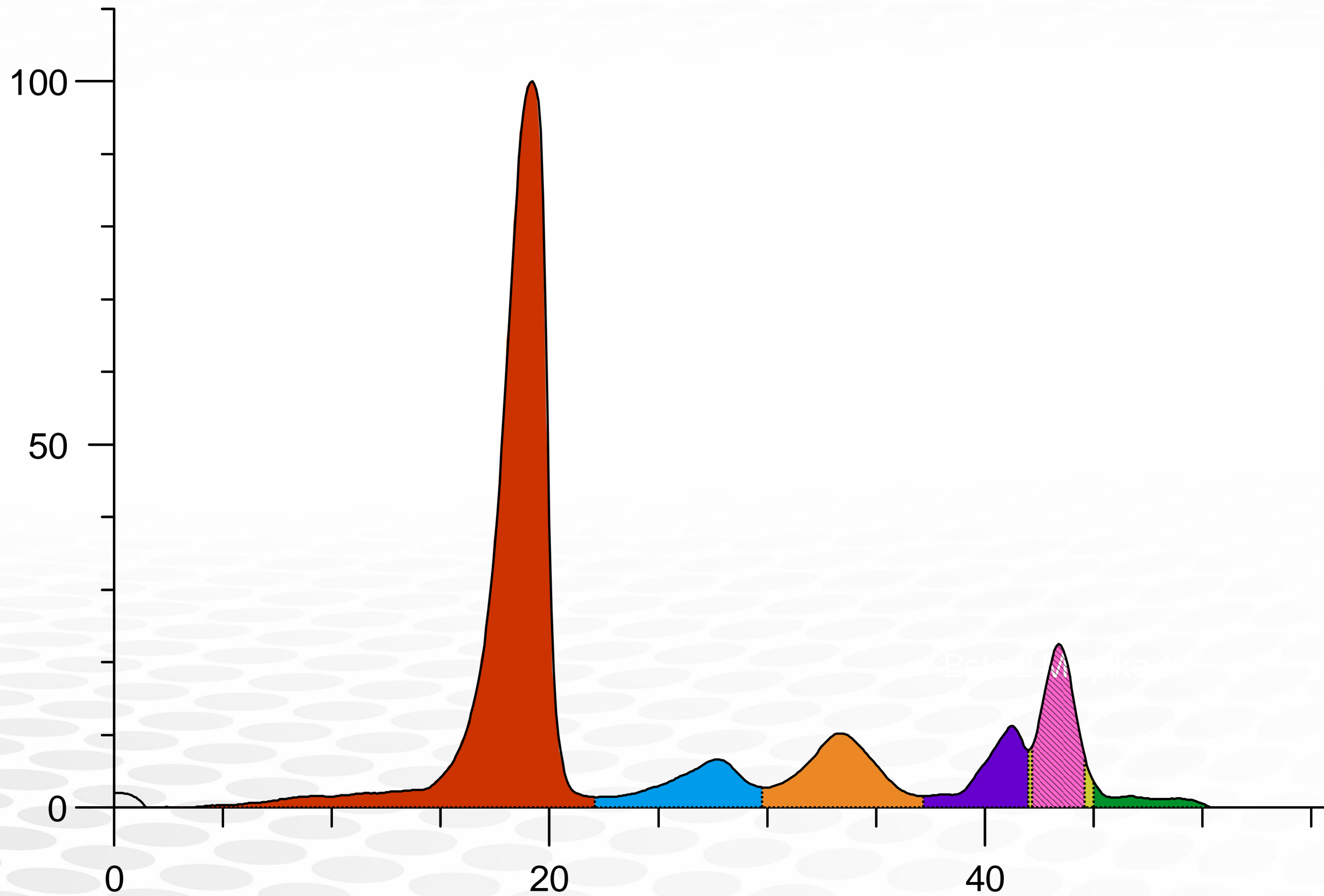
# Additional Peak



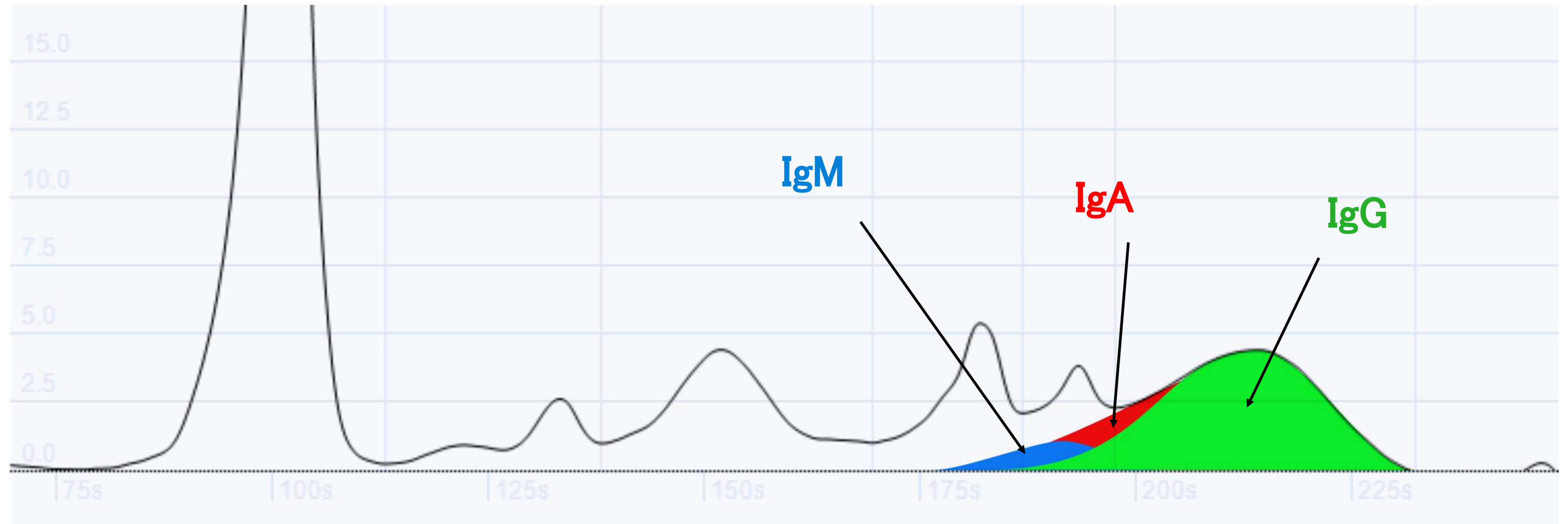
# Relative Peak Percentages



# Relative Peak Percentages

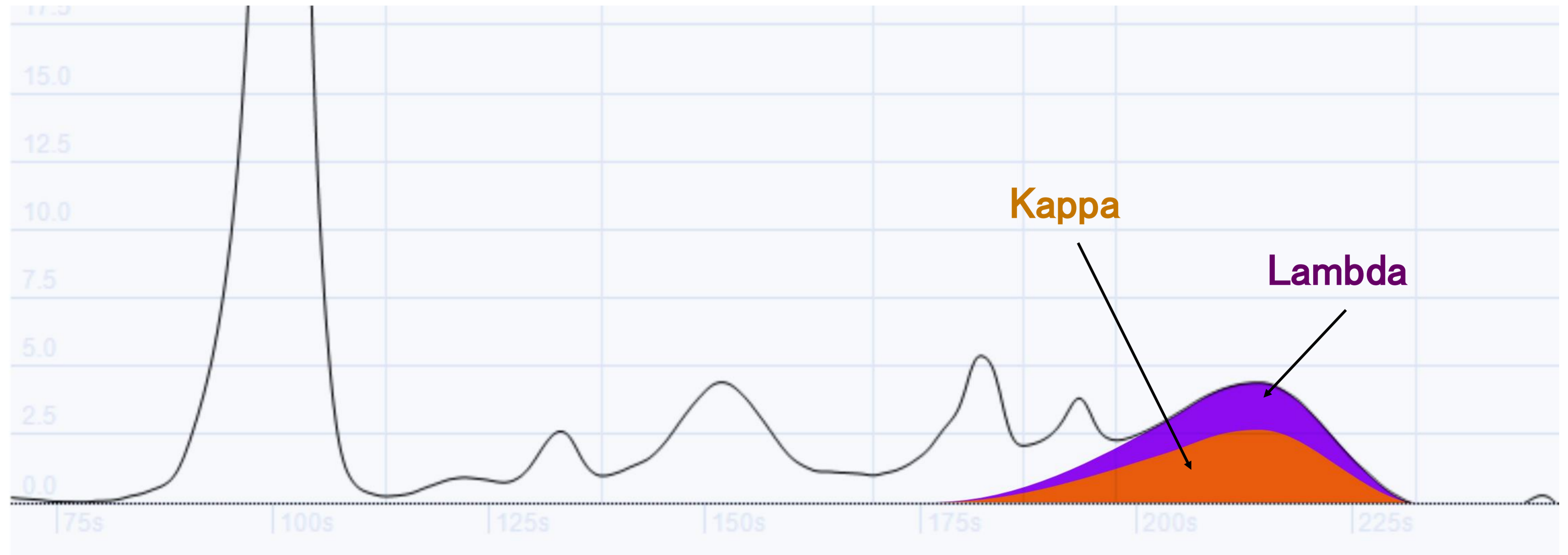


# Immunoglobulin Migration – Heavy Chains

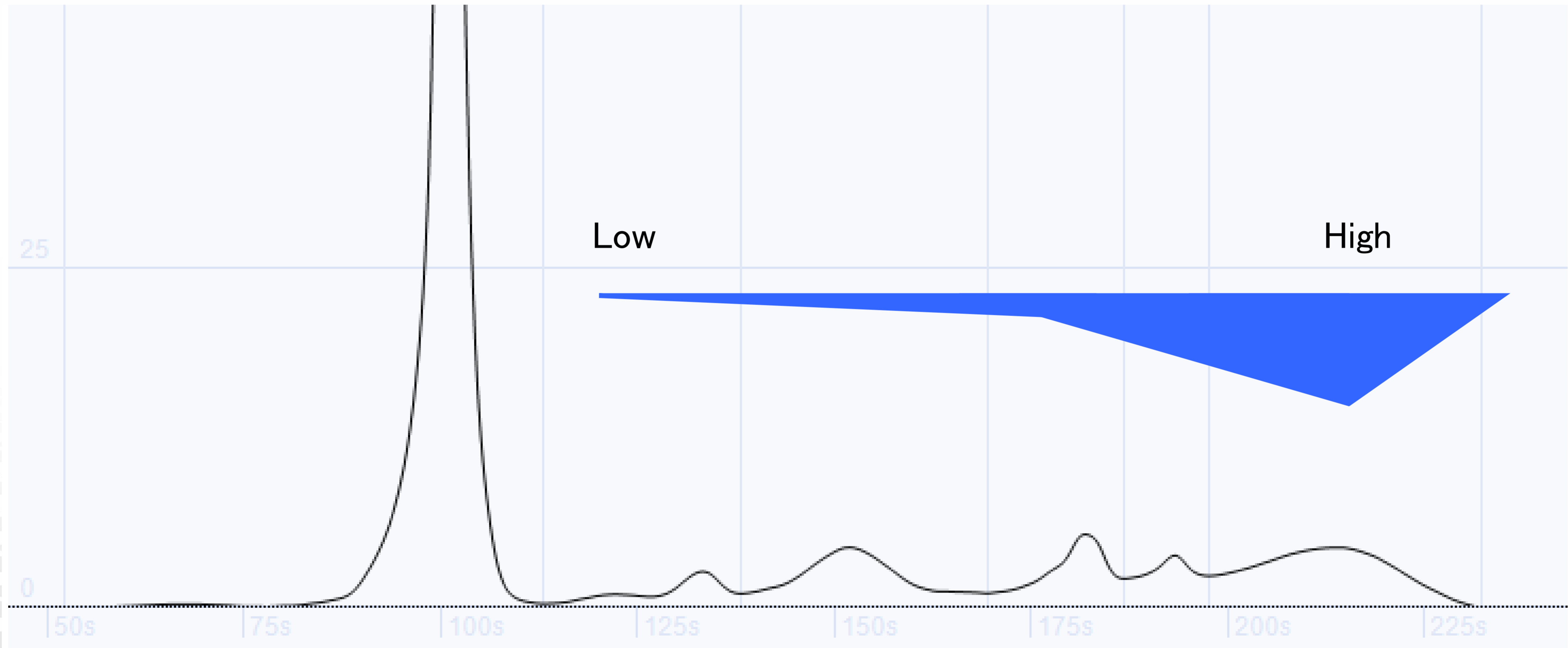




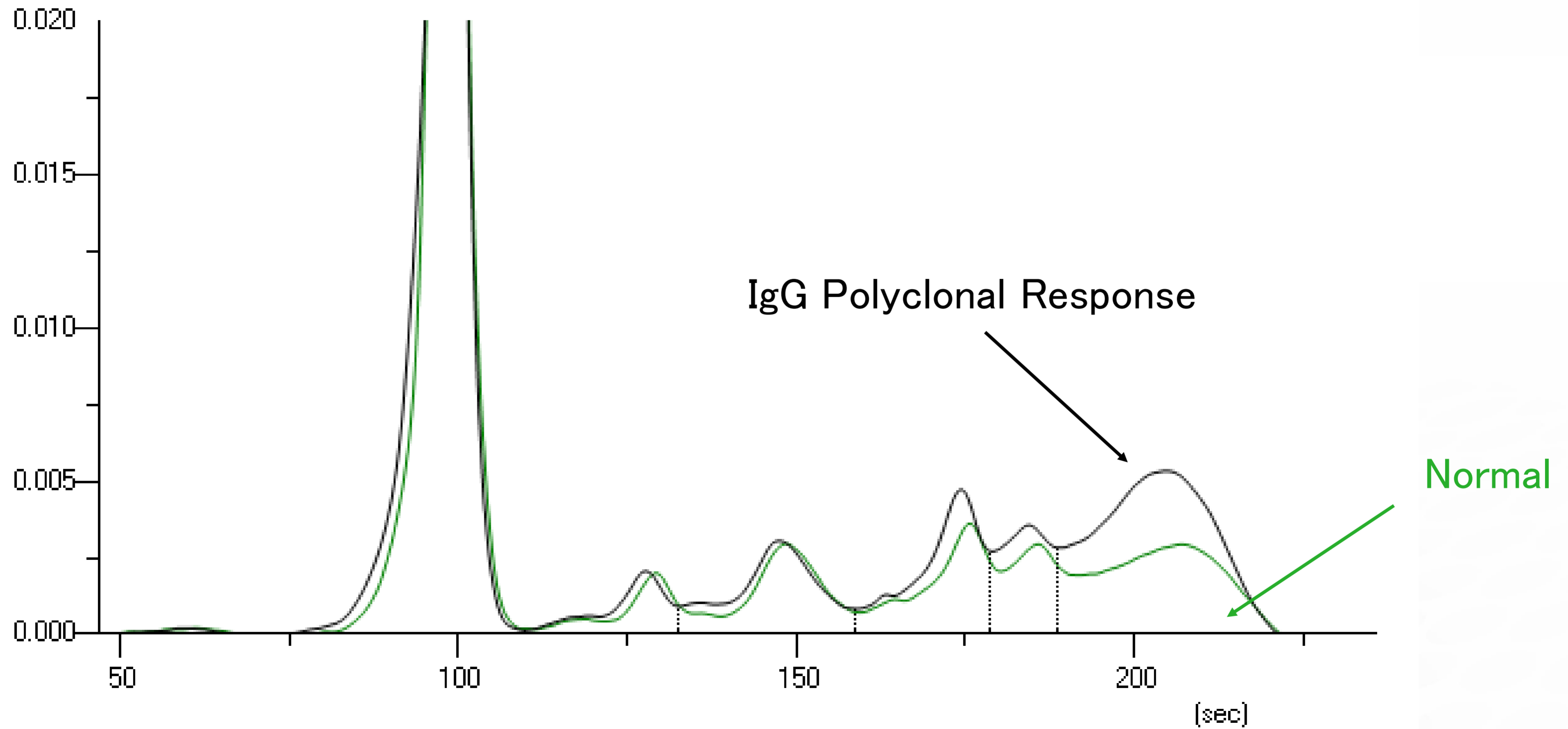
# Immunoglobulin Migration – Light Chains



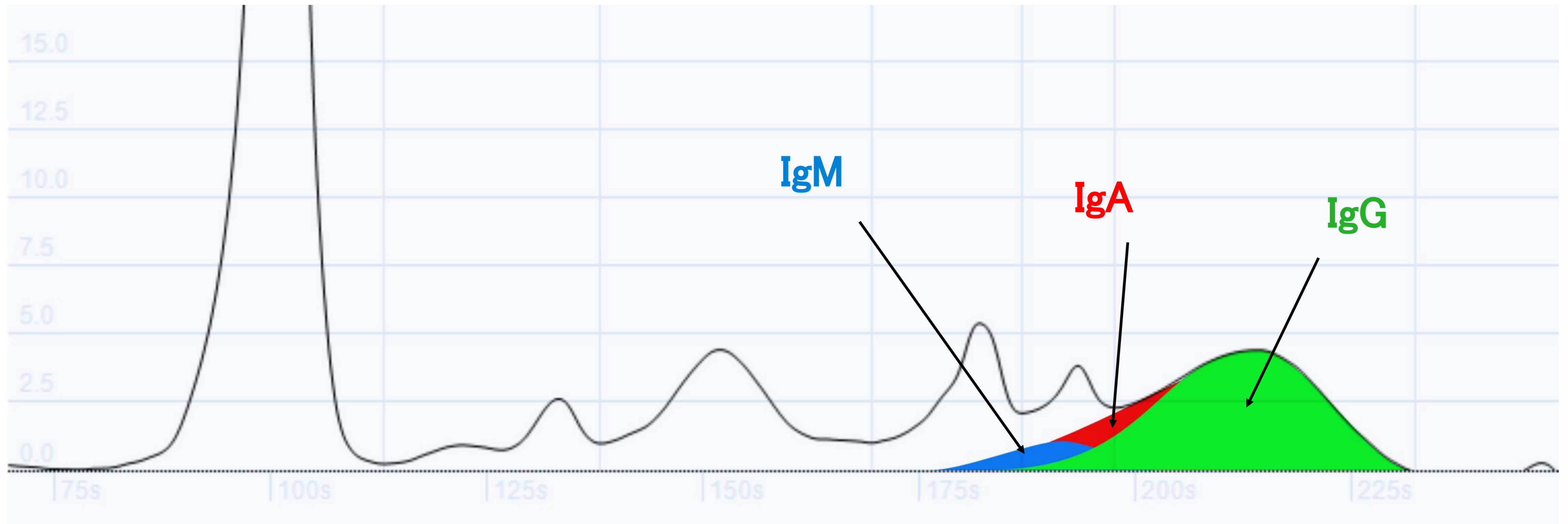
# Monoclonal Migration – Relative Incidence



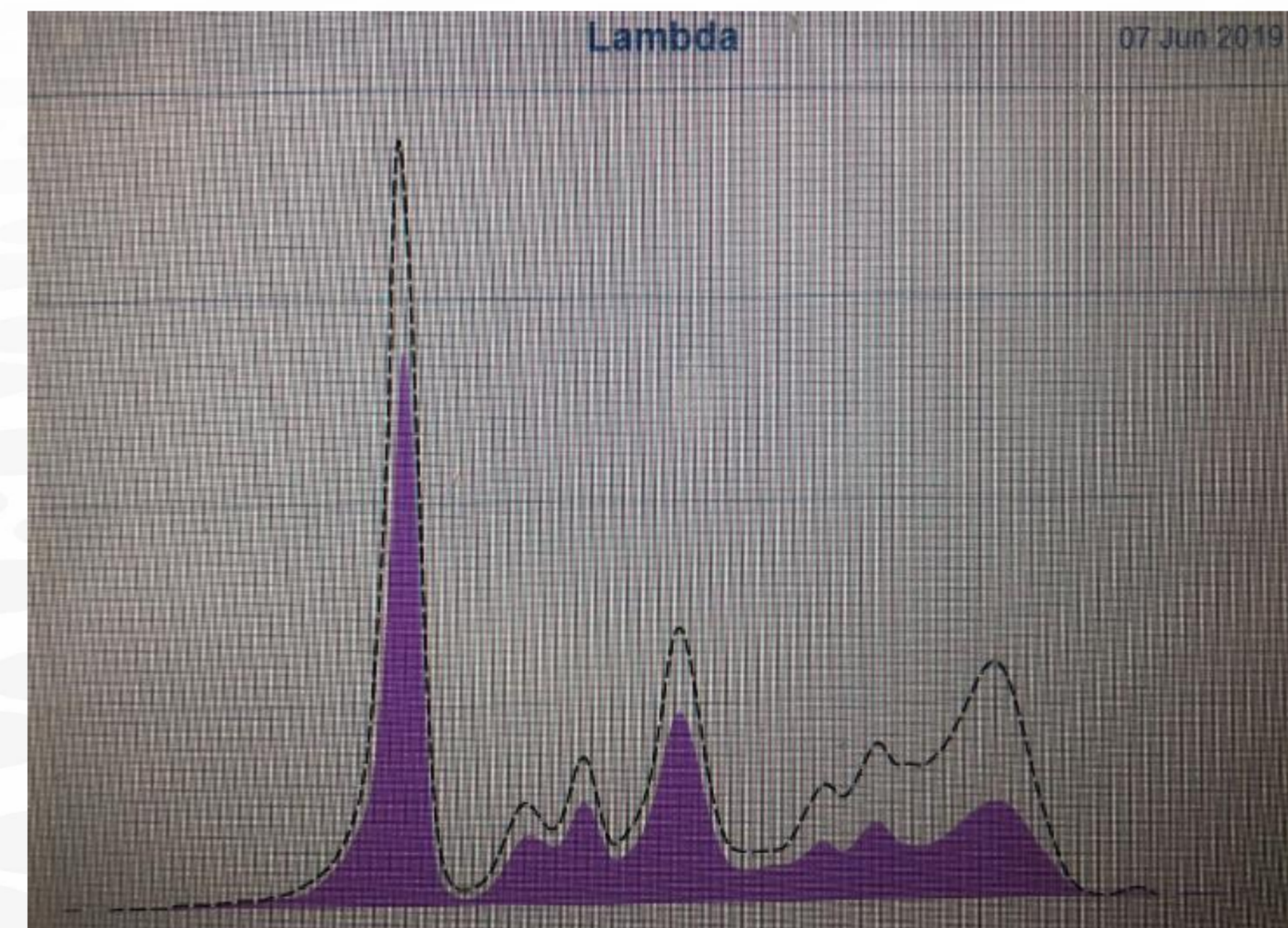
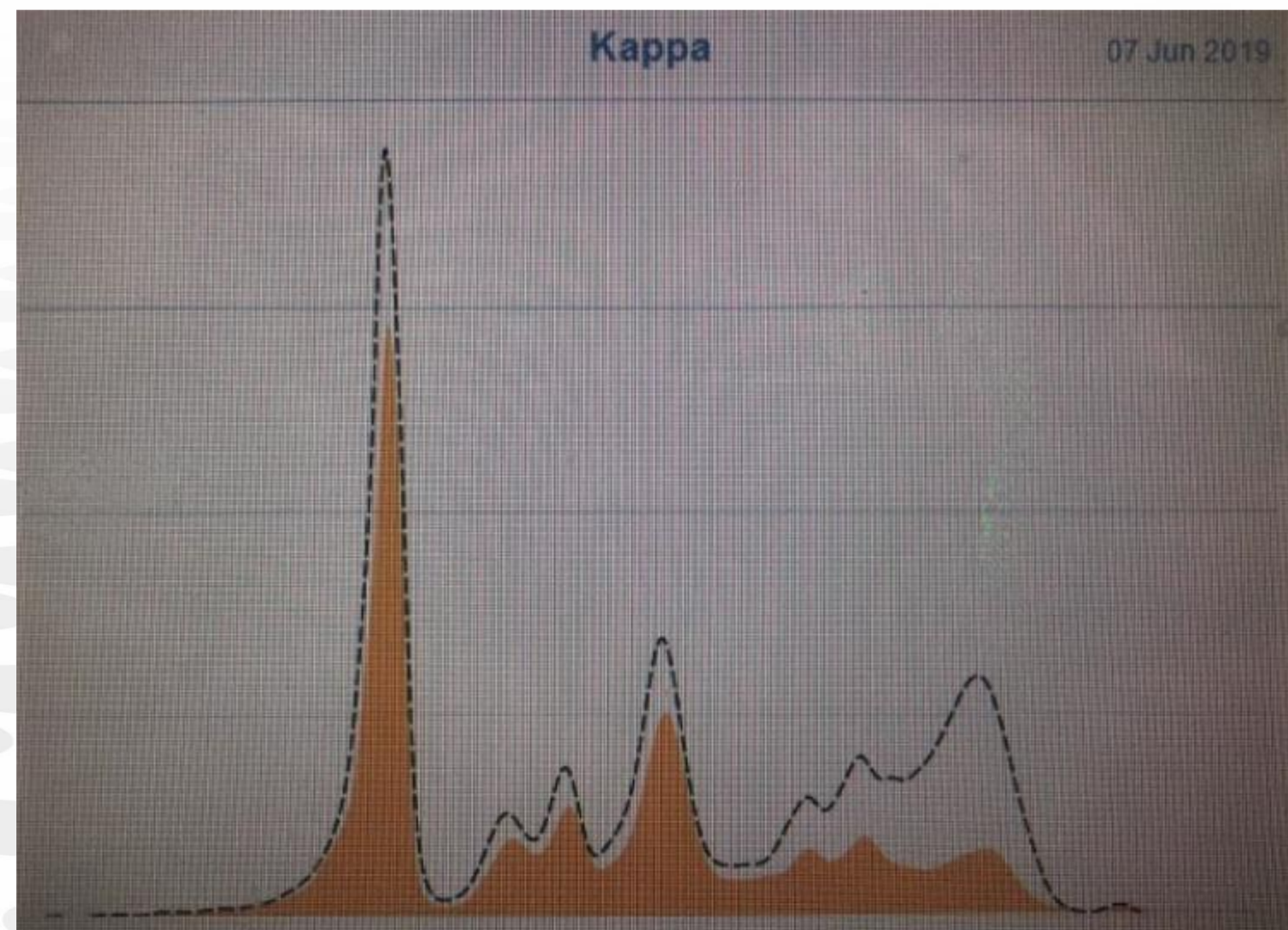
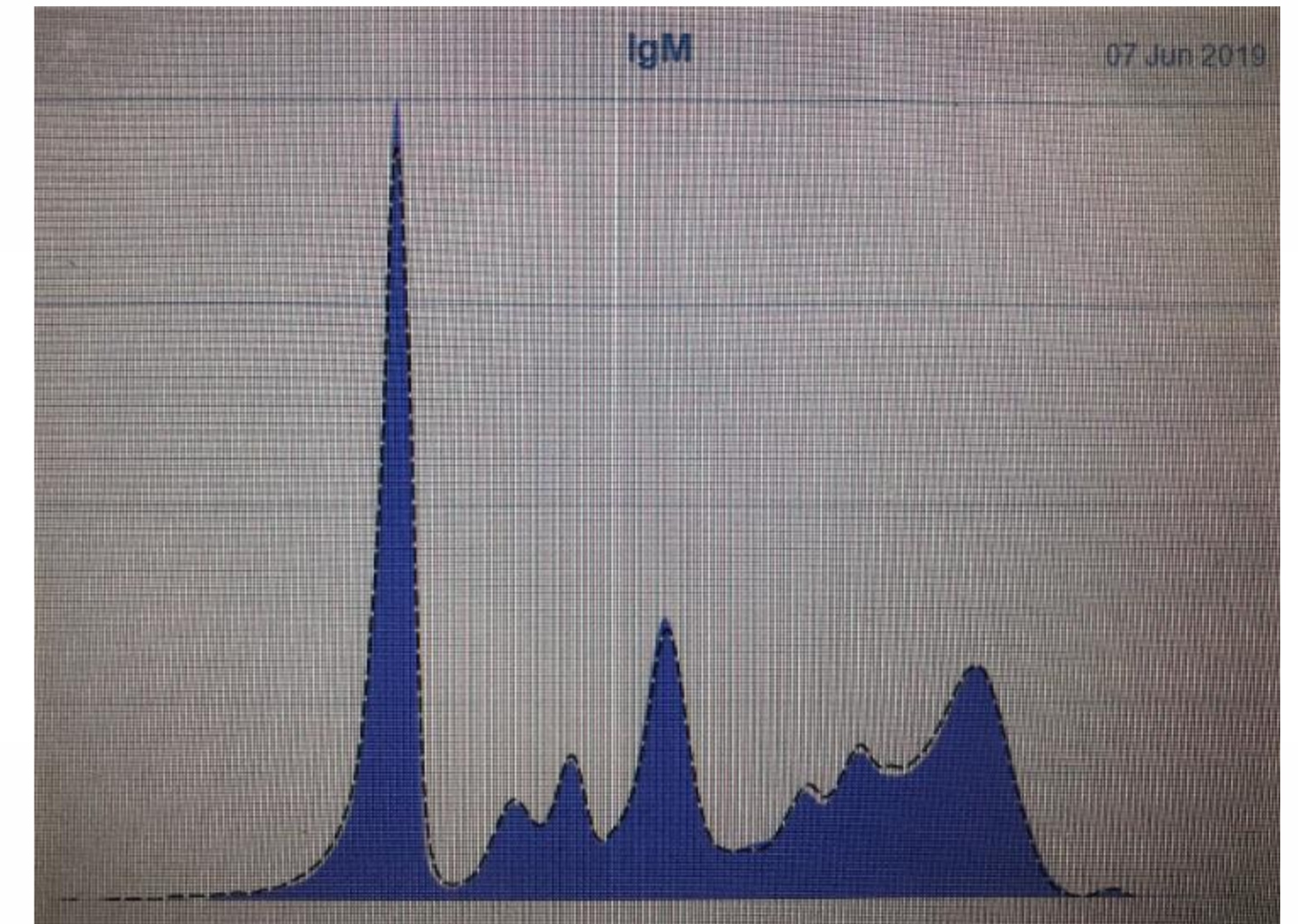
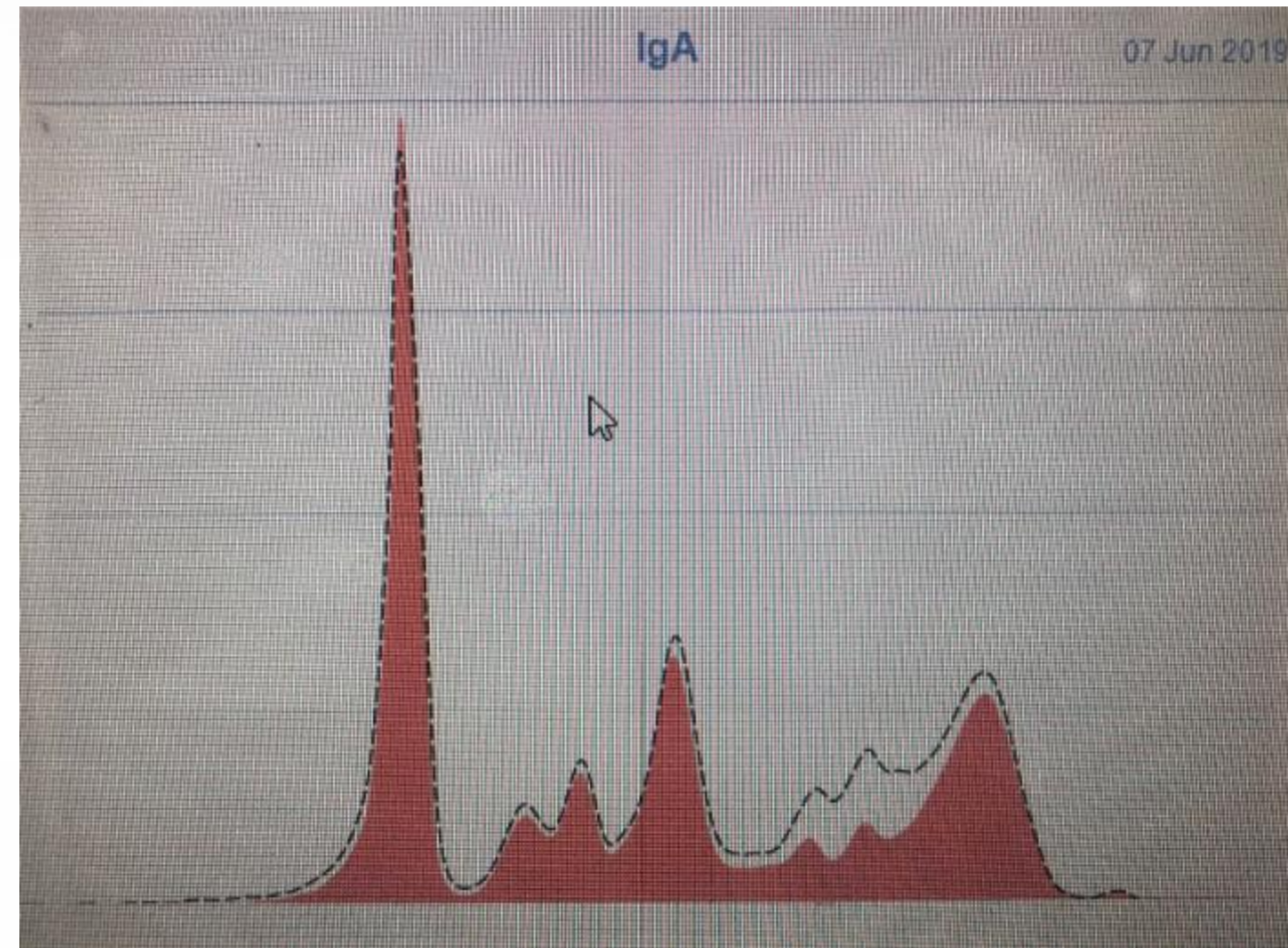
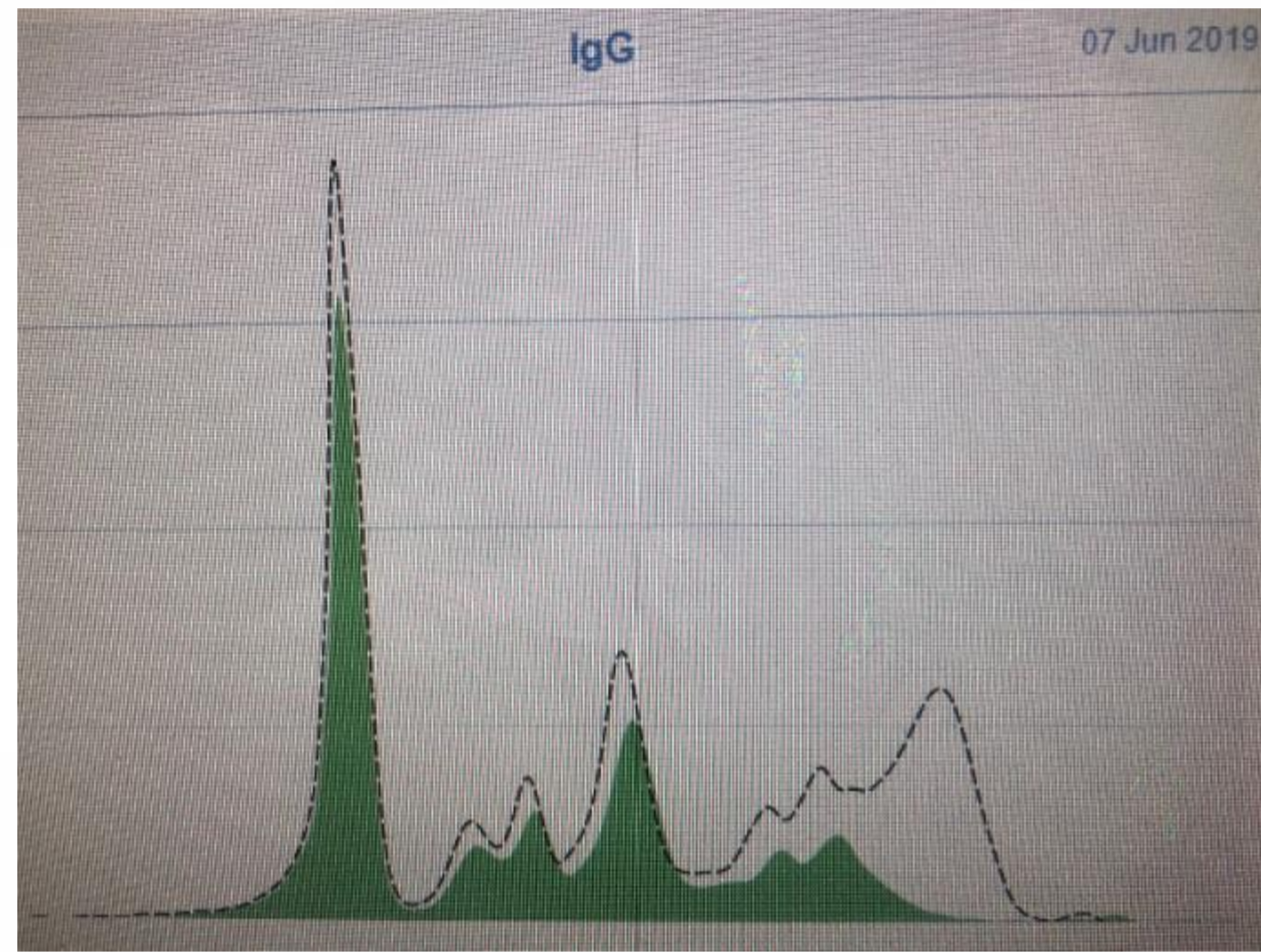
# Polyclonal Response



# Polyclonal Response – Clone Specific

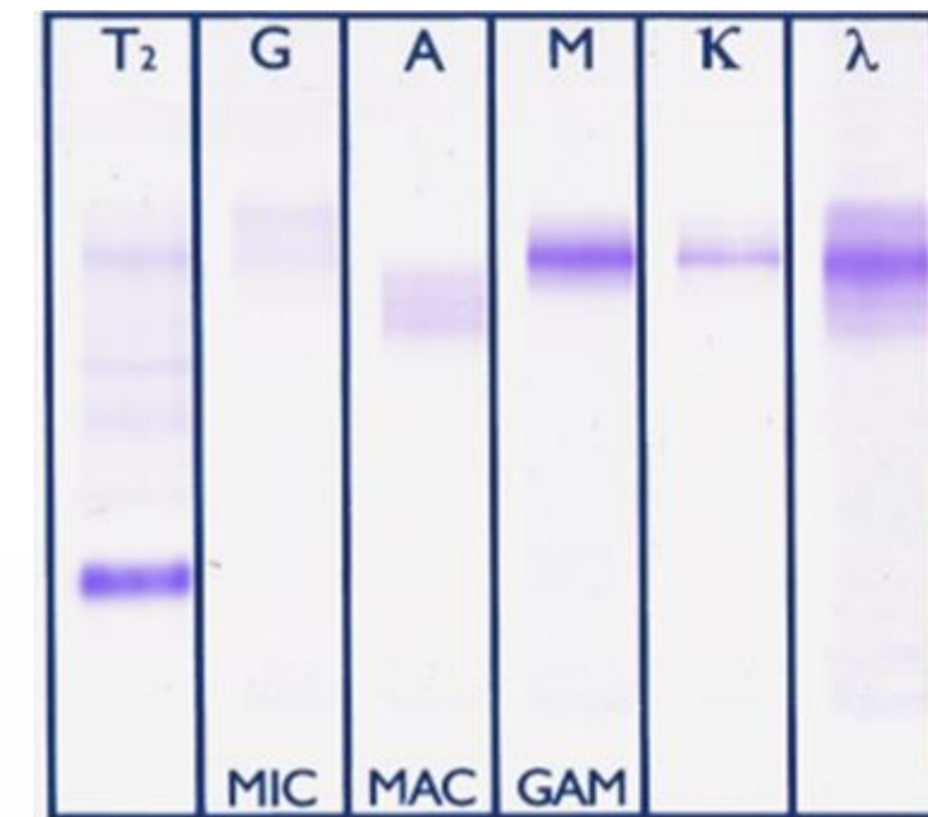


# Polyclonal Response – IgG and IgA Response



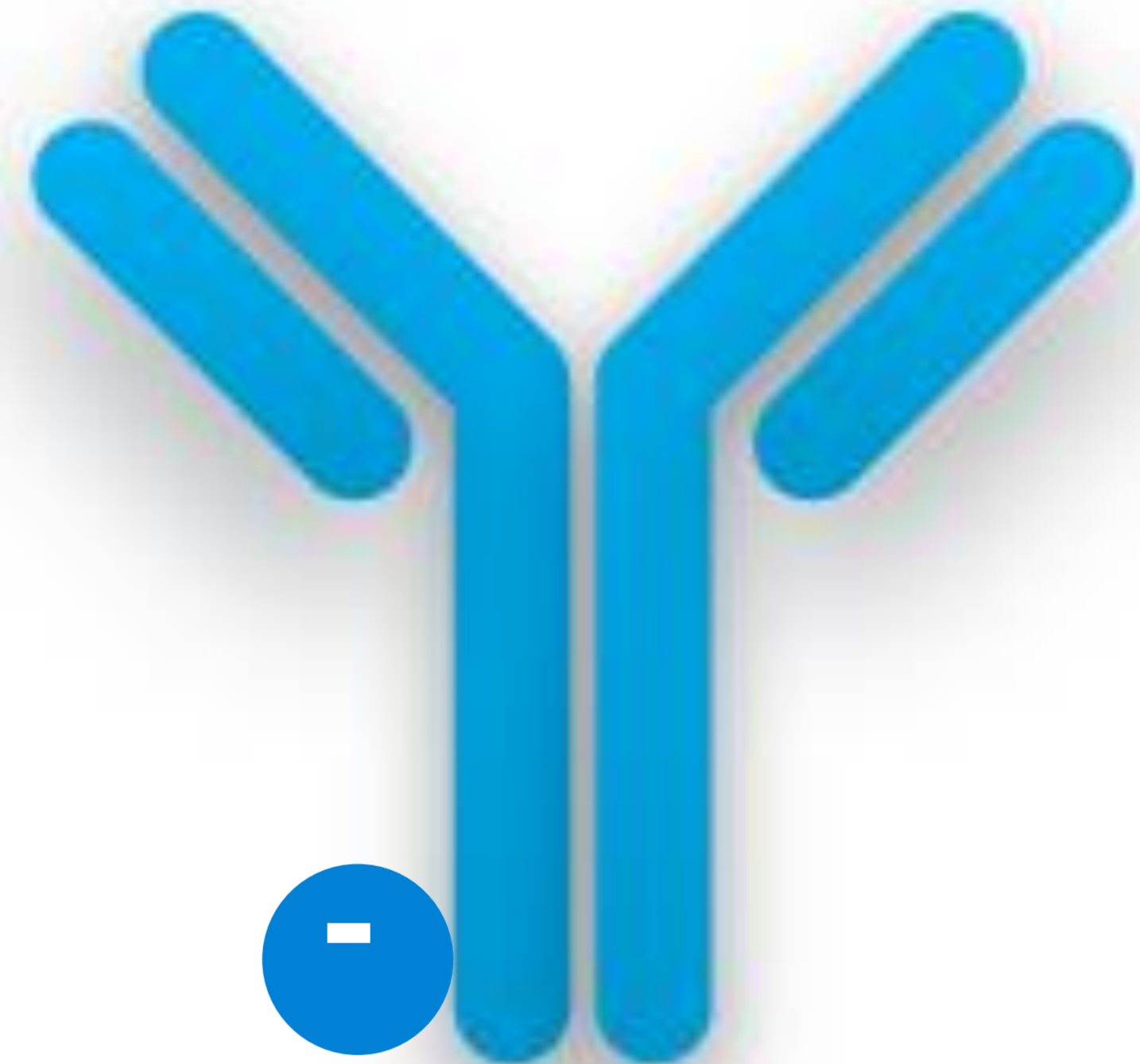
# Immunotyping Monoclonal Antibody

- Confirm the presence of monoclonal
- Immunotype monoclonal
- Two methodologies
- CZE immunodisplacement
- Gel immunofixation
- Both have pros and cons



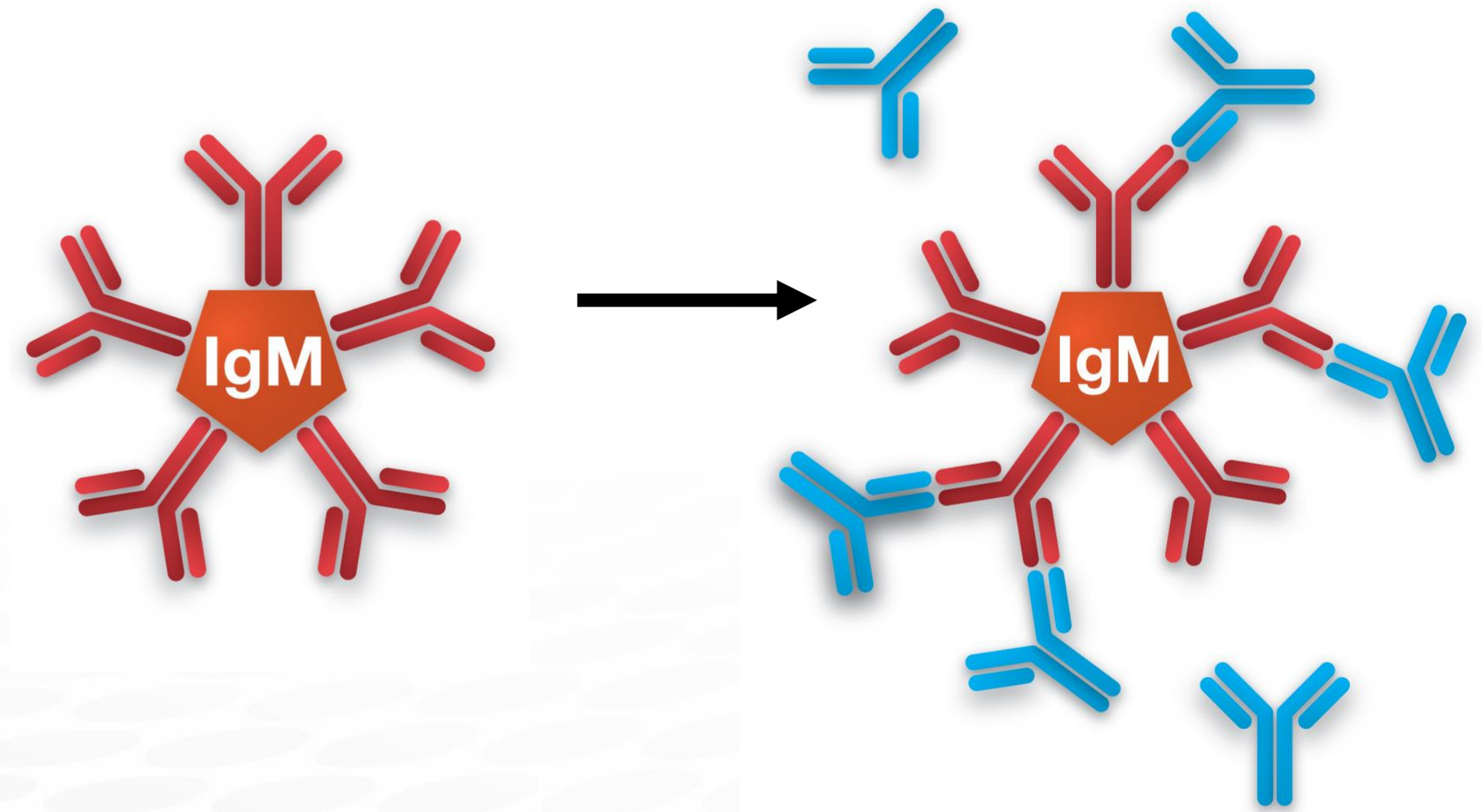
# Immunodisplacement Antisera

- One antisera for each major chain
- IgG, IgA, IgM, Kappa & Lambda
- Chemically treated to add strong negative charge to antibody
- Reduces electrophoretic mobility



# Immunodisplacement

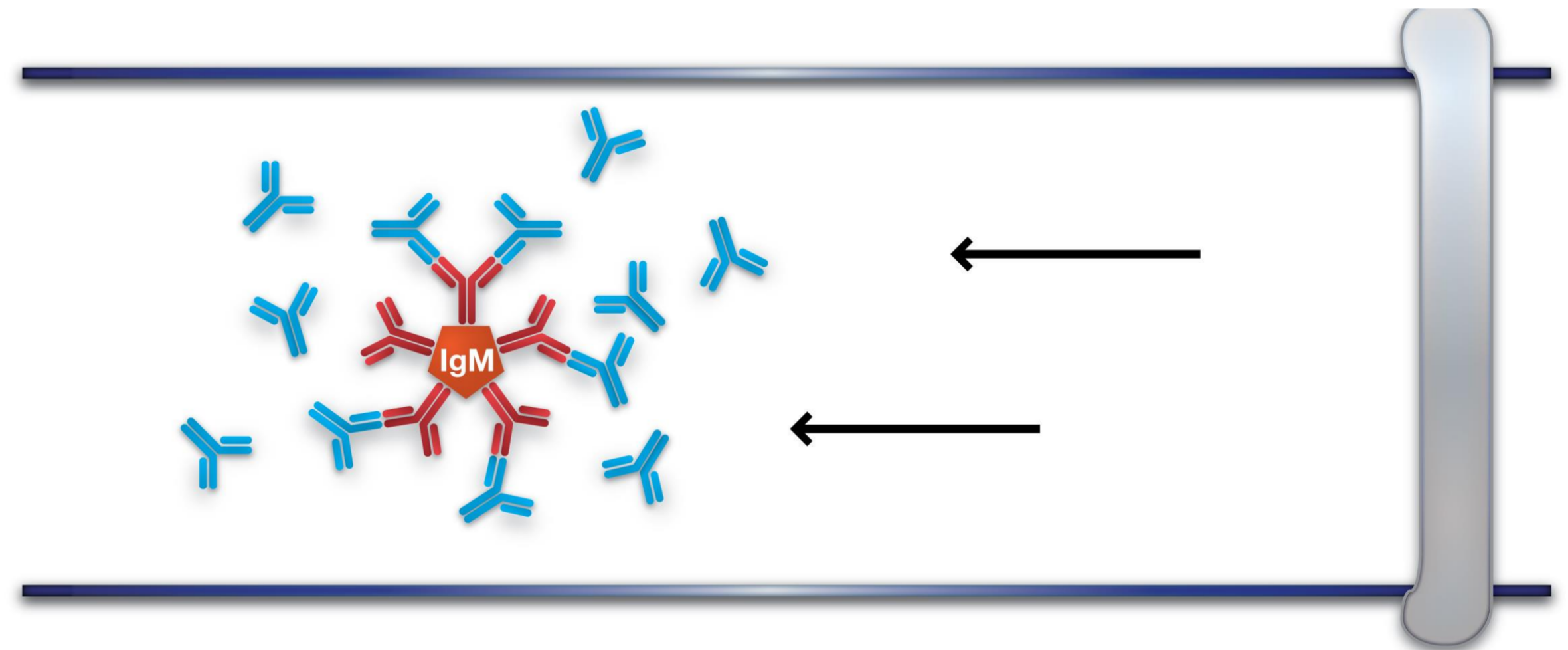
- Antisera added to sample
- Antisera will bind all immunoglobulin of a specific immunotype
  - Monoclonal
  - Polyclonal



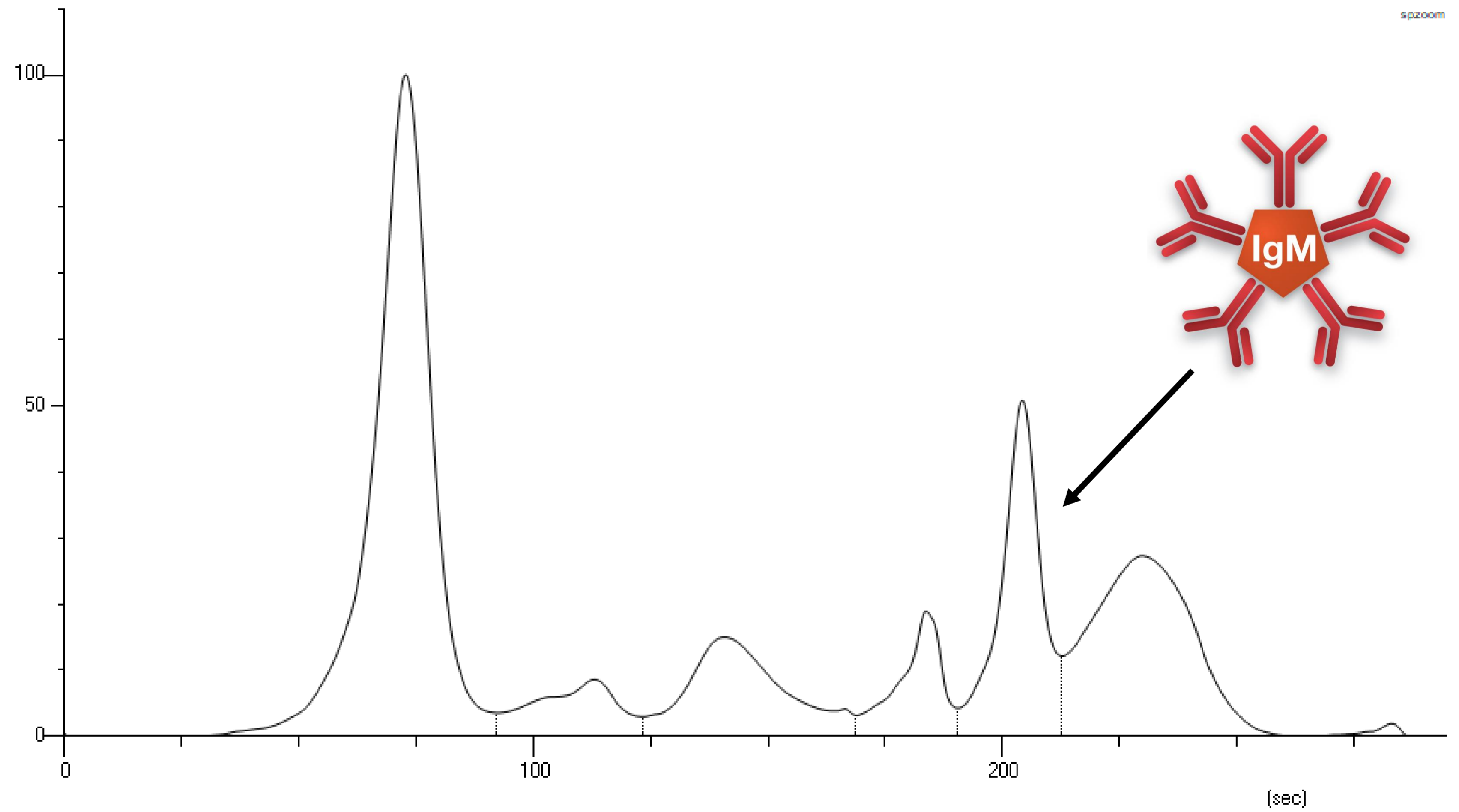


# Reduced Mobility

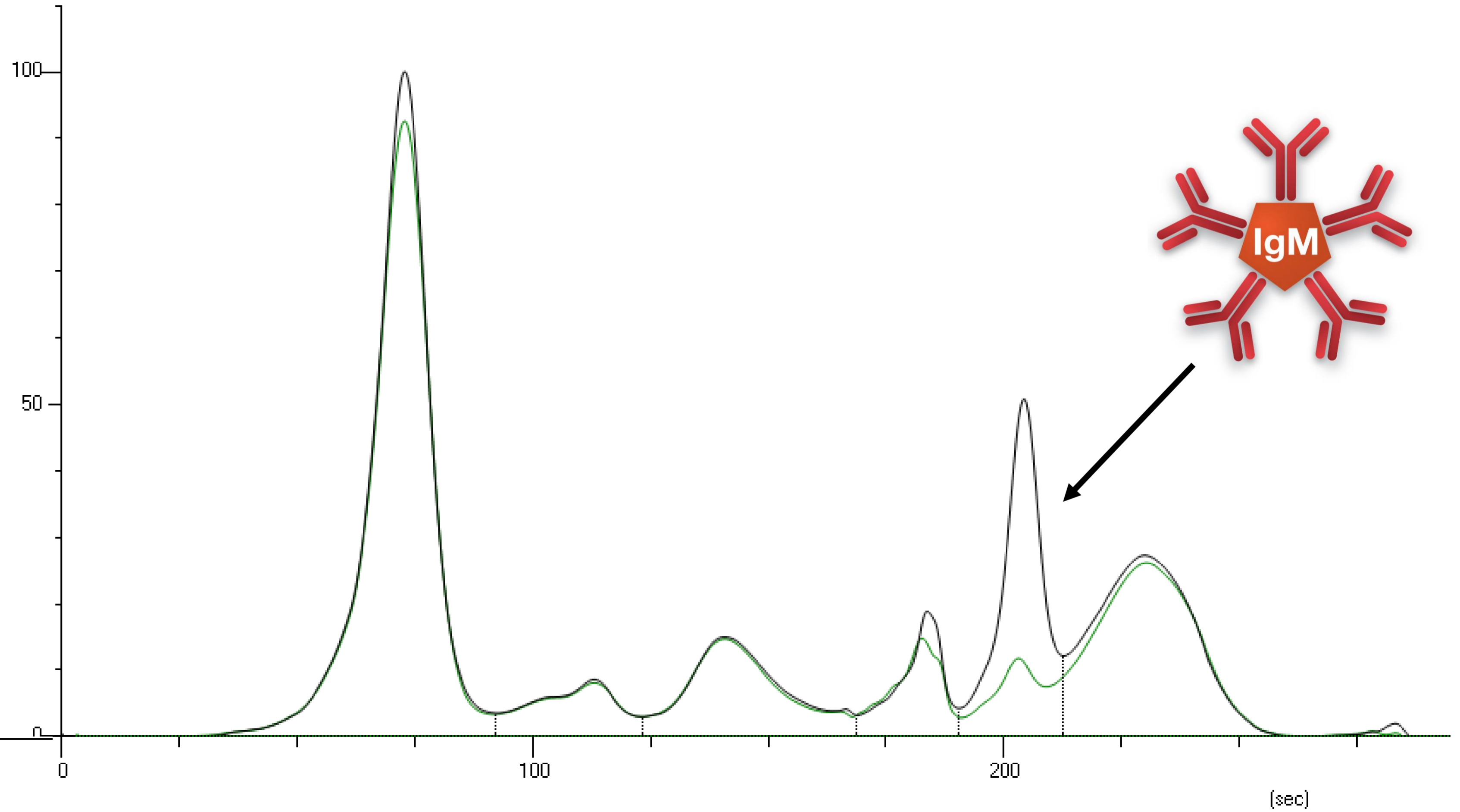
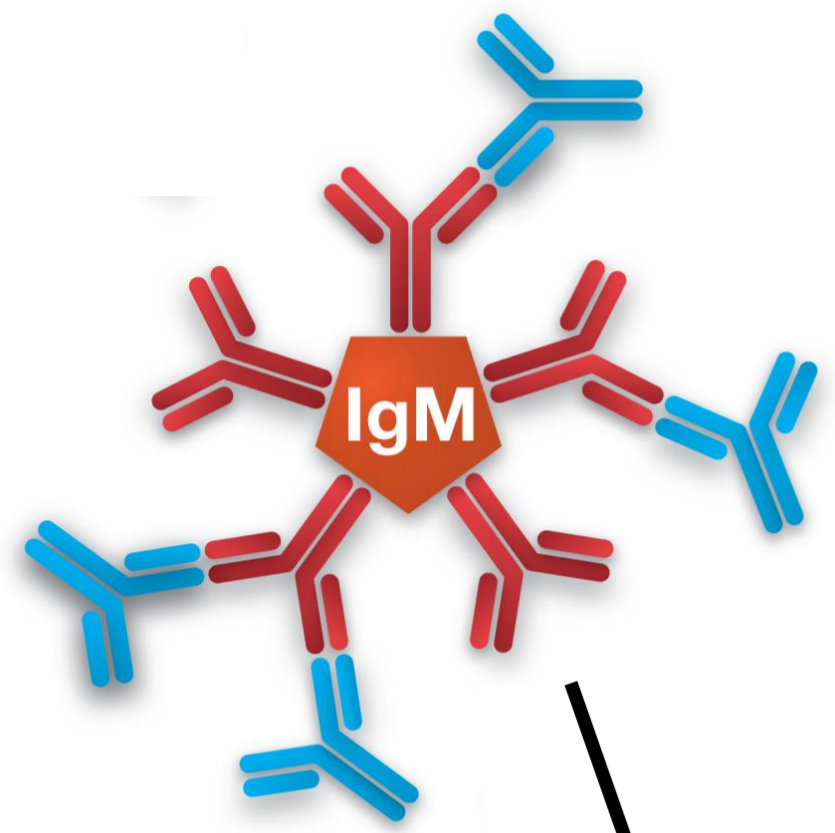
- Antisera bound immunoglobulin migrates significantly slower than unbound immunoglobulin
- Immunoglobulin removed from trace



# Immunodisplacement – IgM Monoclonal



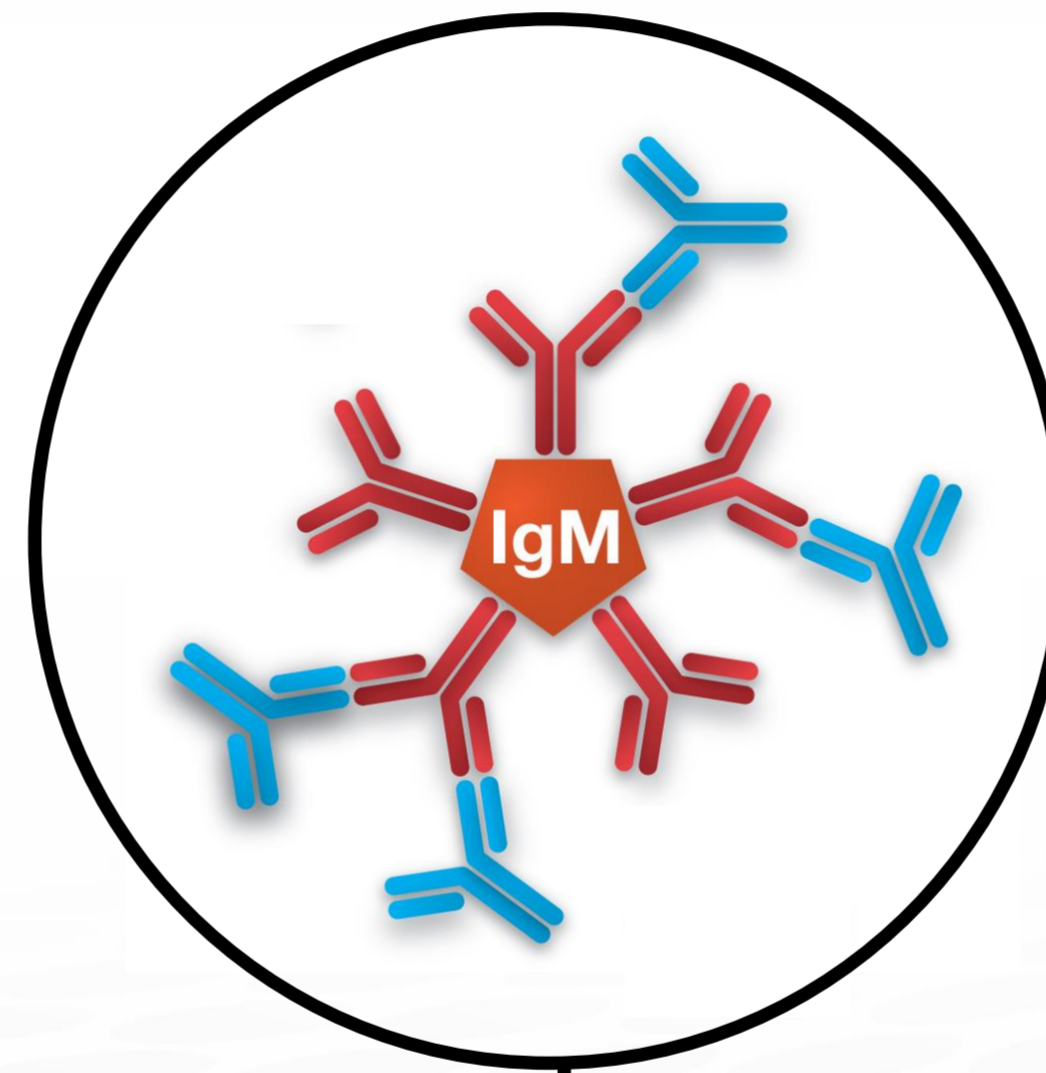
# Immunodisplacement – IgM Monoclonal



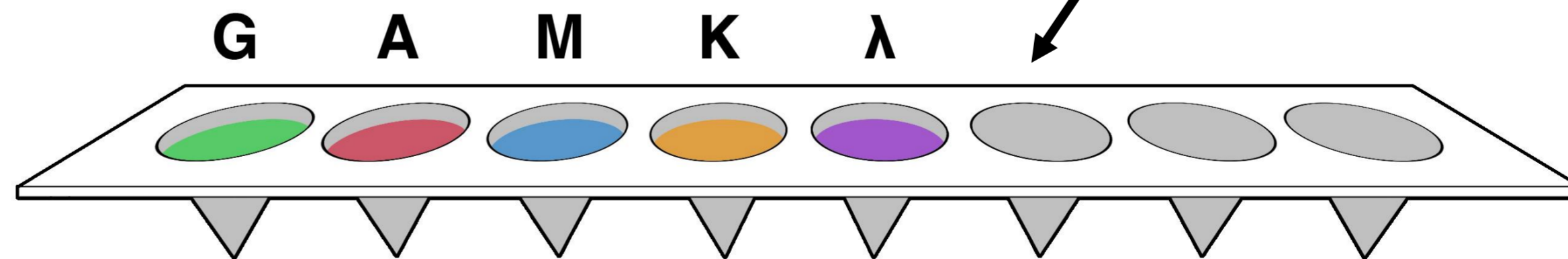
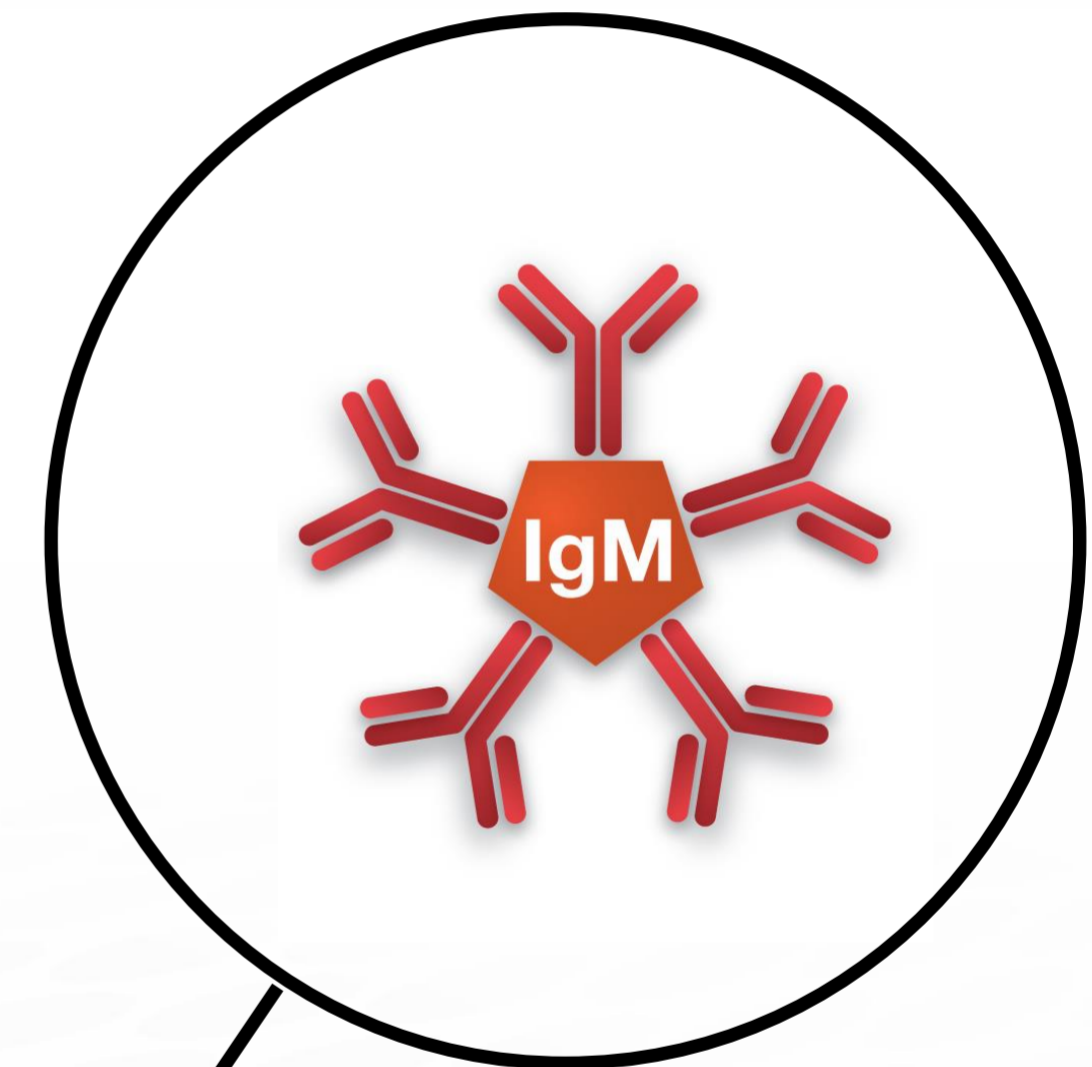
# Immunodisplacement

- Five antisera required
  - IgG, IgA, IgM
  - Kappa & Lambda
- Five capillaries
- Linked to original screening trace

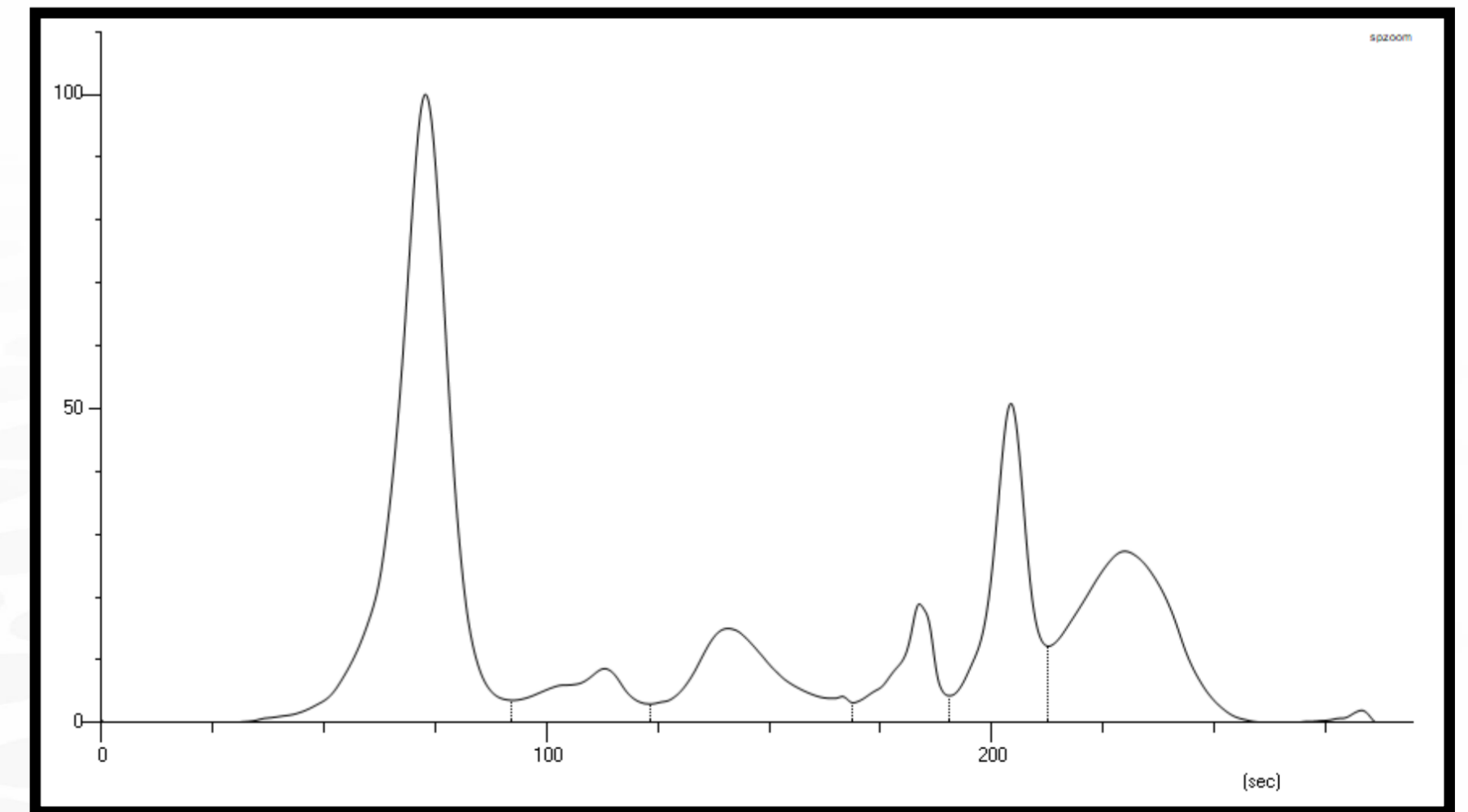
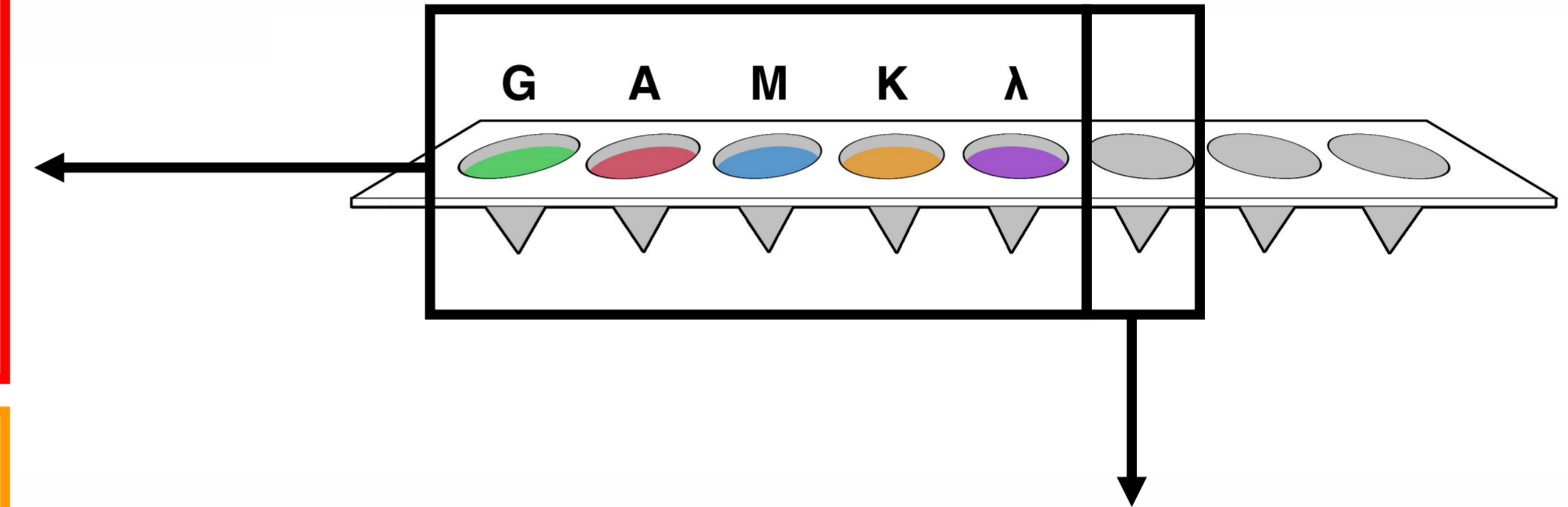
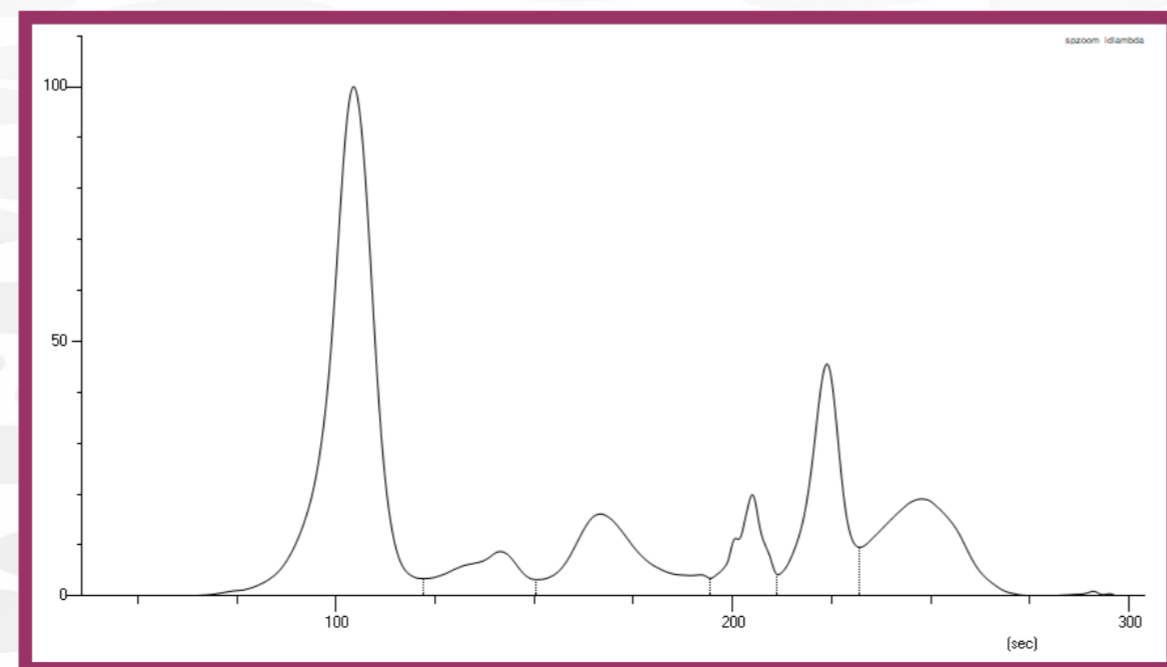
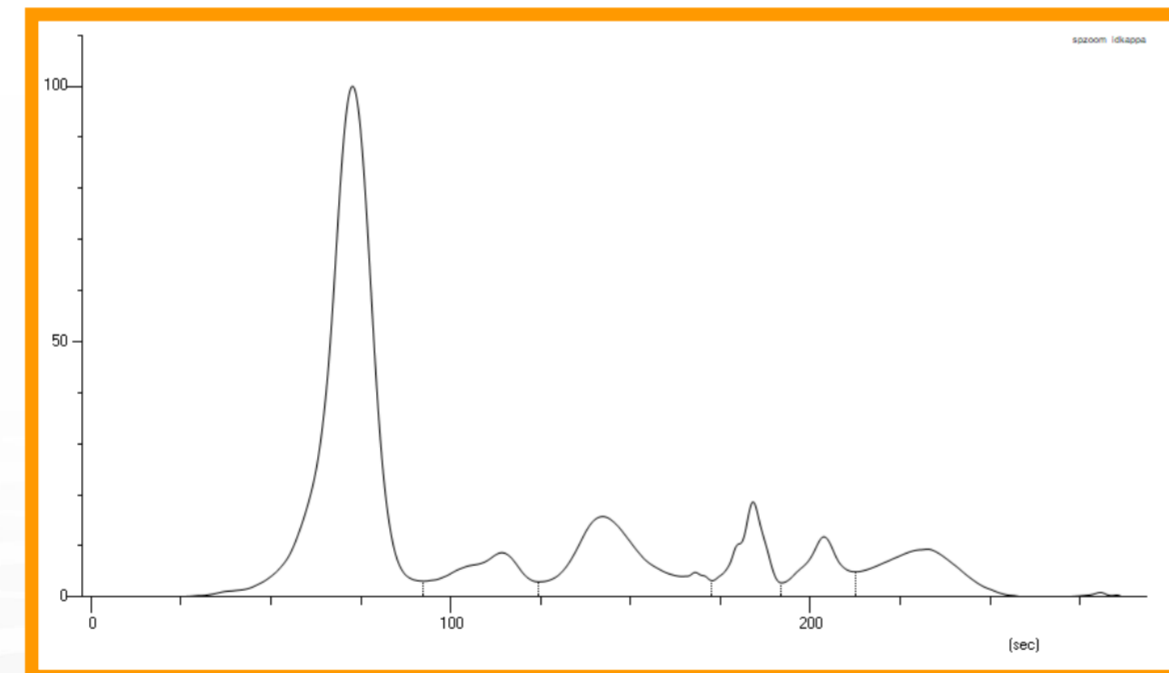
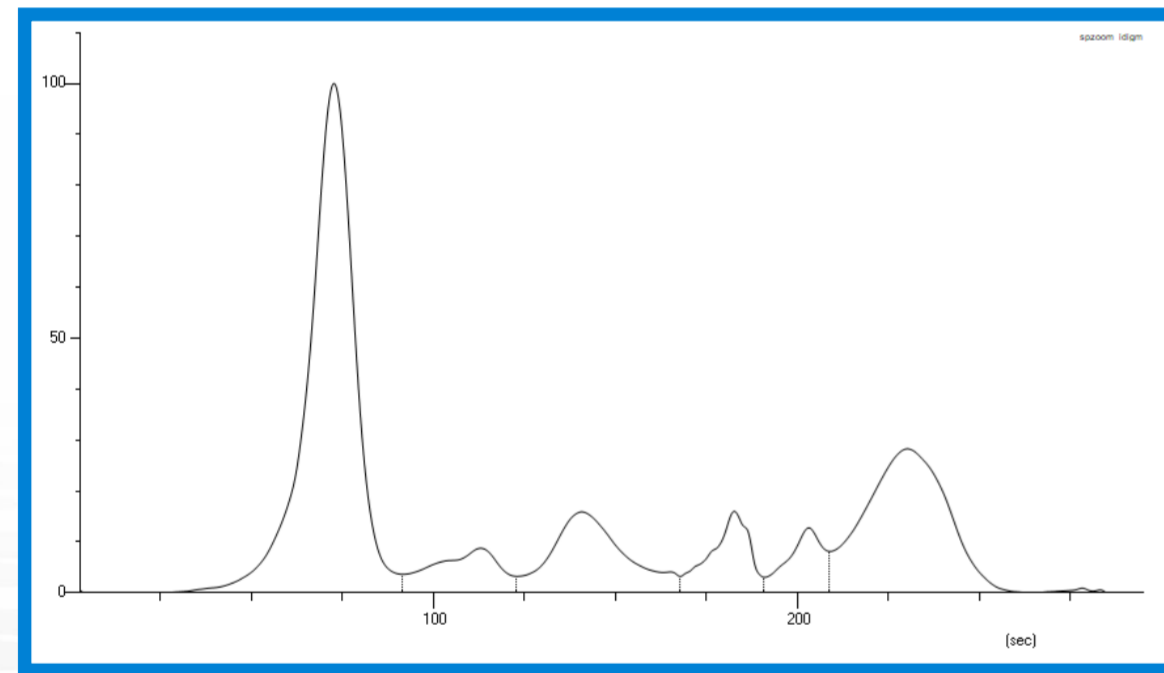
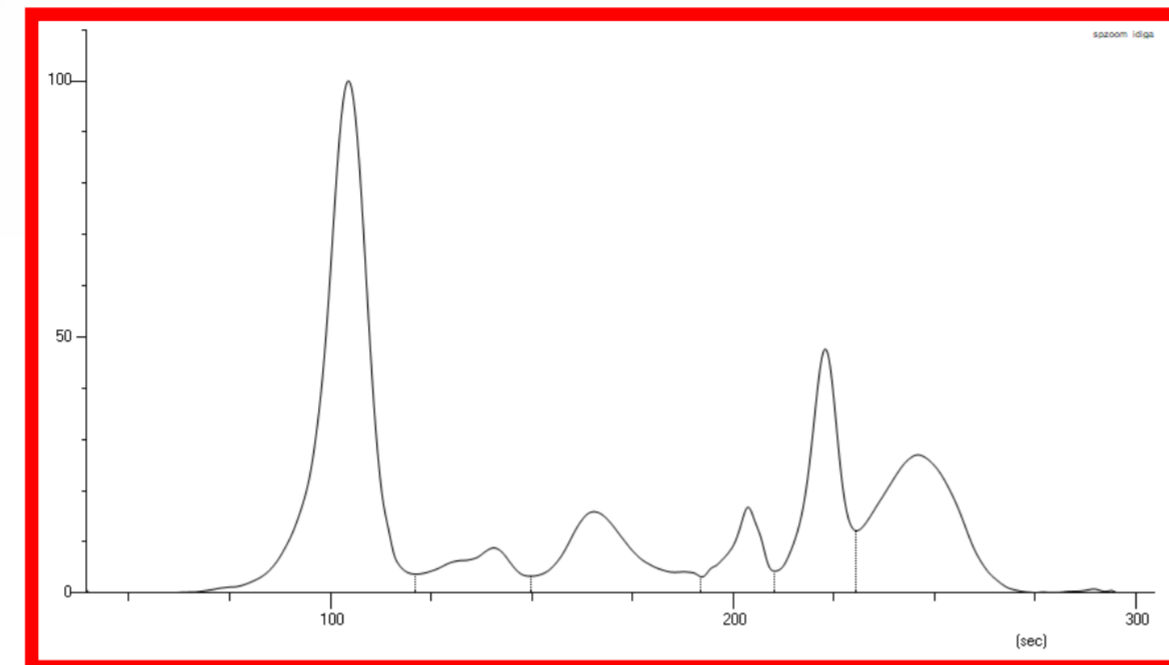
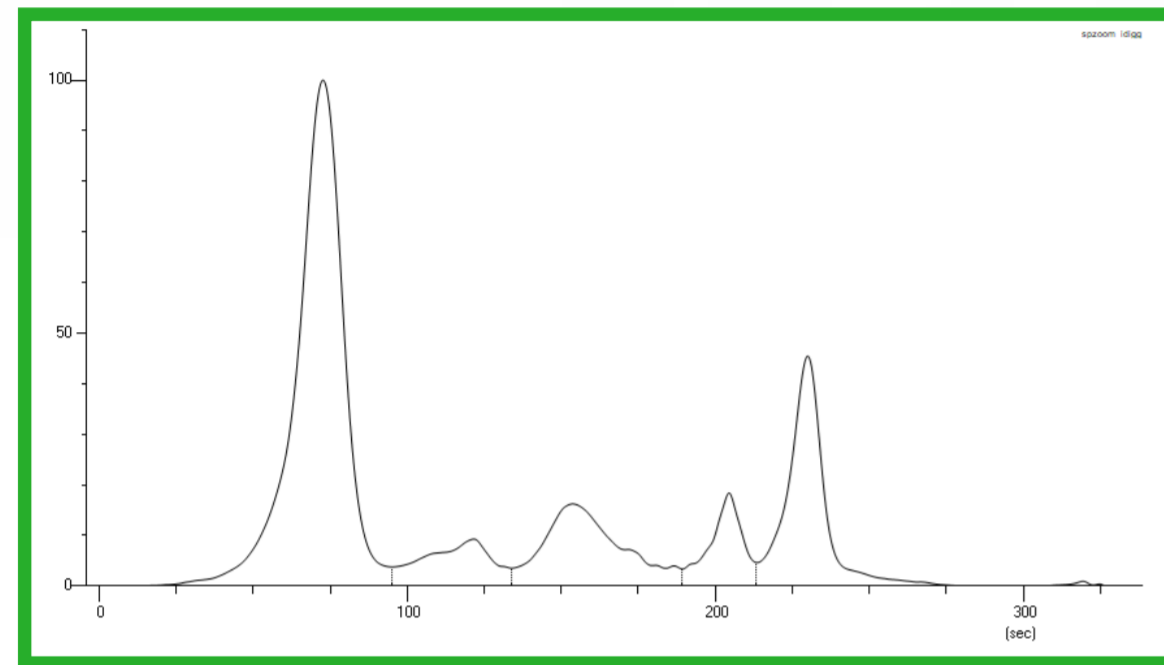
Immunodisplacement



Serum Protein Screen



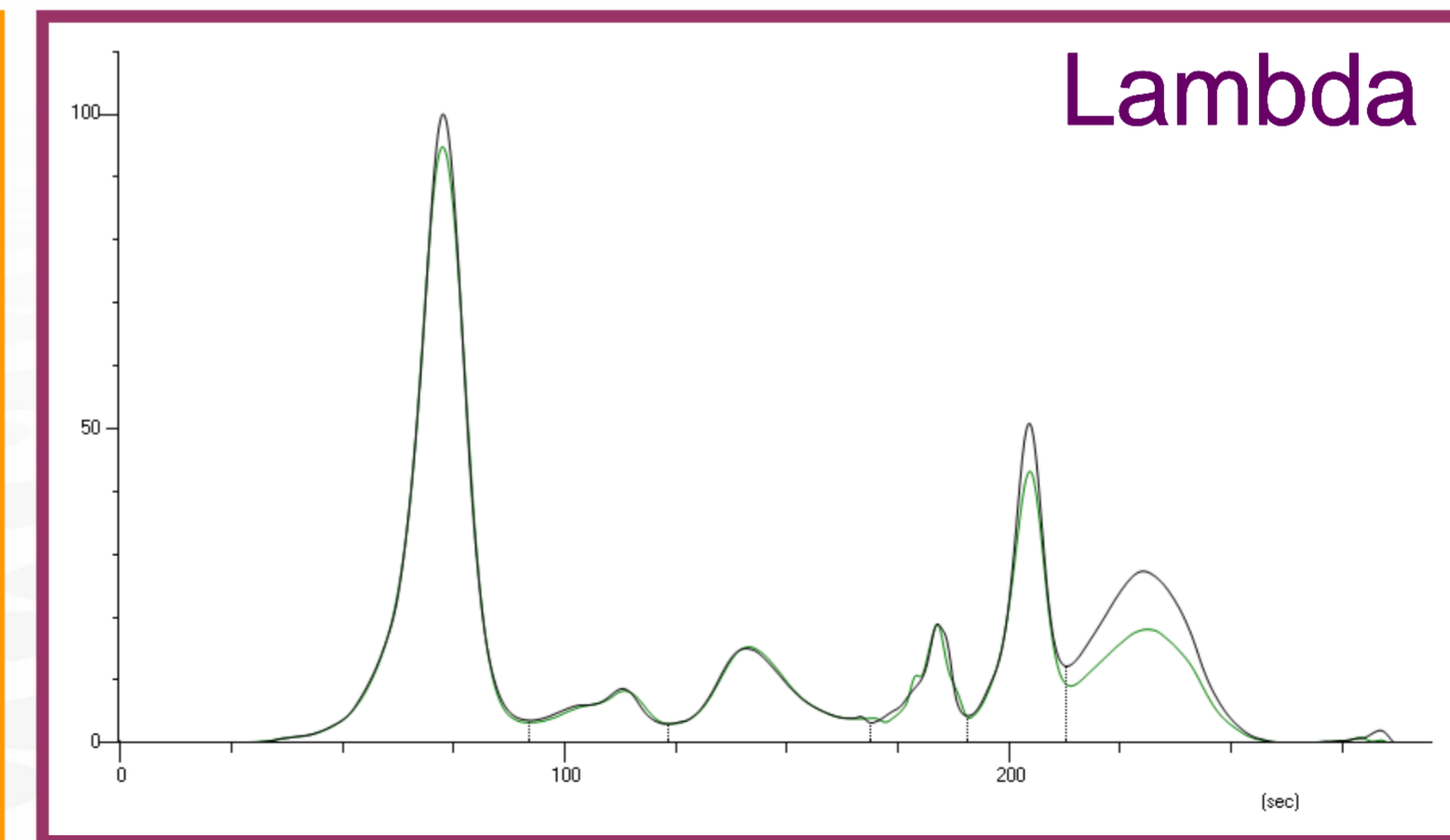
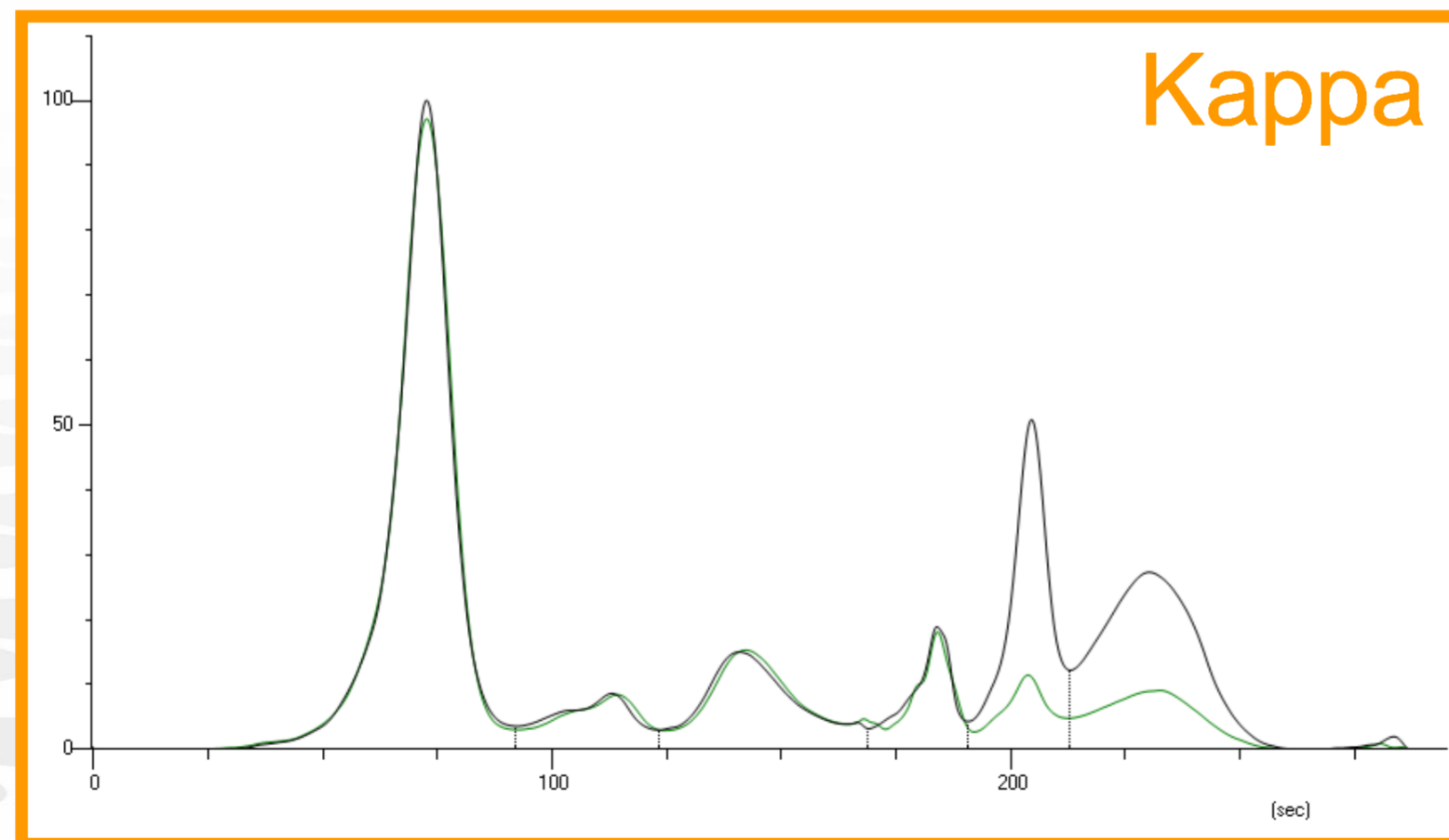
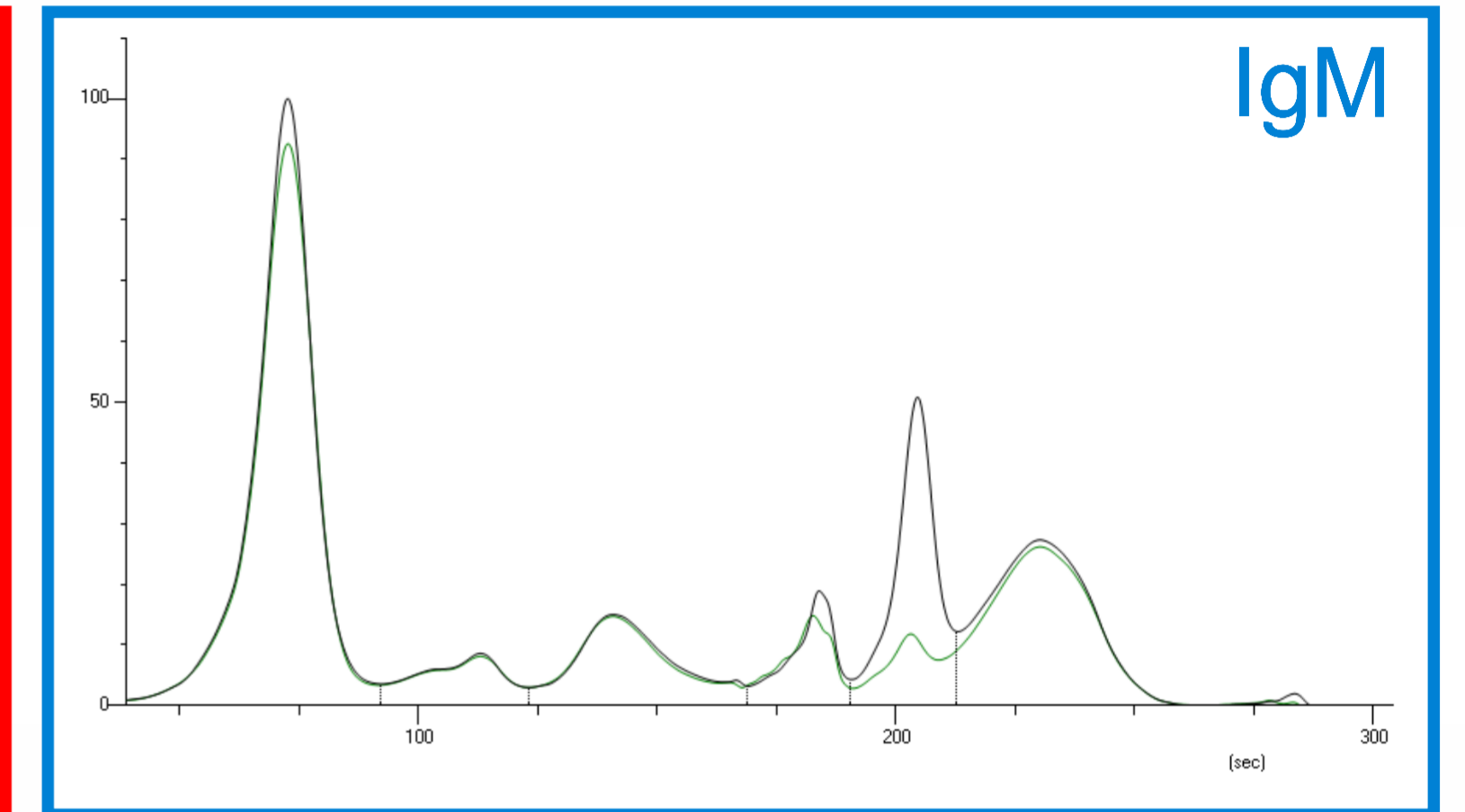
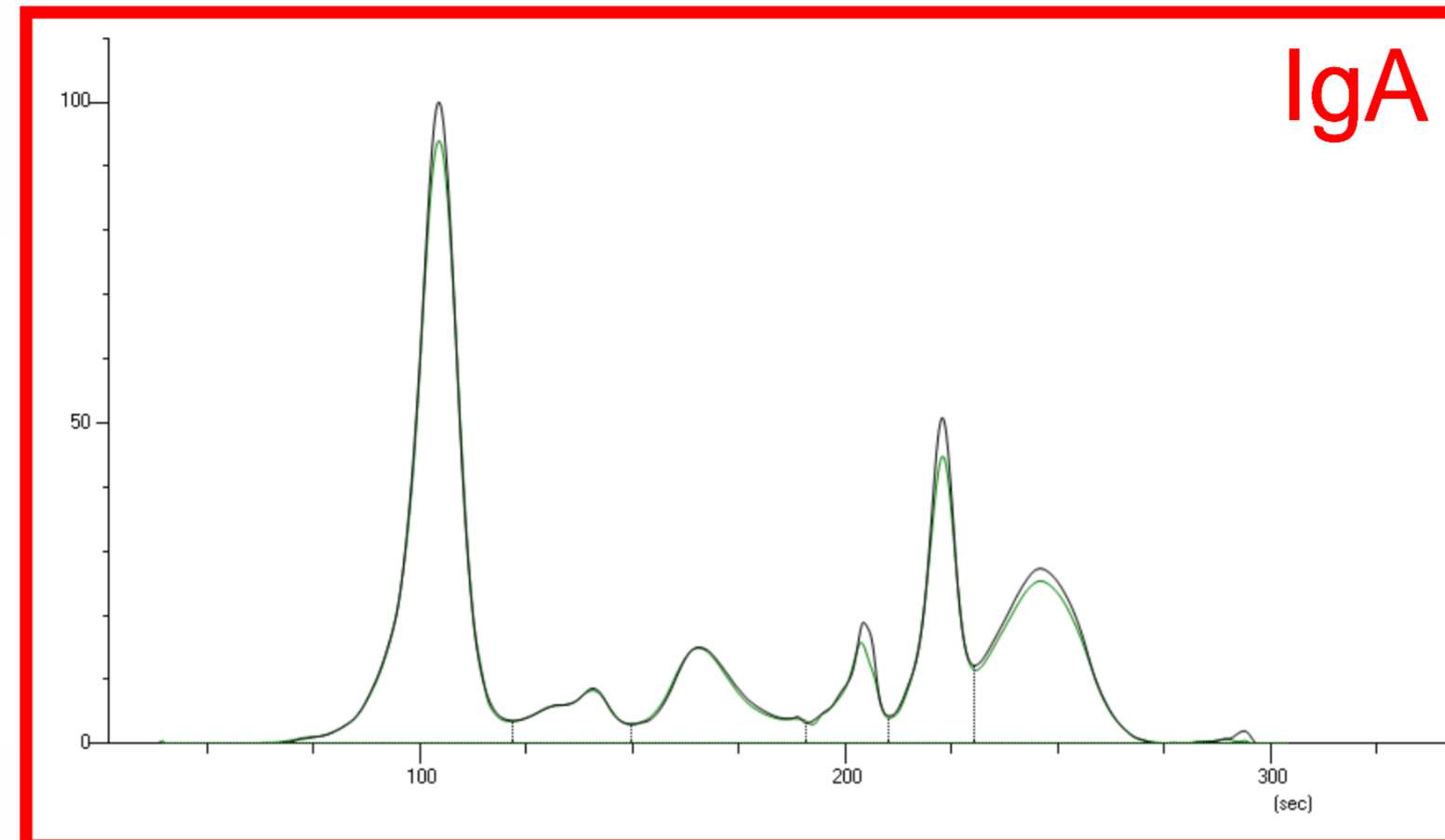
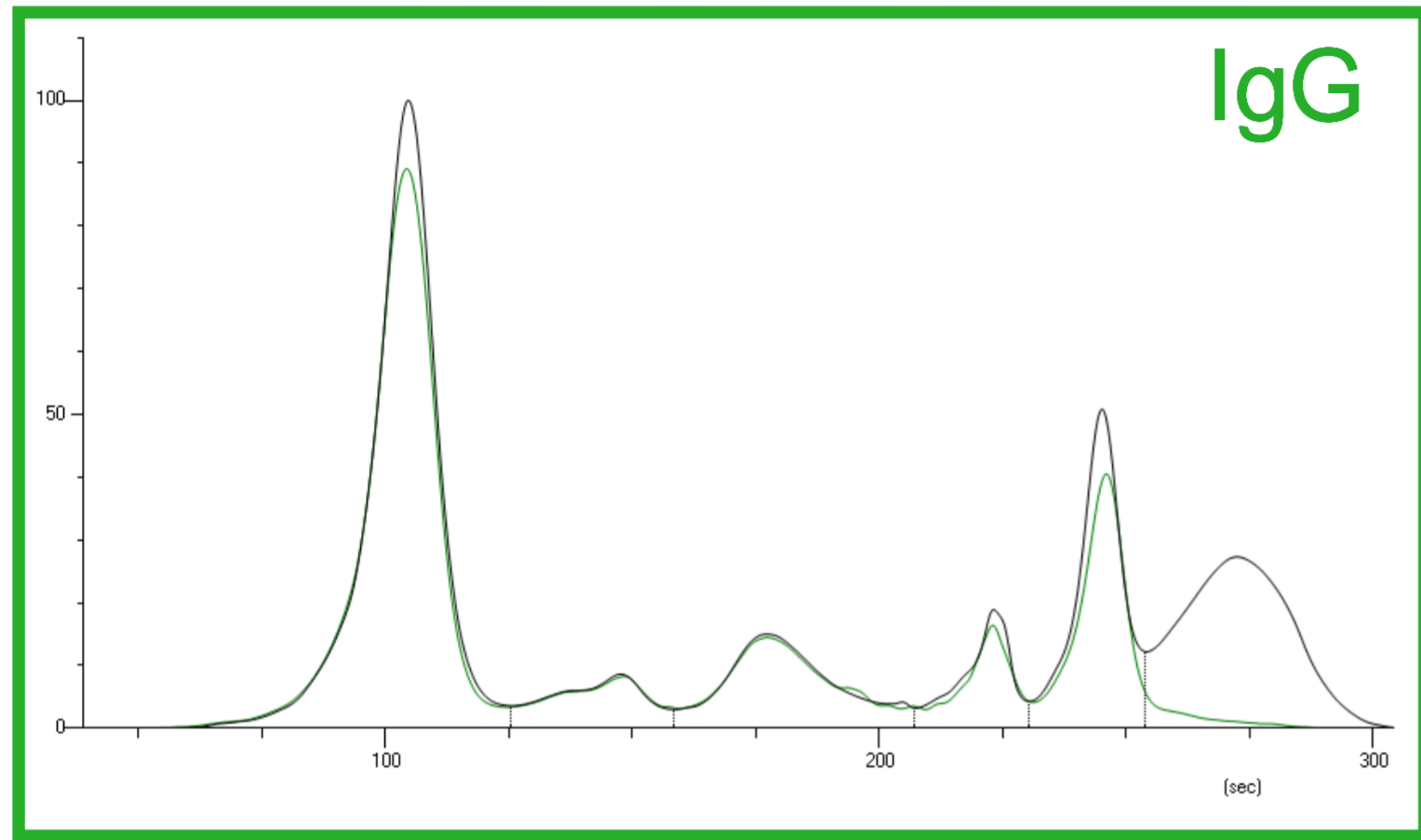
# Immunodisplacement



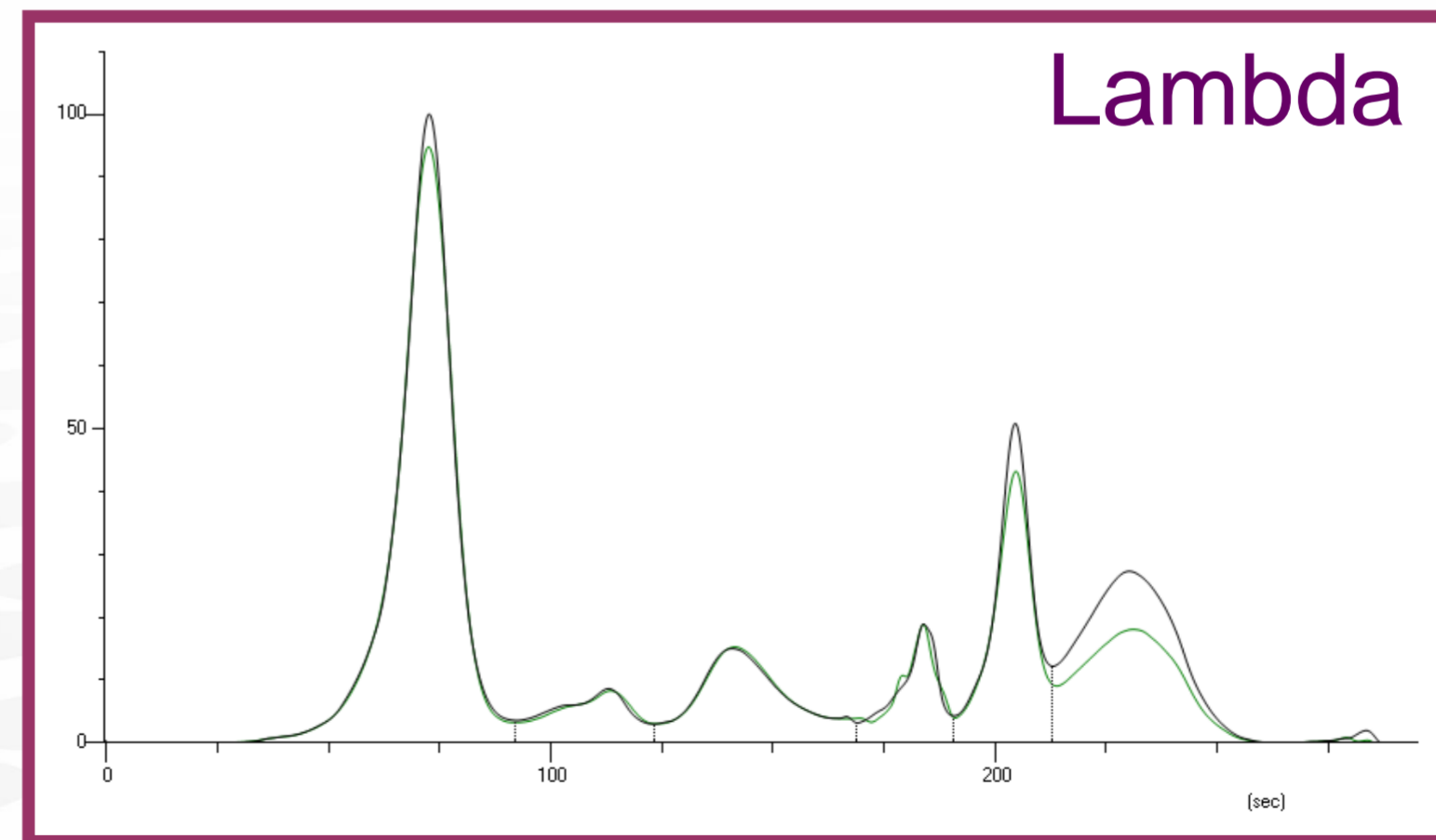
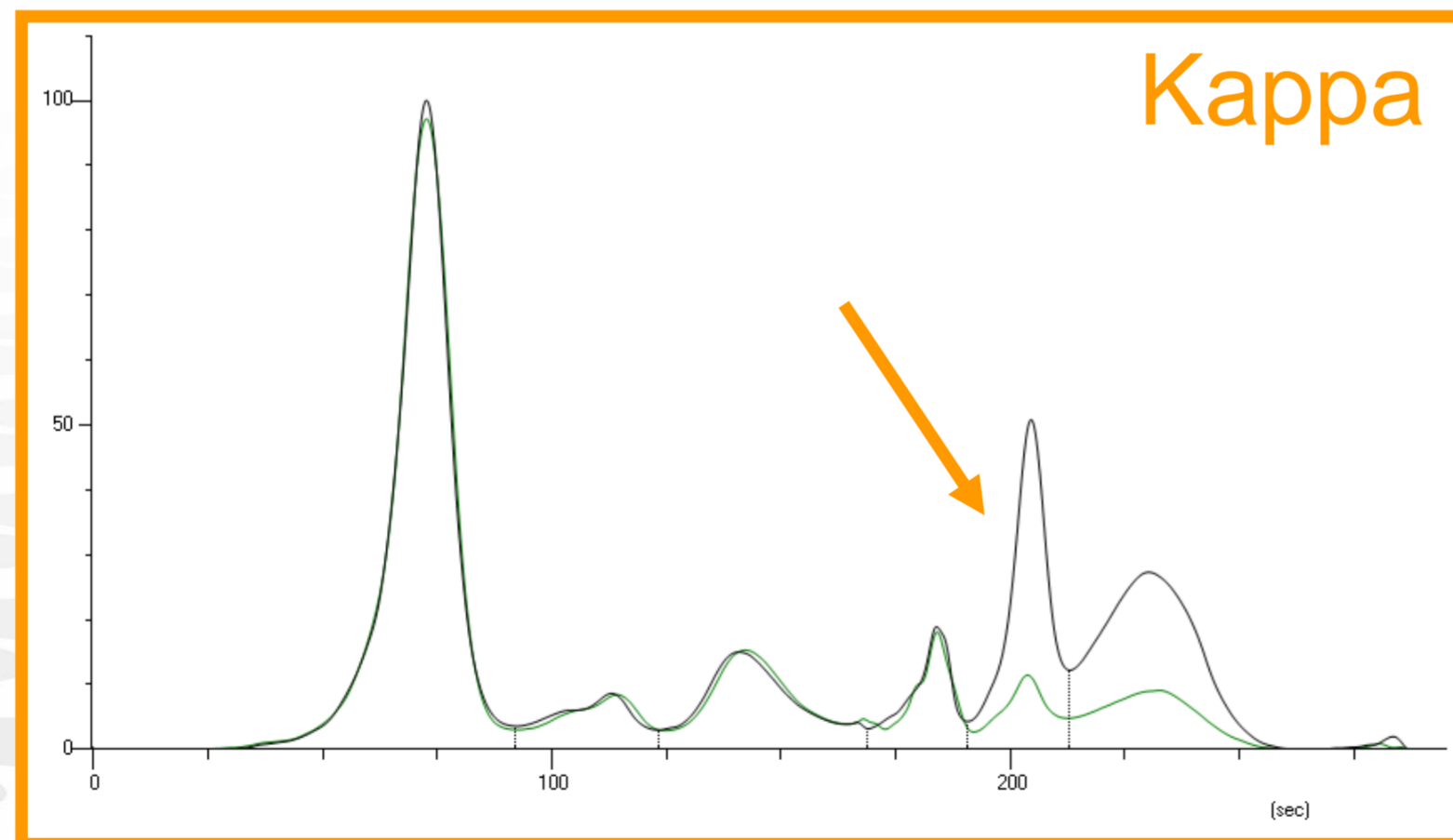
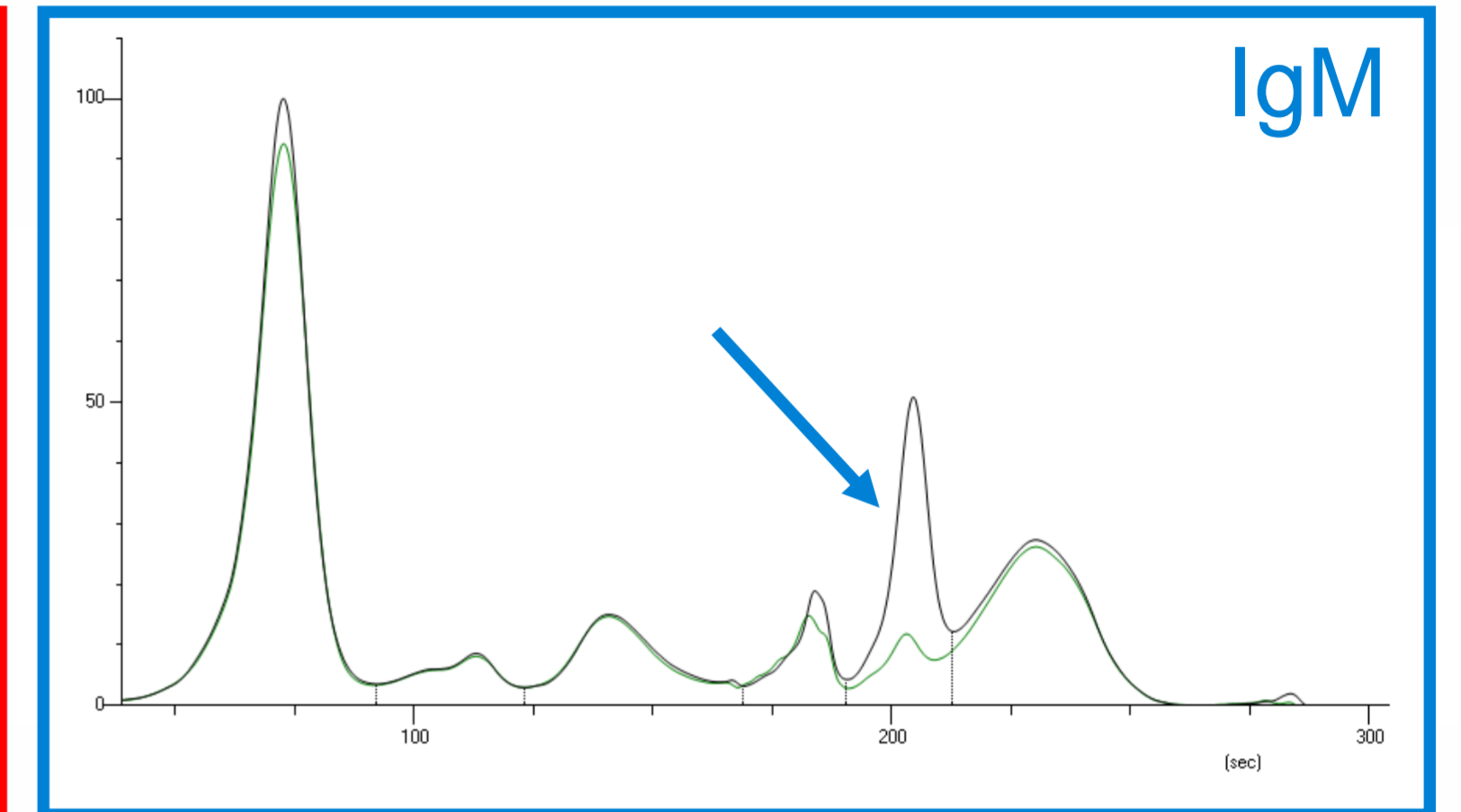
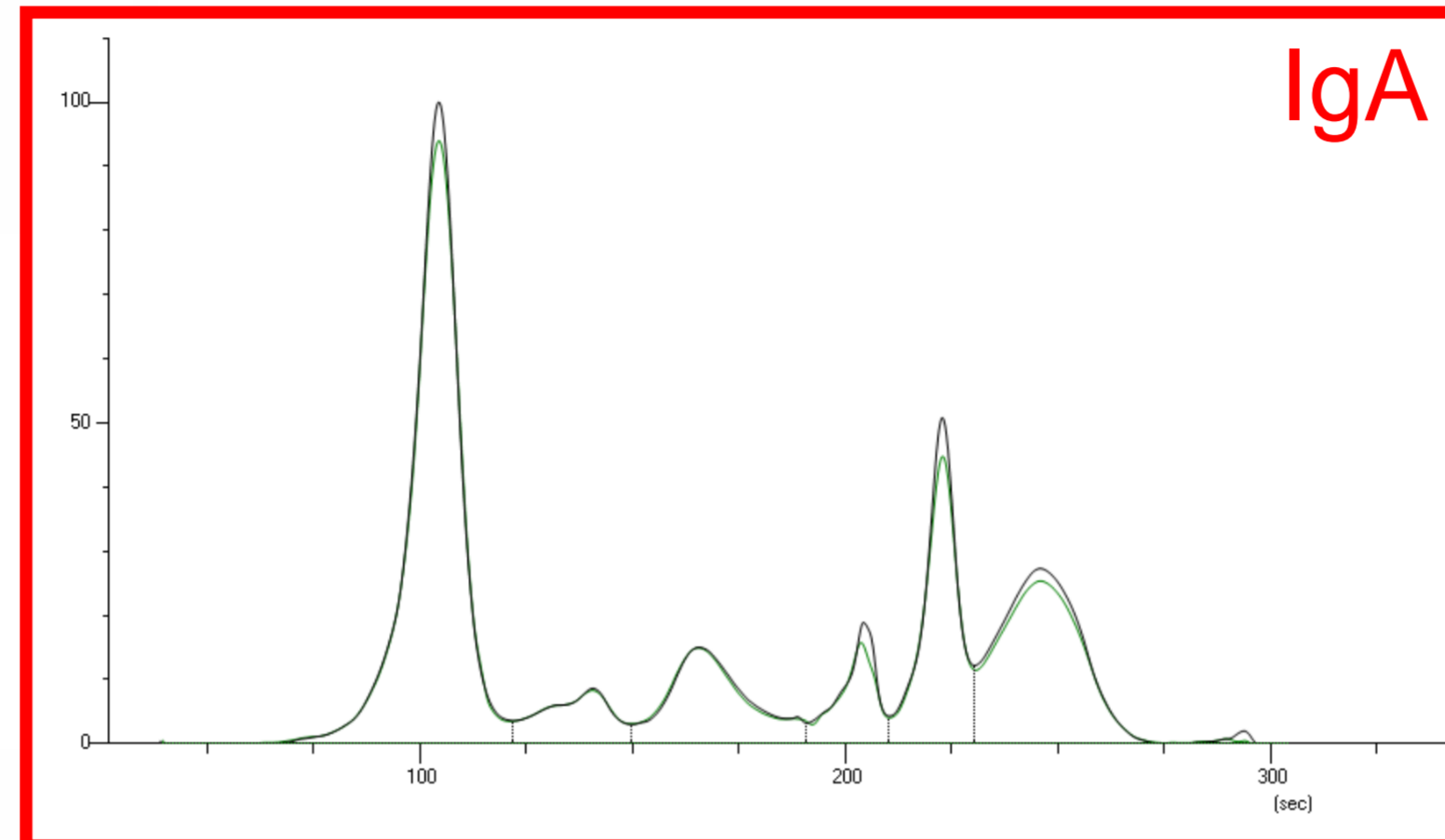
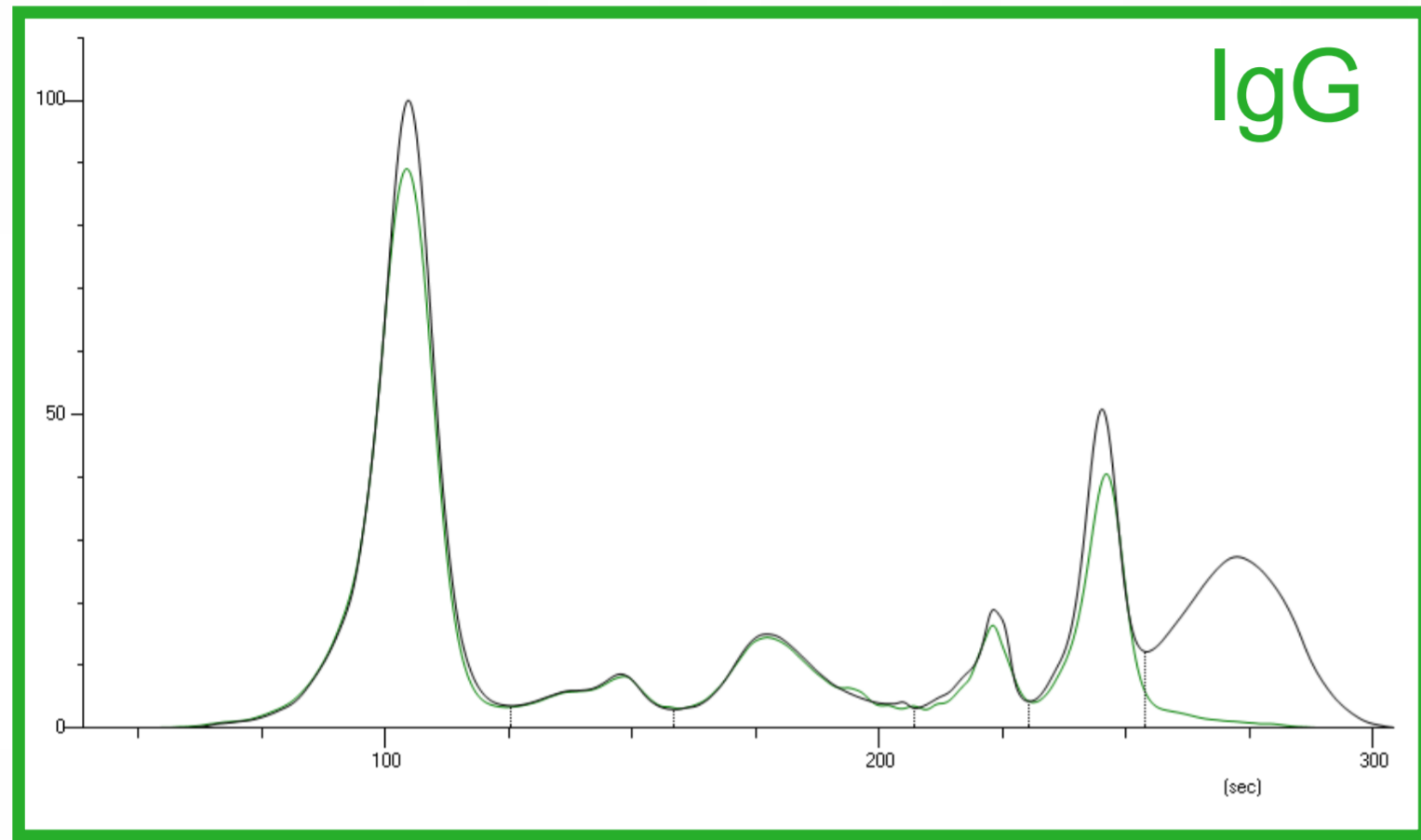
Serum Protein Screen

Immunodisplacement

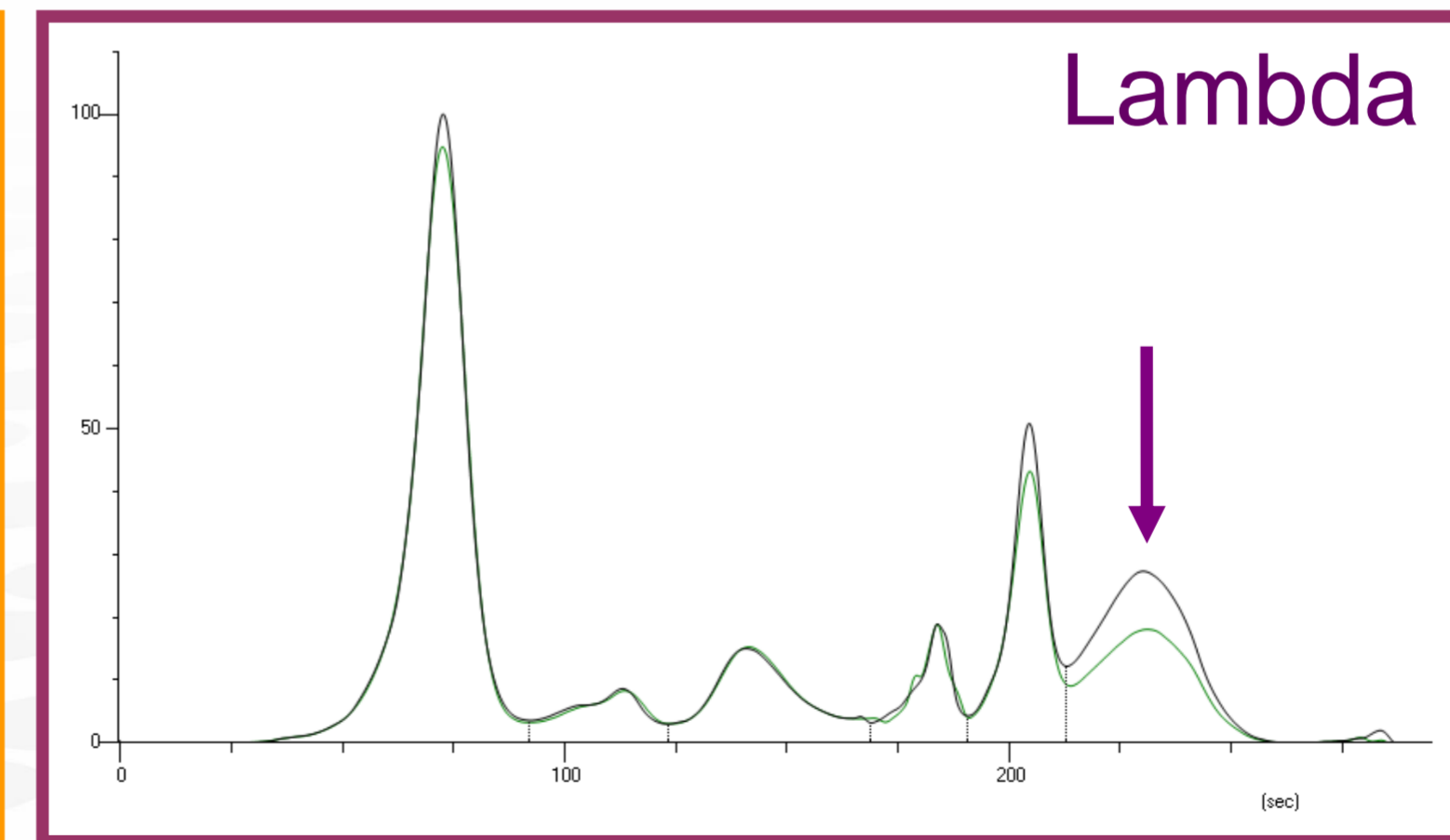
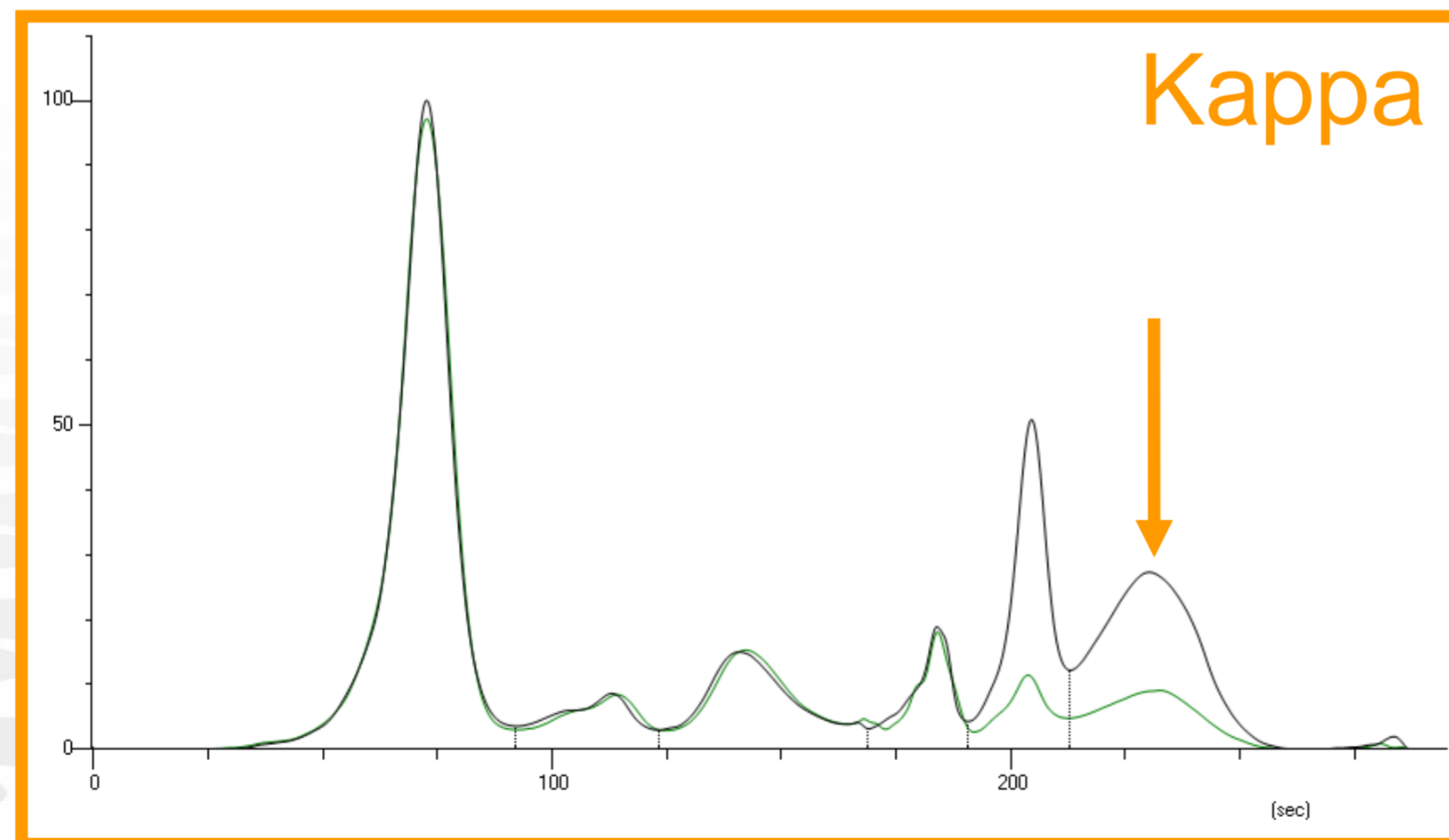
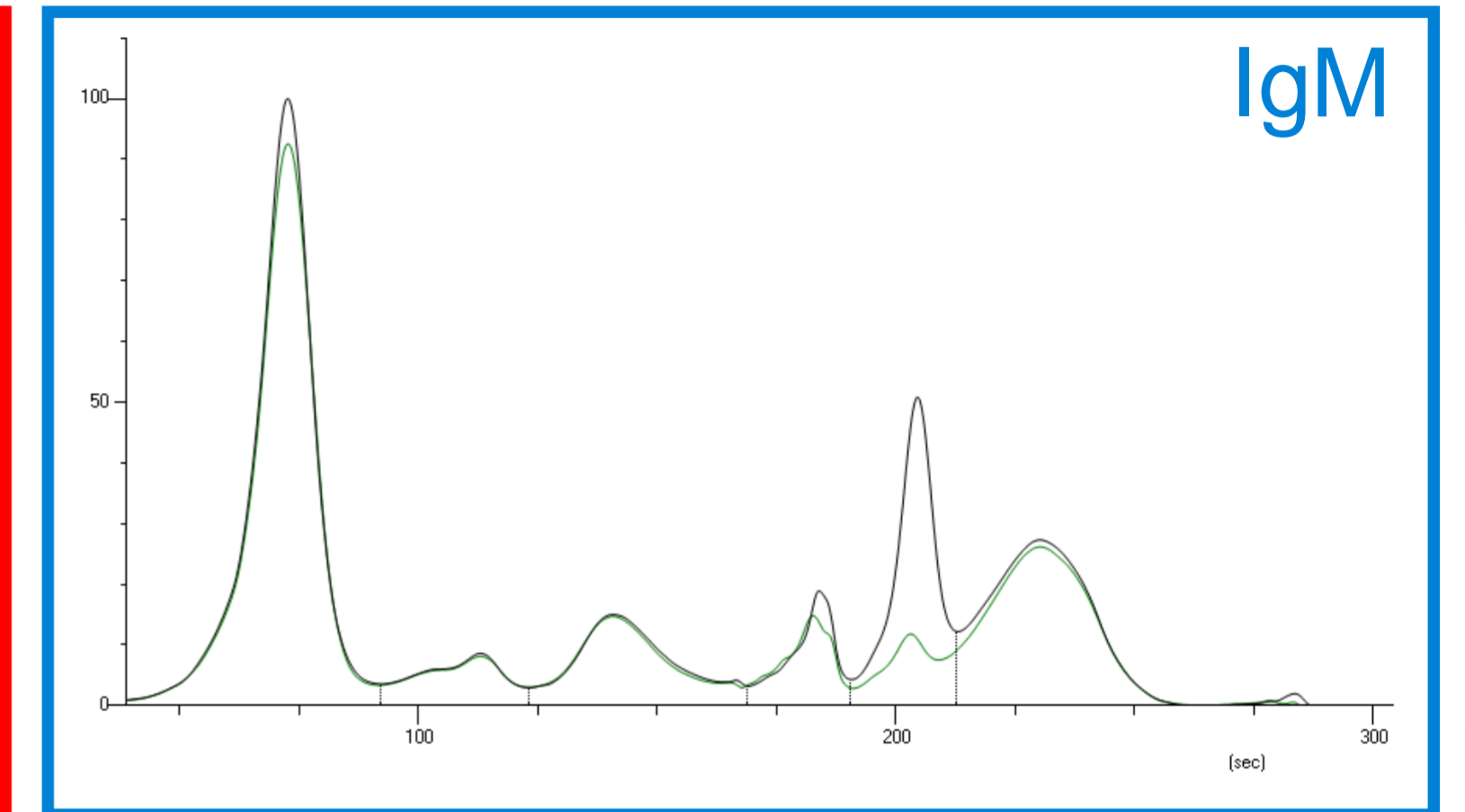
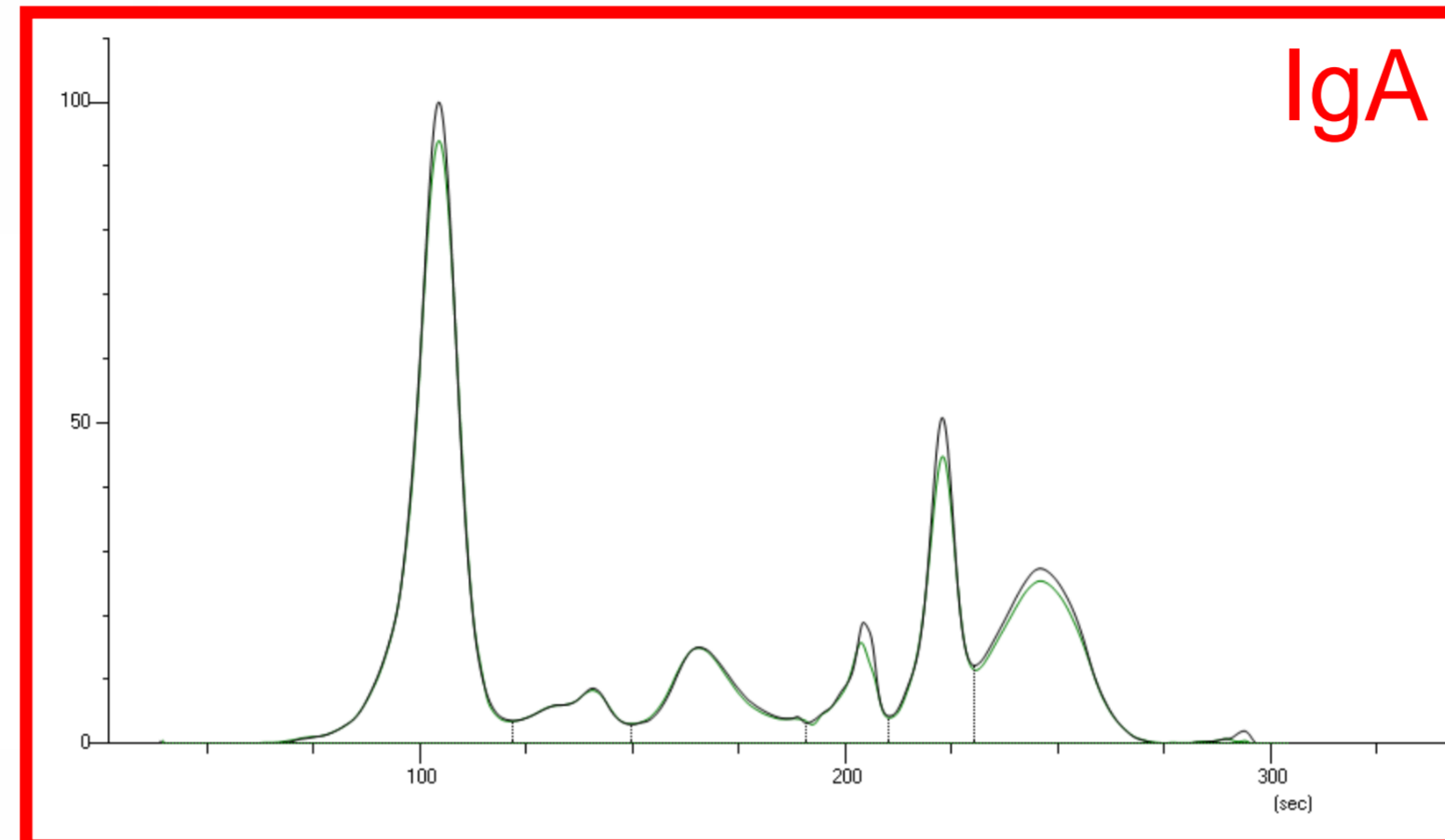
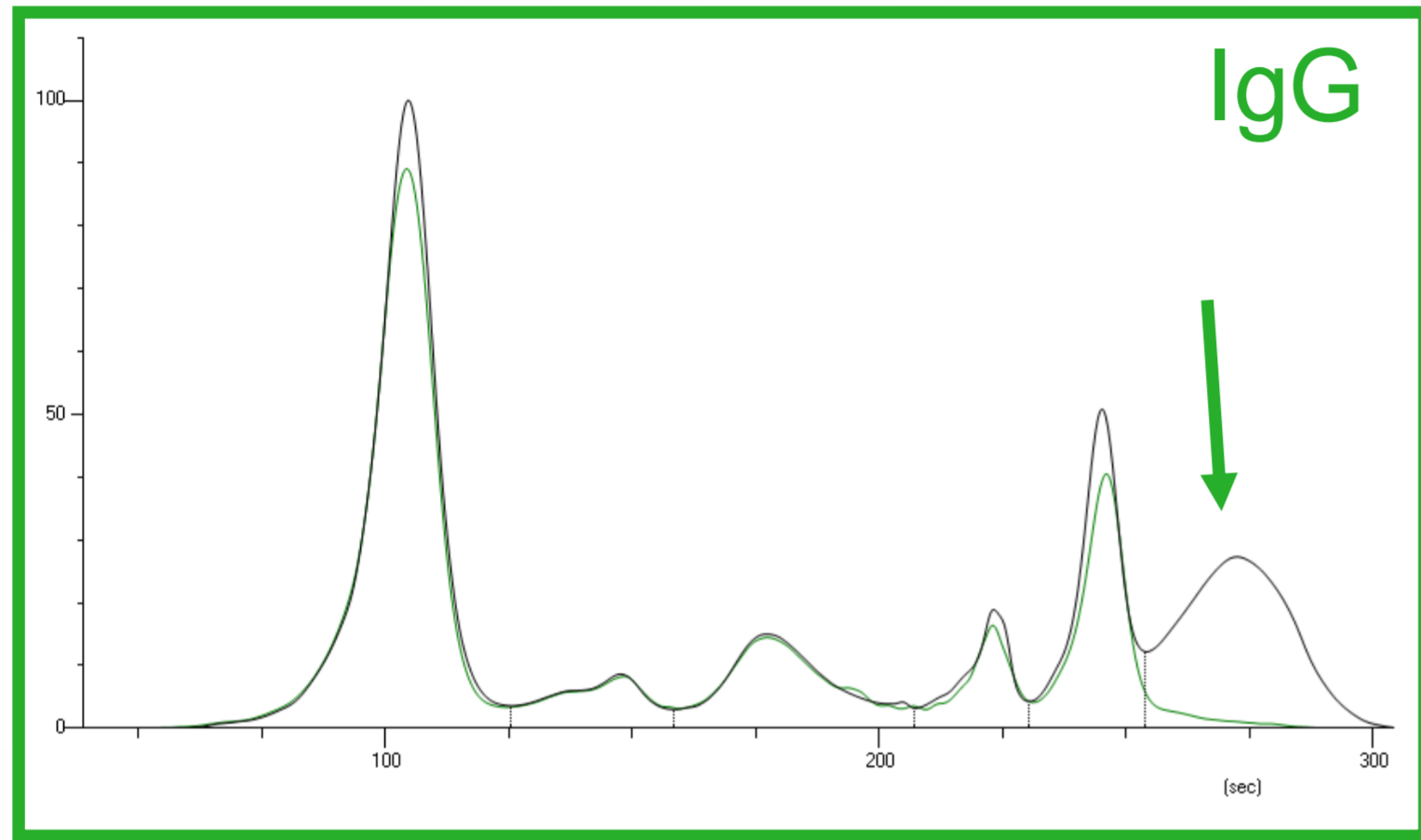
# Immunodisplacement Overlay



# IgM Kappa Monoclonal



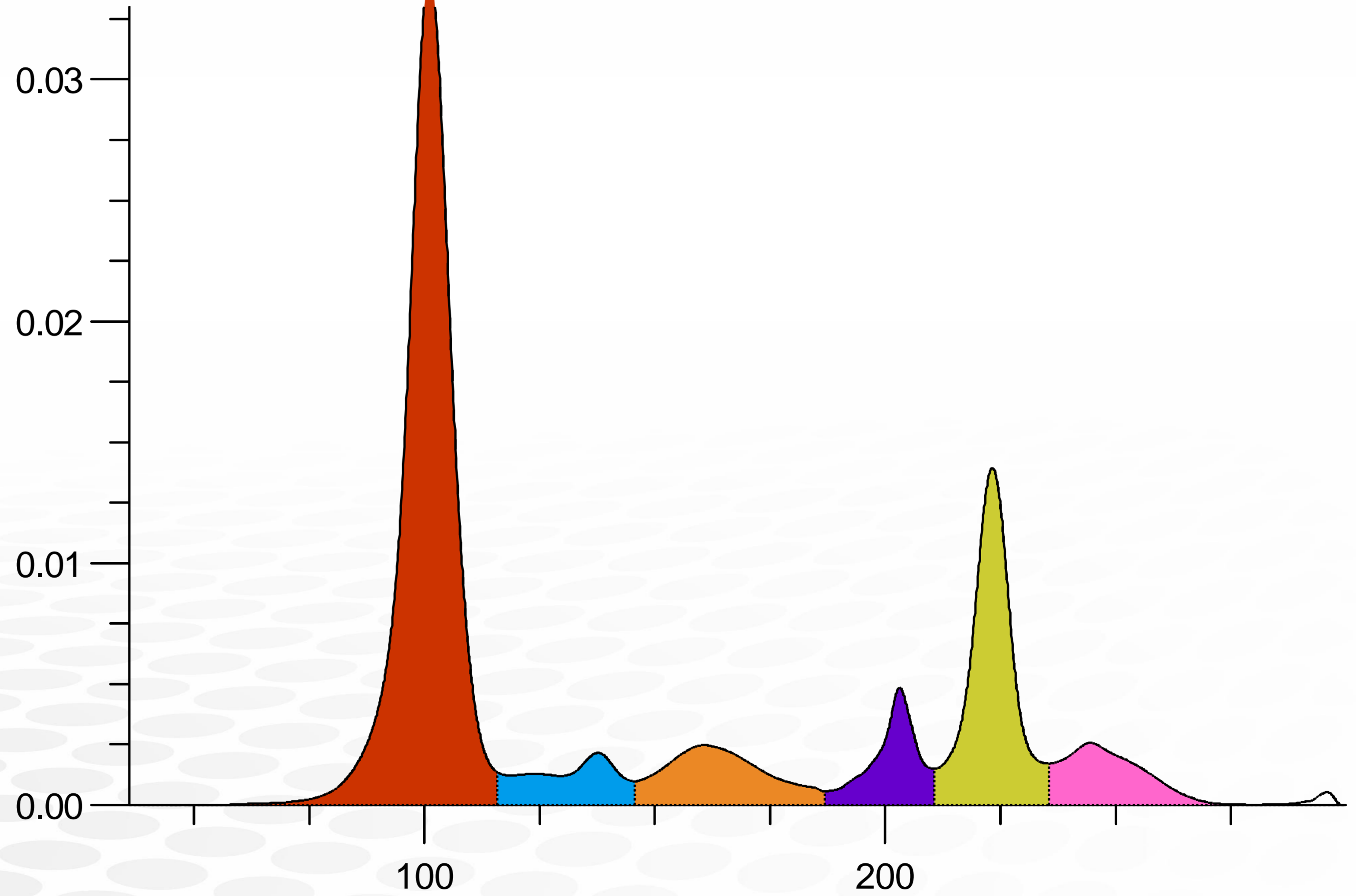
# Polyclonal Removal





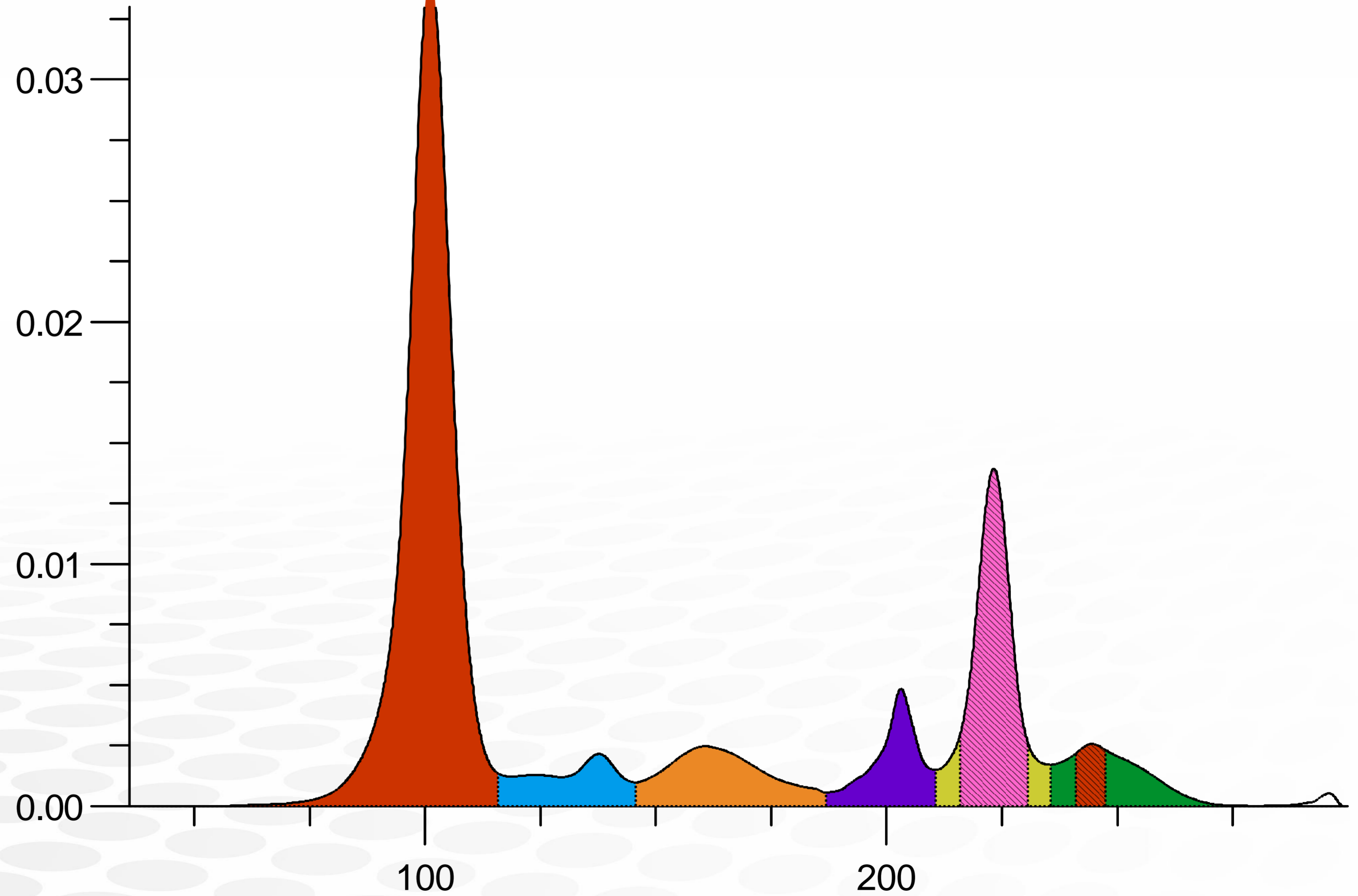
# Example Case Study

- Serum protein screening trace



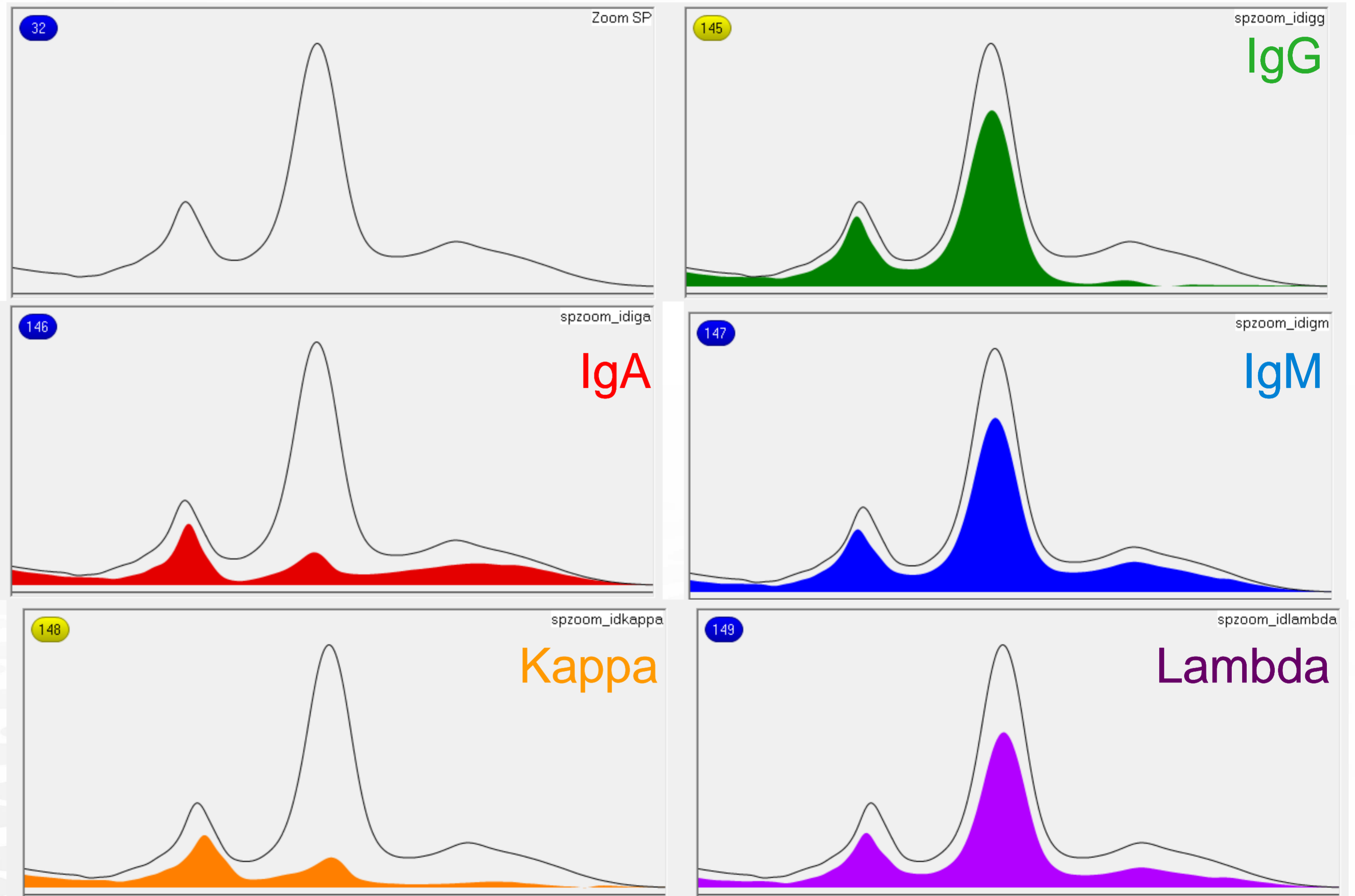
# Example Case Study

- Two monoclonal peaks
- Beta-2 monoclonal
- Gamma Monoclonal



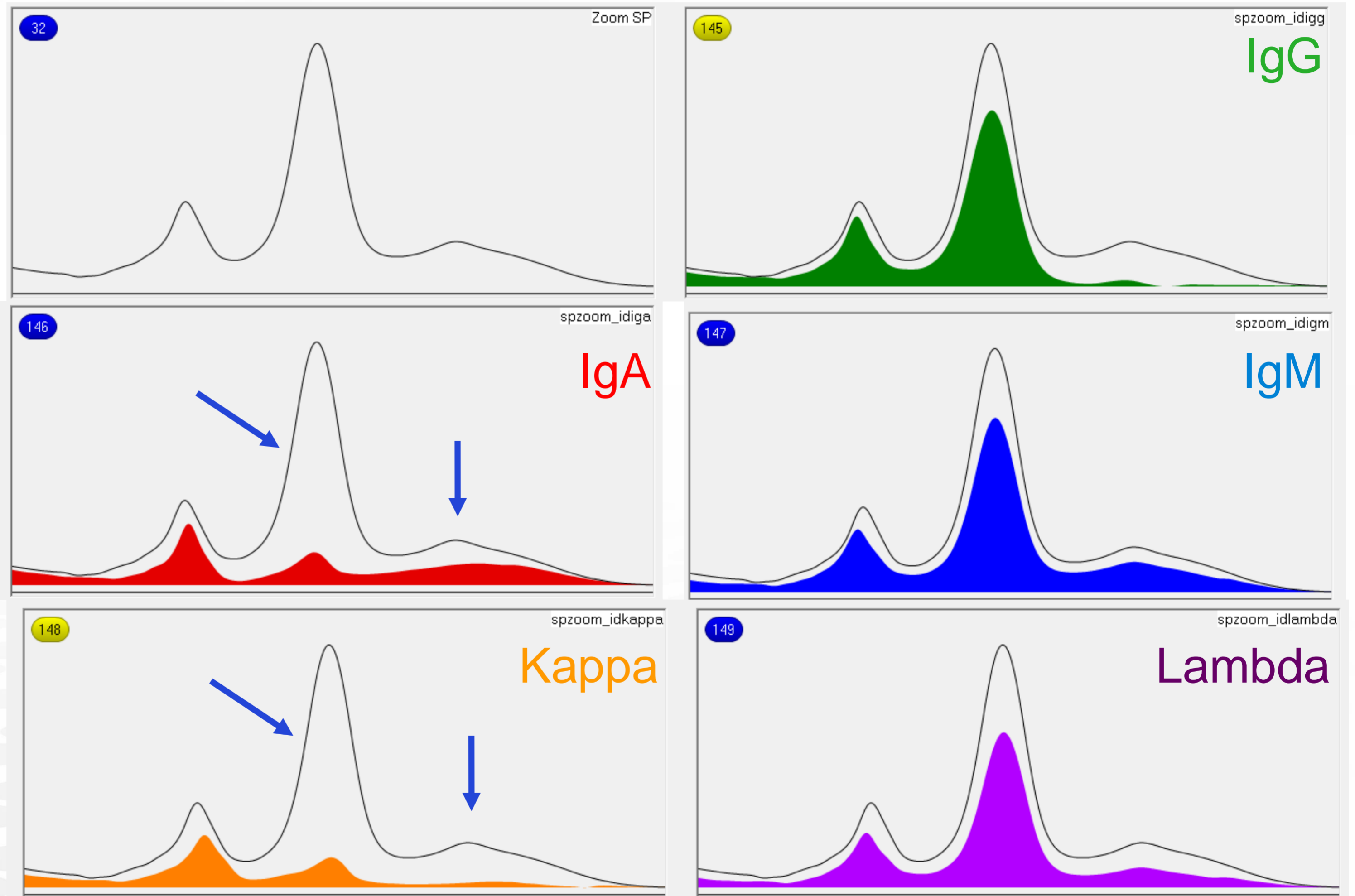
# Example Case Study - Immunodisplacement

- Two monoclonal peaks
- Beta-2 monoclonal
- Gamma Monoclonal



# Example Case Study - Immunodisplacement

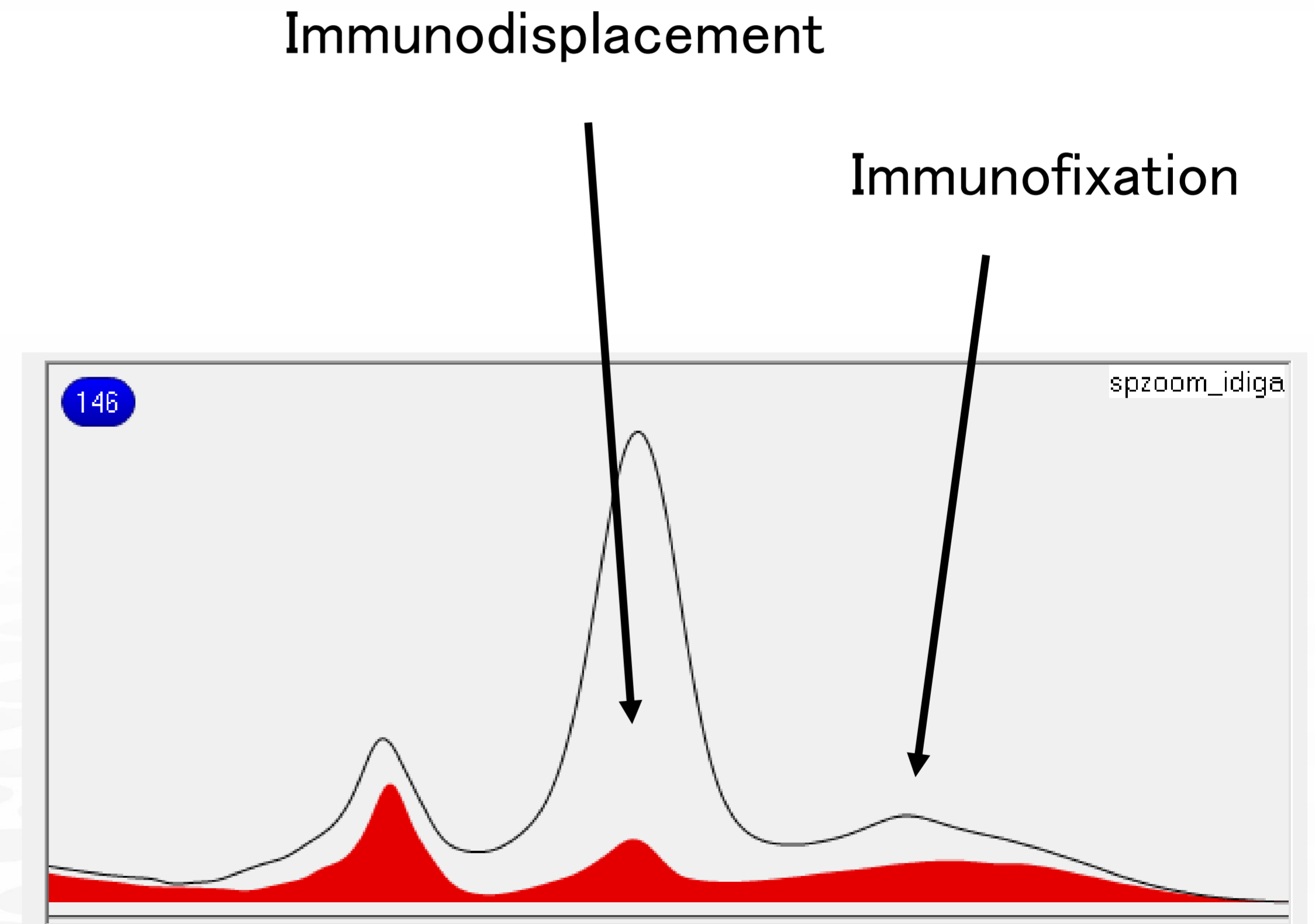
- Two monoclonal peaks
- IgA Kappa x2



# Immunotyping

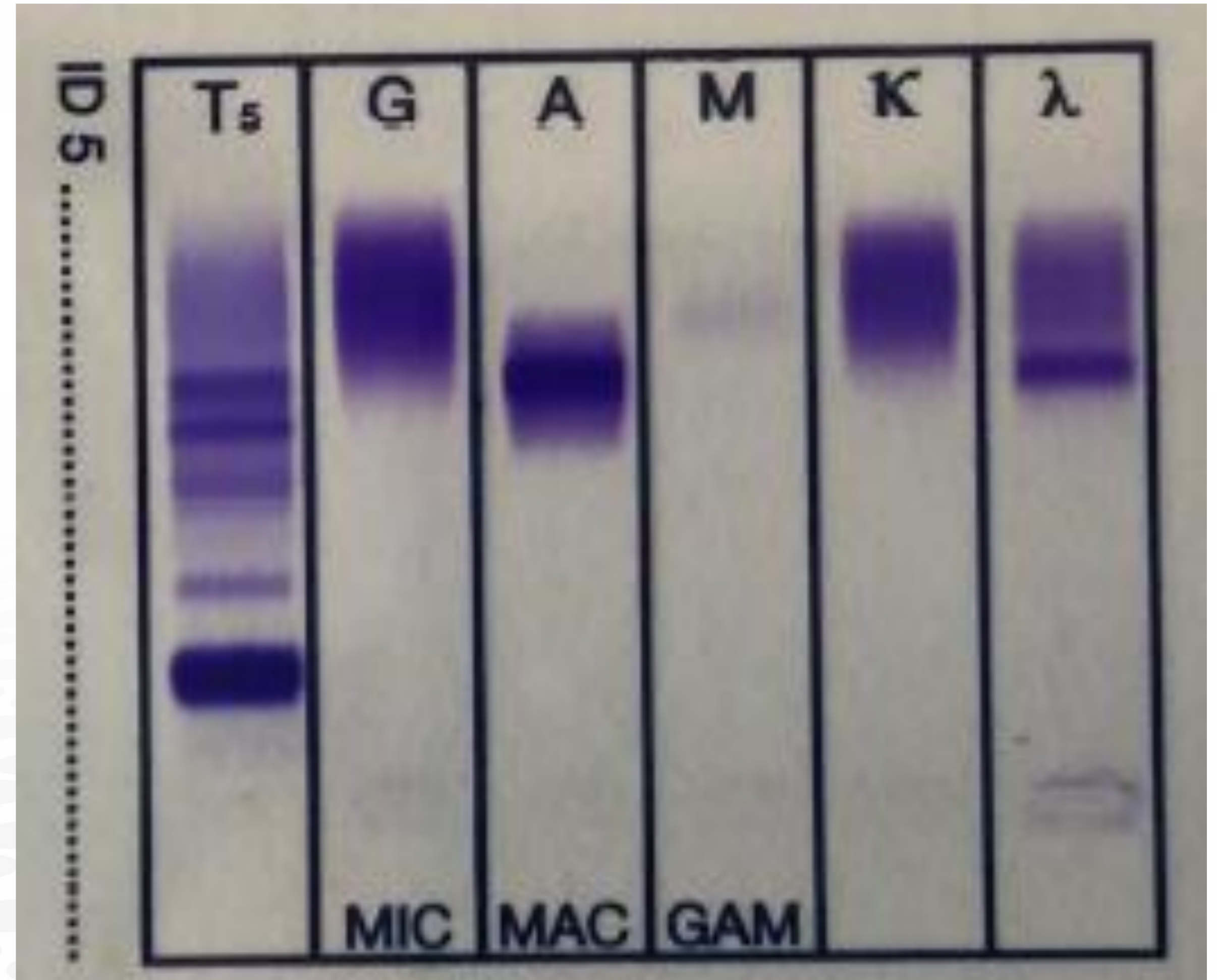
## How to choose between methods

- Immunodisplacement
  - Medium & large peaks
  - Suspected co migrating peaks
  - Fast / automated
- Immunofixation
  - Small peaks
  - Manual
  - Batches

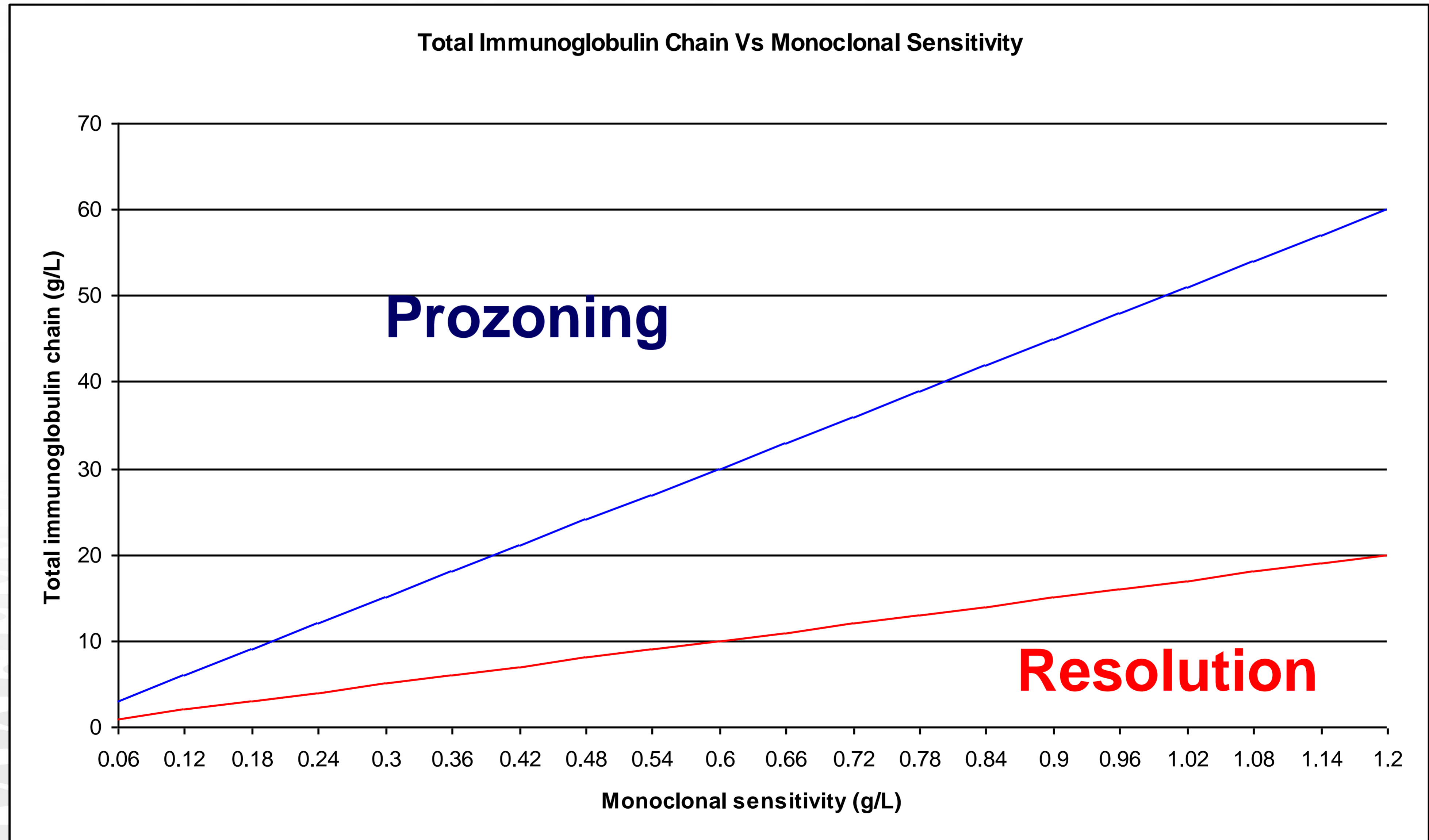


# Immunofixation

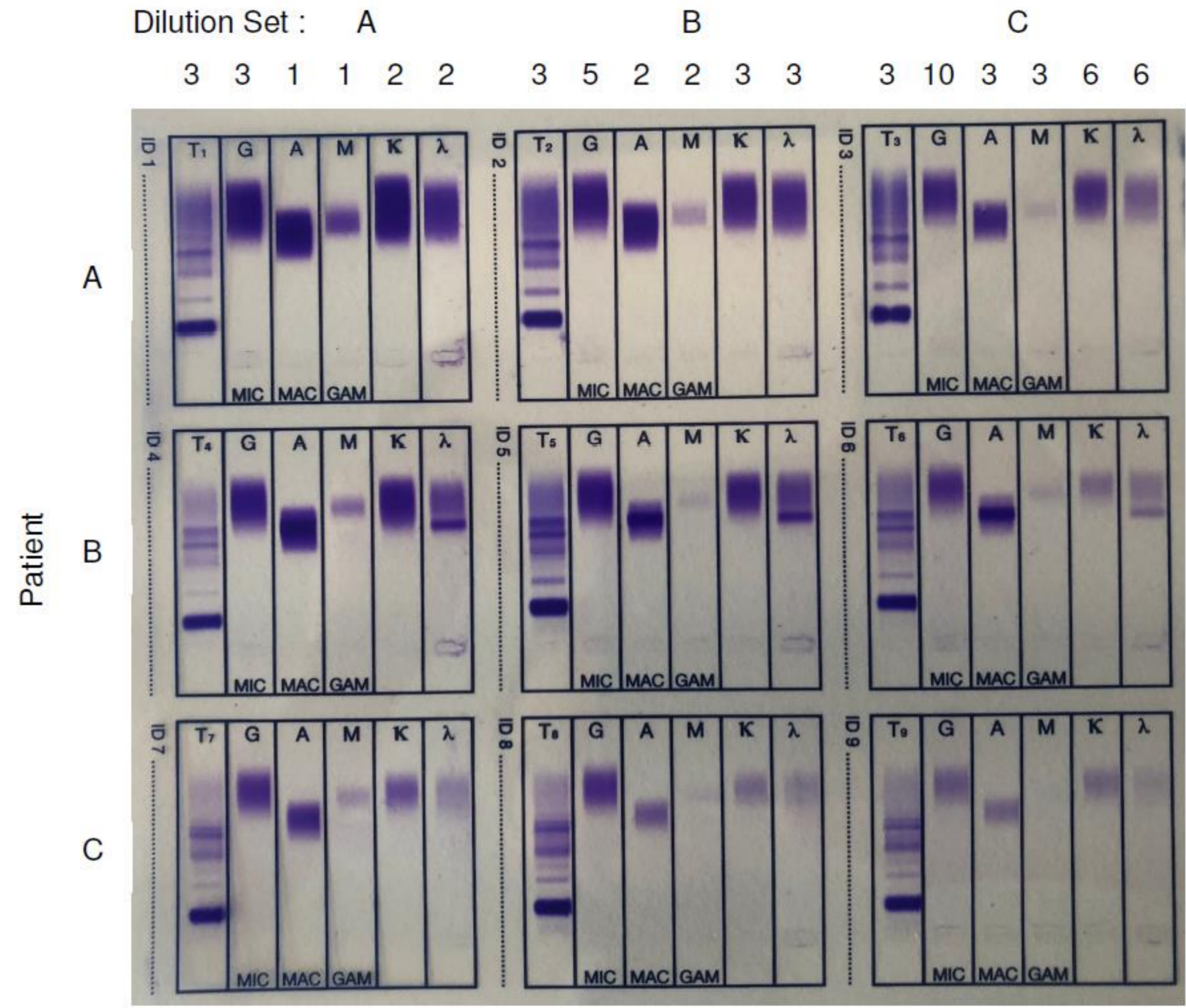
- Customise for purpose
- Screening versus / typing
- Suggested dilution schemes
  - Screening
    - 52233
  - Immunotyping
    - Monoclonal specific



# IFE Dilution Scheme

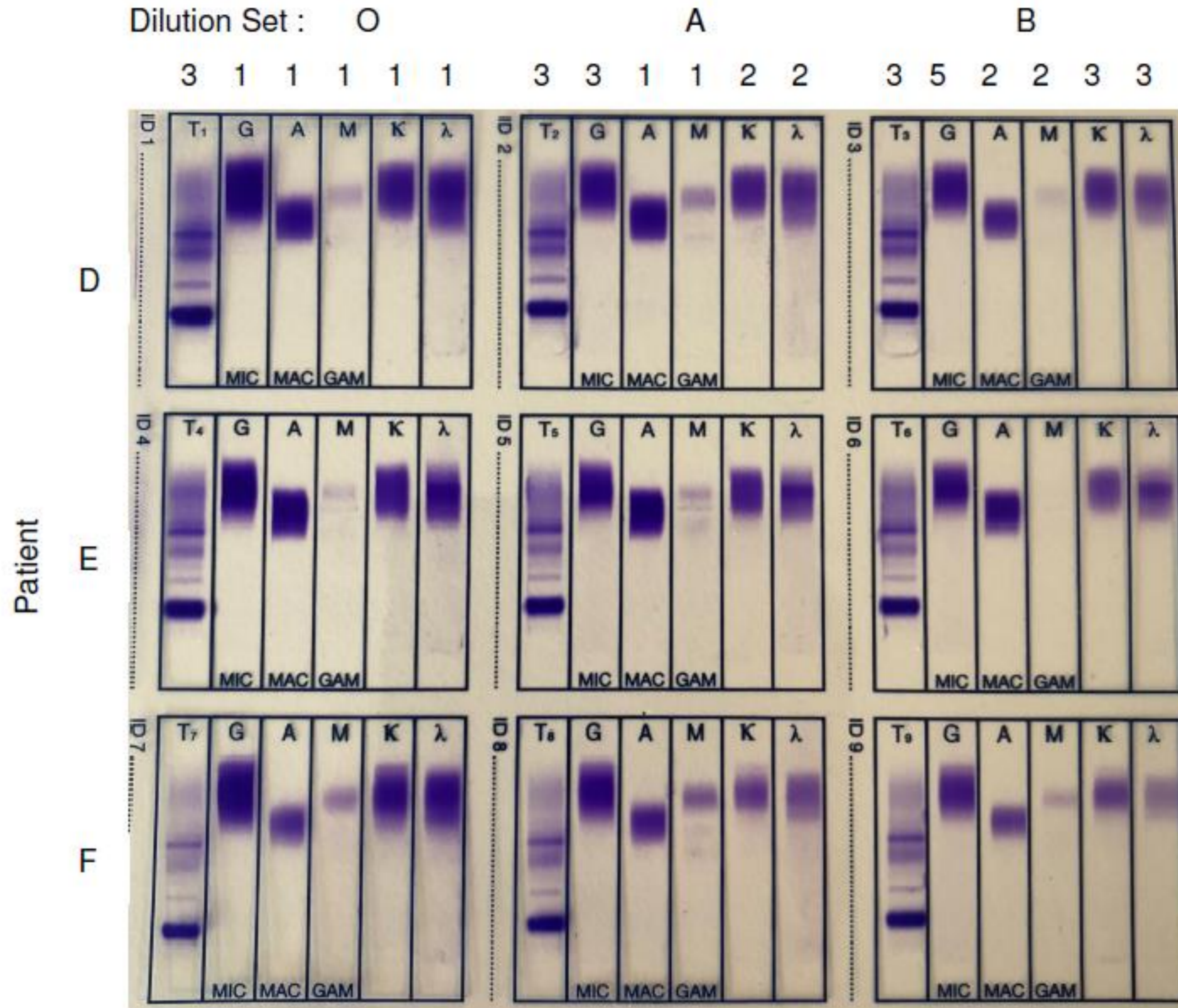


# IFE Dilutions





# IFE Dilutions



Patient D – Total IgG 5.9g/L. Unknown patient

Patient E – Total IgG 5.7g/L – Previous IgG Lambda (large clot in sample)

Patient F – Total IgG 5.7g/L – Unknown patient

# Any Questions

helena  
Biosciences Europe

Ankara – July 2019

Tony Aitchison – Helena Biosciences